

:: : : ## ! SUPER

<u></u>	Unit	1	Lifestyles	2
	Unit	2	Life Stories	12
Term	Unit	3	When Are You Traveling?	22
10	Unit	4	What Do I Need to Buy?	32
			EXPANSION Units 1–4	42





2022 - 1444











- Avoid gathering!
- We must wear a mask before going out.
- Social distancing is not a choice, it is a must!

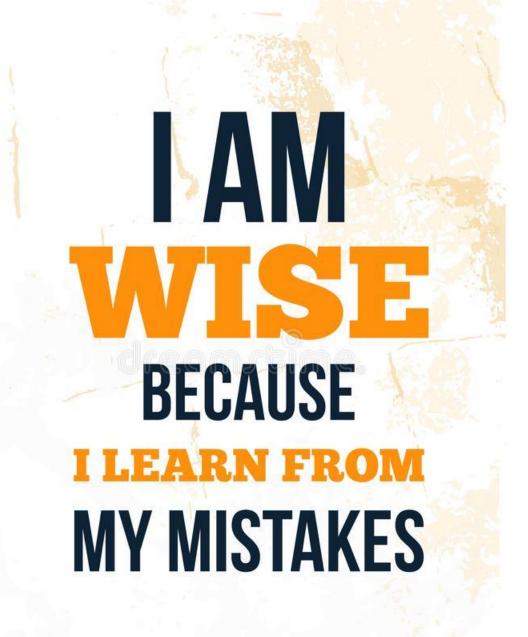
©Keep a distance of 2 meters to avoid accountability



Covid 19



wash hands constantly.







- O Vocabulary

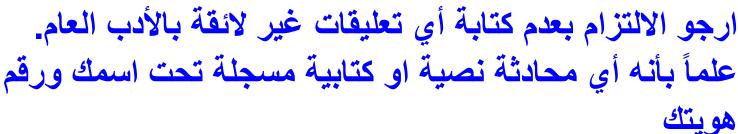
 At the airport

 Travel words
- Functions
 Talk about air travel
 Talk about
 ongoing actions
 Talk about plans
 and future actions
- O Grammar
 Present Progressive
 Future with
 Going To and Will
 Infinitives of Purpose
 Time Clauses: After,
 As Soon As, Before, etc.
 Prepositions of
 Movement

- Listening

 Listen for specific
 information in
 a conversation
 between travelers
- O Pronunciation Words ending in -ing
- Reading Study Arabic in Saudi Arabia
 - Writing Write an email to a friend about studying in another country
 - Project
 Write a study program
 for foreign students
 in your country





وعلية سيتم معاقبة من لم تلتزم بالذوق العام والسلوك الحسن خلال تواجدك في المنصة او الفصول الافتراضية.

وذلك برفع شكوى وبلاغ رسمي ضدك بما تم كتابته او قولة والتواصل مع ولي الأمر والمسؤولين لاتخاذ الاجراء اللازم مع المخالفة.

ونتمنى وضع صوره في ملفك التعريفي لائقة بالمنصة لتعليمية









Be on time.



Act like you're at school.



Sit in I spot during class.



Keep yourself muted.



Turn off your video.



Raise your hand to talk.



Listen.



No eating during class.



HAVE FUN AND DO YOUR BEST!















When Are You Traveling?







SG3 U3 Page 147

VOCABULARY

Nouns

accent flight baggage gate belongings liquid

boarding pass photo identification

carry-on safety
climate stranger
container suitcase
departure tag

difficulty vaccination

exchange student visa

Verbs

board check ensure identify leave miss pack proceed

remove

Phrases with verbs

fly back make a mistake take off (your shoes)

Adverb

nowadays

Adjectives

delayed major necessary required في المات تكتب فتر اللغة الإنجليزية

ع كلمات من كل ع اعمدة فقط

EXPRESSIONS

Idioms

compared to for a while in case of

Expression to reassure

Don't worry. I'll be all right.

Requesting and agreeing

May I (see your ticket), please? Sure.

Saying someone doesn't have to do something

That won't be necessary.

Real Talk

kind of pretty pick up

3 When Are You Traveling?

SG3 U3 Page 24,25 & 26



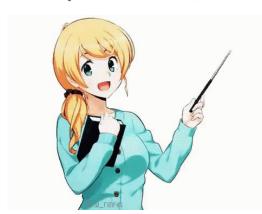


Today: Monday

Date:

30-2-1445 H

26th September \ 2023









4 Language in Context

5 Listening







everyone,

How is everything going?



