

موقع واجباتي منصة تعليمية تساهم بنشر حل المناهج الدراسية بشكل متميز لترتقي بمجال التعليم على الإنترنت ويستطيع الطلاب تصفح حلول الكتب مباشرة لجميع المراحل التعليمية المختلفة





حمل التطيبق من هنا

MEGA

6 () ()

MANUEL DOS SANTOS

JILL KOREY O'SULLIVAN
ELI GHAZEL - DANAE KOZANOGLOU



2023 - 1445



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MegaGoal 2 Student Book

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Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
	Connect Pages 2–5	Express opinion, feeling and preference Agree and disagree Ask for and give information and instructions Warning and advice	Had better Recycling/using familiar verb forms, prepositions, modifiers, inversion, conditionals
1	Connected by Technology Pages 6–19	Ask for clarification and confirm Discuss using technology for communication Talk about personality characteristics	Auxiliary verbs: do, have, be The comparative and superlative Needs to be done; have/get something done Past participles as adjectives
2	Crime Doesn't Pay Pages 20-33	Discuss crime and punishment Read and discuss newspaper articles Explain steps in a process	The passive Past perfect and past perfect progressive Simple past tense: be, regular and irregular verbs Used to and would Past progressive tense
3	Far and Away Pages 34-47	Talk about travel experiences and travel dreams Discuss hotels and services Make and decline special requests	Adverbs of degree Sentence adverbs Future with <i>be going</i> to and <i>will</i> Information questions Present progressive
4	TV Around the World Pages 48–61	Discuss types of TV programs Express and explain preferences Express certainty Talking about festivals	Direct and indirect objects To and for before indirect objects Articles Adjective clauses and relative pronouns Relative pronouns as subjects and objects
	EXPANSION Units 1–4 Pages 62–71	Language Review Reading: Computer Viruses: A Headache for Hum Reading: The Psychology of