3 When Are You Traveling?





4 Language in Context

Listening



Pages 24, 25 and 26

SG3 U3 Page 24,25 & 26



Practice Infinitives of purpose



Use (be +) going to talk about future plans



Illustrate a reason with the infinitive



Formulate correct sentences with present progressive tense



Make a checklist of eight items Yahya is going to need



Listen for specific information in a conversation between travelers



Mark the sentences true or false.

Warm Up

SG3 U3 Page 24 العاصلعا







Things that you are doing right now.

For example:

I'm studying.

I'm speaking English.

Describe something which is happening at the exact moment of speech.

Jim is watching television at the moment.

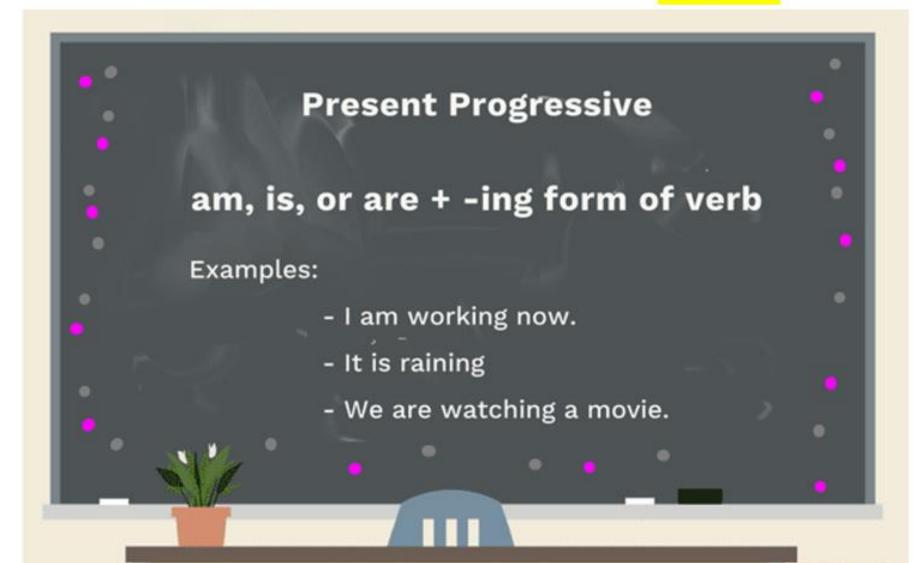
He is jumping. They are going to the store. I am making cookies.

Describe an event planned in the future. (informal)

I'm taking my French class on Tuesday.





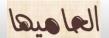


SG3 U3 Page 24

Present Progressive am/is/are + V-ing

Indicates an action that is taking place at the moment of speaking

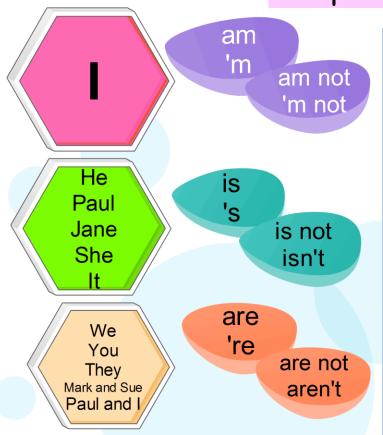




Present continuous Simple progressive tense

SG3 U3 Page 24

ww.engames.e



playing
doing
going
swimming
running
listening
eating

1 syllable ending 1 vowel + 1 consonant

get - getting

sit - sitting

skip - skipping

swim - swimming

lie and die

lie - lying die - dying

travel, regret

travel - travelling

regret - regretting

verbs ending with -e

take - taking

make - making

shake - shaking

all other verbs

do - doing

say - saying

all other verbs

play - playing

go - going

all other verbs

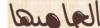
eat - eating

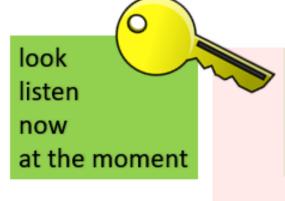
kiss - kissing

Simple progressive tense

SG3 U3 Page 24









Andy - Reem Tom - Bob

She = is + V **ing** He Ιt

ls...?

isn't

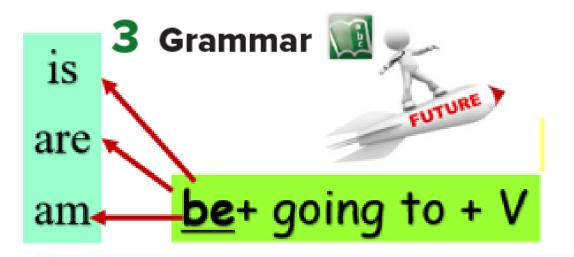
is are am

- 1. They are sleeping at the moment.
- 2.I am reading a book now.

They We = are +V ing You

Are? aren't..

Am I...? Are you....? am not



SG3 U3 Page 24

When to use the "be going to" form

- Use "be going to" to express a plan.
 - I am going to spend my vacation in Las Vegas.
 - —She is going to sleep at 9 p.m.
 - Jenna is going to be a singer when she grows up.
 - He is going to make the cake.











FUTURE)

FUTURE



is are + going to + V am



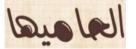


next tomorrow soon

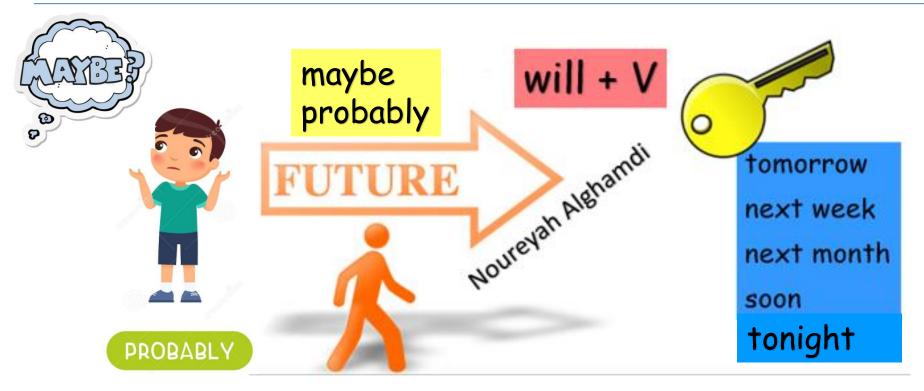
tonight



SG3 U3 Page 24







3 Grammar





Present Progressive

Use the present progressive for actions happening now or for definite arrangements in the future.

My friends **are waiting** for me at the airport.

What **are** you **doing** now?

My friends **are arriving** tomorrow.

What **are** you **doing** tonight?

Note: Time expressions such as the following indicate the future: *tonight, tomorrow, next week.*



He is jumping.

They are going to the store.

I am making cookies.

3 Grammar 👊

We use going to for definite plans in the future. We use will + maybe or probably for indefinite plans.





Future with Going to and Will

Use (be +) going to to talk about plans. Use will + maybe/probably for uncertain or indefinite plans.

What are you **going to** do on your vacation?

I'm **going to** travel to Europe.

I'm not **going to** travel this year.

Where **will** you stay?

Maybe I'll stay with friends.

I probably **won't** stay in a hotel.



What are you going to do on your next vacation? How long are you going to study tonight?

probably go to New York on my next vacation. I'm not sure, but I'll probably stay home tonight.







SG3 U3 Page 24



Infinitives of Purpose I'm going to the store to get some milk.

Use the infinitive to say why people do things.

I'm going to KSA **to visit** relatives.

He got up early **to catch** the plane.

- 1. They are going to the airport to meet their parents.
- 2. She is going to the mall to buy a suitcase.
- 3. He went to the bank to get foreign currency.
- 4. We gave him money to buy food.
- 5. The students studied very hard to pass the exams.
- 6. She is going to go to England to learn English.

to say why you do something

I've just gone running to get some exercise.

He's taken up tennis to make friends.

I went out to post a letter.

She telephoned me to invite me out to dinner.

We shouted to warn everyone of the danger.

Why are you going to the post office?) (To buy stamps).

surf/the Internet

3 Grammar 👊

Attention please! on the arrival and departure screens.

the <u>airline codes</u> are real. Do you know or can you guess what each stands for.



(EK = Emirates Airlines;

LH = Lufthansa;

IB = Iberia Airlines;

AV = Avianca;

AZ = Alitalia;

JAL = Japan Airlines;

SV = Saudi Arabian Airlines;

BA = British Airways;

TP = Air Portugal;

AF = Air France.)

Practice • say the

What's the flight number to Rome?





Departures			
Flight	То	Departing	Gate
JAL 33	ТОКУО	8:15AM	A 90
SV 633	AMMAN	9:10AM	В7
BA 239	LONDON	10:00AM	D22
TP 987	LISBON	11:30 AM	C15
SV 621	JEDDAH	12:20 PM	C 10
AF 573	PARIS	1:25 PM	B16

3 Grammar



SG3 U3

Page 24

العاميها

A. Ask and answer about flights, times, arrivals, and destinations.

A: What time is Flight 239 leaving?

B: It's leaving at ten o'clock.

A: What gate is it going to depart from?

B: It's going to depart from Gate D22.

A: What time is Flight 720 arriving?

B: It's arriving at 9:45.

A: Where is it coming from?

B: It's coming from Dubai.

A: Where is flight AA345 coming from?

B: It's coming from Rome.

A: What time is it going to arrive?

B: It's going to arrive at 8 o'clock.

Arrivals				
Flight	From	Arriving	Gate	
SV 345	DAMMAM	8:00 AM	D 20	
EK 720	DUBAI	9:45 AM	C 11	
LH 87	FRANKFURT	10:20AM	B 19	
IB 605	MADRID	11:00 AM	A 17	
SV 94	RIYADH	11:40 AM	C 8	
AZ 348	CAIRO	1:00 рм	D7	



B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions. What are the people in the pictures doing?

A: Why is Matt going to Colorado? Where is Matt?

He's going there to ski.

What is he doing there?











SG3 U3 Page 25 العاميها

1. Sam / go / Paris

2. Ali and Maha / go / airport

3. Badr / go / travel agency



4. Ted and his son / go / mall



5. Sabah / go / bank



6. Rudy / go / consulate

B. Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions. What are the people in the pictures doing?

A: Why is Matt going to Colorado?

He's going there to ski.





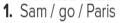








2. Ali and Maha / go / airport









SG3 U3 Page 25

6. Rudy / go / consulate



4. Ted and his son / go / mall

- 1. A: Why is Sam going to Paris?
 - B: He's going to Paris to study French.
- 2. A: Why are Ali and Maha going to the airport?
 - B: They're going to the airport to meet their son.
- 3. A: Why is Badr going to the travel agency?
 - B He's going to the travel agency to plan a trip.
- 4. A: Why are Ted and his son going to the mall?
 - B: They're going to the mall to buy a suitcase.
- 5. A Why is Sabah going to the bank?
 - B: She's going to the bank to get foreign currency.
- 6. A Why is Rudy going to the consulate?
 - B: He's going to the consulate to get a visa.

C. Now do role plays for the items in exercise **B.** Ask your partner what he/she is going to do

in a particular place.

A: What are you going to do in Colorado?

B: I'm going to ski. / I'll probably go skiing.



Pair work

A: Why are you going to the airport?

B: I am going to the airport to meet my father.

A: Why is he going to the mall?

B: He is going to the mall to buy jacket.

D. Complete your schedule for next Saturday. Then ask and answer questions with a partner.

Try to arrange a time to meet and do homework together.

SG3 U3
Page 25

A: What are you doing at two o'clock next Saturday?

B: I'm getting a haircut. How about you?

A: I'm not doing anything.



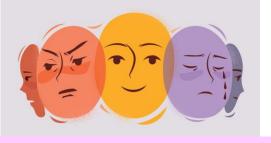
You are going to try to find a time to meet your partner next Saturday.

First you have to complete

First, you have to complete the chart with your plans at different times of the day.

My Schedule	Activities and Times	My Partner's Schedule	Activities and Times
Morning	2 o'clock \ next Saturday	Morning	2 o'clock \ next Saturday
	haircut		not doing anything
Afternoon	1 o'clock \ next Monday	Afternoon	1 o'clock \ next Monday
	visit my friend		Watch Movie Online
Evening	10 o'clock \ next Wednesday	Evening	10 o'clock \ next Wednesday
	go sleep		surf the Internet

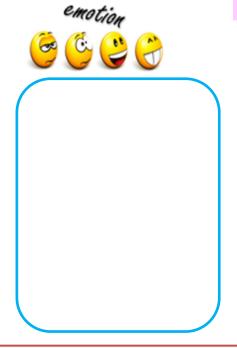




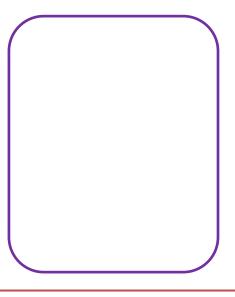
SG3 U3 Page 26







What do you think?



What do you feel?

Excellent

Good

Give a sentence describing the picture:		
	(<u>··</u>)	0
		(0)





government document you need to travel between countries.

SG3 U3 Pages 26





passport





an official document containing personal information and usually, a photograph that allows a person to travel to foreign countries allows you to travel to airport or land border crossing, and request permission







Visa





a more specific form of authorization, allowing you to travel to a certain country.

4 Language in Context



Make a checklist of eight items. Then work in pairs and use your lists to make sentences about Yahya.





Yahya lives in Dammam. He's going to London on vacation next month.

SG3 U3 Page 26

1. List eight items he's going to need. Compare with a partner.

العاميها

- He is going to need a passport. He's going to have to get a U.K. visa.
- 2. What do you think he's going to do in London? Discuss in small groups.
- He's going to take lots of photos.
- 1. He's going to need a passport. He's going to need a U.K. visa. He's going to need British pounds. He's going to need warm clothes. He's going to need a hotel reservation. He's going to need a camera. He's going to need comfortable shoes.



2. He's going to go sightseeing. He's going to go to the British Museum. He's going to speak English.

5 Listening 🎑 🔂 CD1, T16 📲 🗦







SG3 U3 Page 26

Where are the people? What are they going to do? Have you ever been in a long line at the airport? What did you do while you were waiting? Did anything unusual happen?



Who are you going to hear in the conversation? (Dan and Larry) How do they know each other? (They're old friends.) Where are they? (at an airport) Did they plan to meet each other there? (no)

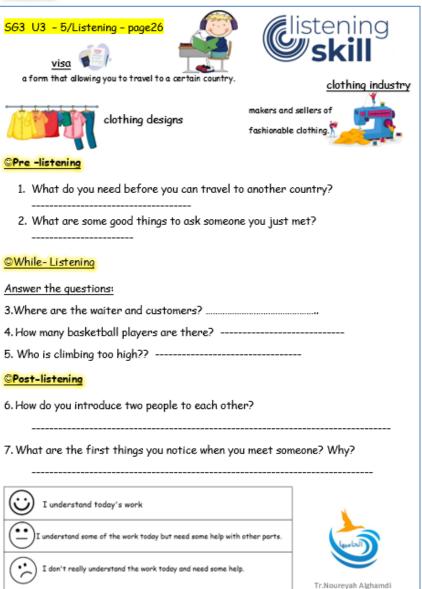
Listen to the conversation. Answer **true** or **false**.

- 1. ___ Dan and Larry last saw one another two years ago.
- 2. ___ Dan is working in the clothing industry.
- **3.** ____ They are both traveling to Milan.
- Larry is going to Florence to study architecture.
- Dan is going to Milan to find new clothing designs.

5 Listening

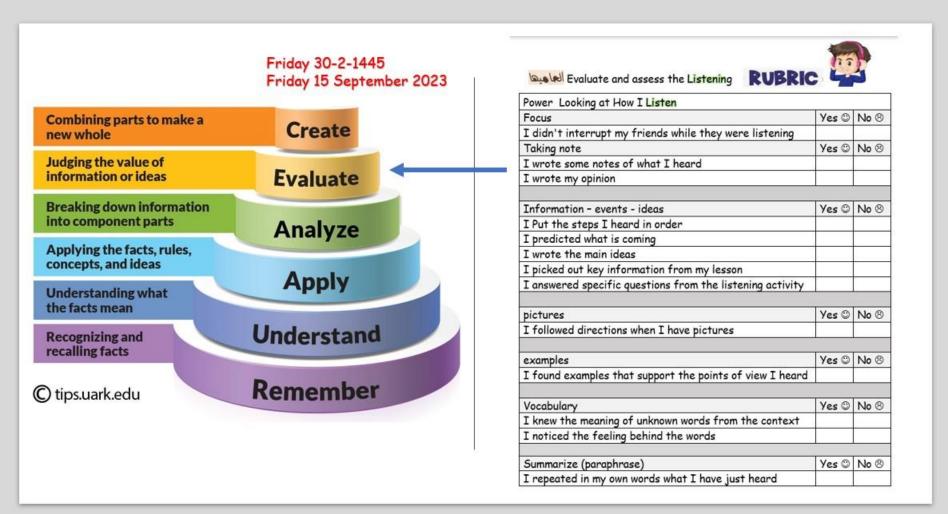






SG3 - U3 - 5-Listening p.26

الطالبات يقيمن إتقانهن لمهارة السماع في الدرس من خلال البنود





SG3 U3 Page 26



Dan: Larry Morris?

Larry: Dan Casey! What a surprise. Long time no see.

Dan: Yeah. Almost five years, I bet.

Larry: How have you been?

Dan: I'm doing fine. How about you?

Larry: Can't complain. So tell me, what are you doing?

Dan: Actually, I'm working in the clothing industry.

Larry: That's terrific! Last time we met you were still in college.

Dan: Yeah, time flies, doesn't it?

Larry: Where are you traveling to?

Dan: I'm going to Milan to look for some new designs.

Larry: Great! I'm traveling to Italy too. I'm going to Florence to study art. Maybe we can get together while you're there.

How long are you staying?

Dan: A short time, only one week. I'll look you up on my next trip. Let me have your email, and we'll keep in touch.

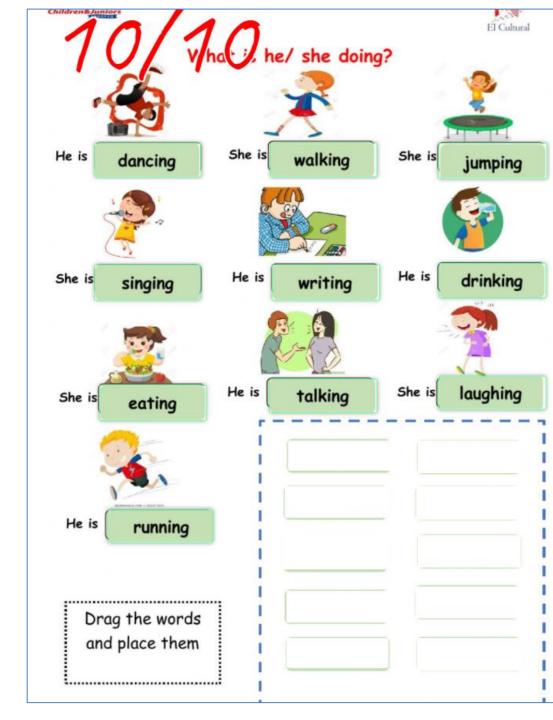


Copy the link then paste it on google



https://www.liveworksheets.com/ps961299ez

ورقة عمل Live worksheet من إثراءات الحصة



#LIVEWORKSHEETS

Copy the link then paste it on google



https://www.liveworksheets.com/jz837842ro

نشاط على المنصة

في قسم الأنشطة An activity









نوع السؤال: إختيار من متعدد

.My sisters (travel) to Al Khubar this year

- are travel O
- are traveling O
 - is traveling O

واجب المنصة للتذكير

3 When Are You Traveling?

Workbook

بعد حل الواجب يتم ارسال صورة لذلك في قسم الأنشطة على المنصة

Page 180-181 \ B or C



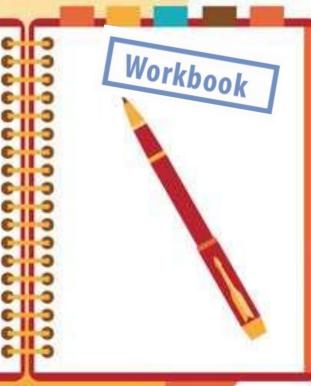
3 When Are You Traveling?







Assign page 180,181 and 182 for practice grammar Ex B,C, D, E and F





3 When Are You Traveling

3 When Are You Traveling?





Read the customs declaration. Complete the conversation. Use the present progressive.



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY UNITED STATES CUSTOMS SERVICE

FORM APPROVED OME NO 1515-004

CUSTOMS DECLARATION

19 CFR 122.27, 148.12, 148.13, 148.110, 148.111

Each arriving traveler or responsible family member must provide the following information (only ONE written declaration per family is required):

1.	Name: Hus	sain	Ahmed		K
	Last		First		Middle Initial
2.	Birth Date:	07 / 11 / 72 Day / Month / Yea	_	t No.: _	459
4.	Number of 1	family members trav	eling with you: _	1	
5.	Country of (Citizenship: KSA	6. Country of	Resider	nce: KSA
7.	U.S. Addres	s: <u>15 State Street,</u>	Miami, FL		
8.	Expected Le	ength of Stay: tw	o weeks		
9.	The purpos	e of my trip is or wa	s: Busines	sX	Personal
10.	soil, birds, si	bringing fruits, plan nails, other live anim en on a farm or ranc	als, farm products		
11.		carrying currency o over \$10,000 U.S.,	-	YES	NO X

Page 180



Customs Officer: What flight were you on?

Ahmed: I was on Flight 459.

Customs Officer: How many family members are traveling with you?

Ahmed: One family member is traveling with me. My son is with me

Customs Officer: Where are you staying in the United States?

Ahmed: (2) We're staying in Miami, Florida.

Customs Officer: How long are you visiting the United States?

Ahmed: (3) We're visiting for two weeks.

Customs Officer: Are you bringing any fruits or live plants?

Ahmed: (4) No, I'm not bringing any fruits or live plants.

Customs Officer: Are you carrying more than \$10,000 cash?

Ahmed: (5) No, I'm not carrying more than \$10,000 cash.

Customs Officer: Are you coming to the United States for business or for pleasure?

Ahmed: (6) We're coming to the United States for pleasure. We're visiting family.

Customs Officer: Welcome to the United States. Enjoy your stay here.

Ahmed: Thank you!

C

Complete the conversation. Use the information in the chart. Use **going to** for definite plans and **will** for indefinite plans.

Faisal's Weekend Plans

Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Maybe go to the special Antiquities Exhibition 10:00 A.M.–8:00 P.M.	Definitely go to the Al-Janadriyah Cultural Festival 8:00 A.M.–11:00 P.M.	Maybe ride in the bicycle race 10:30 A.M.—12:30 P.M.
Definitely go to the Champions League football game 8:00 P.M.	Definitely watch the camel races 7:00 P.M.	Probably go to the barbecue at Yahya's house 4:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.

C Co	omplete the conversation. Use the information in the chart. Use going to for definite plans of the definite plans of the chart. Use going to for definite plans of the chart. Use going to for definite plans of the chart.			
Thursd	Page 181			
	Hi, Faisal. What are you doing?			
Faisal:	I'm making plans for the weekend. Maybe I (1) (go) <u>will go</u> to the special Antiquities Exhibition on Thursday afternoon.			
Adnan	an: That's going to be interesting! Are you going to stay all afternoon?			
Faisal:	No. I (2) <u>will</u> probably (stay) <u>stay</u> for an hour or two. Do you want to go?			
Adnan	Sure! And I definitely (3) (go) <u>am going to go</u> to the Champions League football game at 8:00.			
Faisal:	Me, too. Let's get there at 6:00.			
Adnan	Fine. We (4) <u>will</u> probably (be) <u>be</u> the first people there.			
Faisal:	That's OK. We (5) (find) <u>are going to find</u> great seats for sure!			
Friday				
Faisal:	Are you going to go to the Al-Janadriyah Cultural Festival on Friday?			
Adnan	You bet! I (6) (spend) <u>am going to spend</u> the whole afternoon there. It's (7) (be) <u>going to be</u> lots of fun!			
Faisal:	I (8) (get)am going to get there early in the morning, and I (9) will probably (leave)leave at 4:00.			
Adnan	Then what are you going to do?			
Faisal:	I (10) (watch) <u>am going to watch</u> the camel races at 7:00.			

Page 181

Adnan: What are you doing on Saturday?

Faisal: Maybe I will ride in the bicycle race.

Adnan: What time is the race going to start?

Faisal: It's going to start at 10:30 a.m.

Adnan: What are you doing in the afternoon?

Faisal: I will probably go to Yahya's barbecue.

E

Complete the answers to the questions with infinitives of purpose. Use the information in the photos for your answers. Use the verbs in the box.

finish visit go surfing work out catch buy

Page 182



Q: Why is your father going to the train station?

A: He's going to the train station to catch a train.

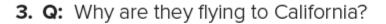








- 1. Q: Why is he staying up late?
 - A: He's staying up late to finish his homework.
- 2. Q: Why are they online?
 - A: They're online to buy their tickets.



- A: They're flying to California to visit their grandparents.
- 4. Q: Why is he going to Mexico?
 - A: He's going to Mexico to go surfing.
- **5. Q:** Why is he going to the gym after school?
 - A: He's going to the gym after school to work out.





- F
- Write three sentences. Tell where you will probably go next week. Use infinitives of purpose.

- 1. I will probably go to the park to play football.
- 2. I will probably go to my friend's house to play video games.
- 3. I will probably go to the mall to hang out with my friends.

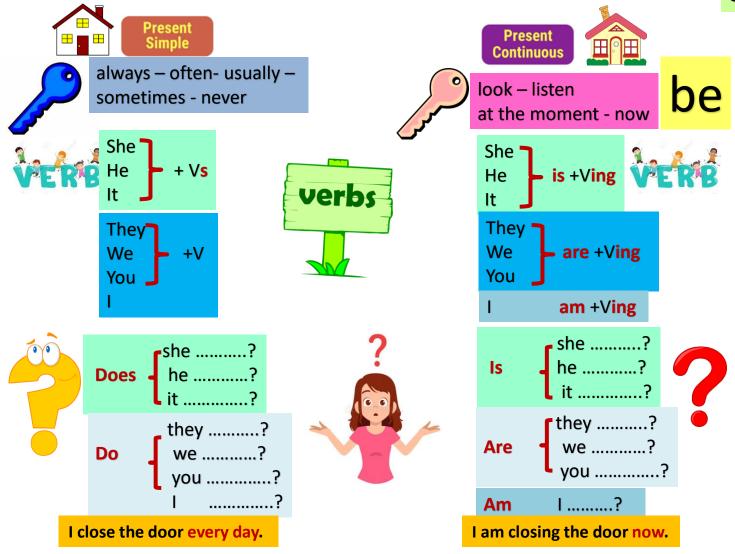
أتمنى الاهتمام بمتابعة الدروس في قتوات عين الرسمية من



T.Noureyah Alghamdi

The end





Language Builder

Explain that we can use the present progressive to express definite plans in the future. We usually use future time expressions, such as tonight, tomorrow, next month, later, and in a few minutes. For example: I'm watching a film on TV tonight. I'm leaving in a few minutes. We're visiting friends later.

Language Builder

A plane arrives at a gate and departs from a gate.

For example:

Flight AA345 is arriving at Gate D20 at 8:00.

Flight SV633 is **departing from** Gate B7.

Language Builder

The negative of will is will not or won't. Although will is used for indefinite plans, won't can be used to express a strong specific refusal. For example: I don't like that hotel. I won't stay there. I don't like that restaurant. I won't go to eat there.



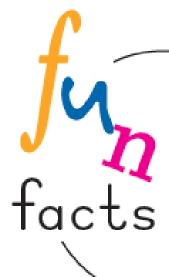
Teaching Tip

If possible, arrange the seats in your classroom so that students are not sitting in straight rows facing the front of the room. The purpose of learning a language is communication. It is easier for students to communicate with you and each other if they are facing each other. A half-circle or open-sided square usually works well. For pair or group work, encourage students to move their desks around so they are facing each other or are in a small circle.



Additional Activity

Have students find out about the arrival and departure times for three international flights from their city or a city nearby scheduled in the coming week. Have them report their findings at the next class.



- Airplanes travel on "highways" in the sky called airways.
 Airways are about 32 miles (52 kilometers) wide, and
 of varying altitudes. While you're flying one way, another
 airplane could be flying in the opposite direction above you!
- English is the international language of air traffic control.

Irregular Verbs

Base Form	Simple Past
be	was/were
become	became
buy	bought
come	came
cut	cut
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fight	fought
find	found
get (up)	got (up)
give	gave
go	went
hang	hung
have	had
hear	heard
know	knew
leave	left
lend	lent
make	made

mean me	eant
meet me	et
read rea	ad
ride roc	de
run rar	n
say sai	d
see sav	N
sell sol	d
send ser	nt
sing sar	ng
sit sat	
sleep sle	pt
speak spe	oke
spend spe	ent
sweep sw	ept
swim sw	am
take too	ok
teach tau	ught
think the	ought
understand un	derstood
wake (up) wo	oke (up)
wear wo	ore
write	ote

Irregular Verbs

Base Form Simple Past Participle

be	was / were	been
become	became	become
blow	blew	blown
buy	bought	bought
come	came	come
cut	cut	cut
do	did	done
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feed	fed	fed
fight	fought	fought
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
get	got	gotten
give	gave	given
go	went	gone
hang	hung	hung
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hold	held	held
hurt	hurt	hurt
know	knew	known
leave	left	left
lend	lent	lent
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
mean	meant	meant
meet	met	met
pay	paid	paid

put	put	put
read	read	read
ride	rode	ridden
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
sing	sang	sung
sit	sat	sat
sleep	slept	slept
speak	spoke	spoken
spend	spent	spent
steal	stole	stolen
swim	swam	swum
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
wake (up)	woke (up)	woken (up)
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written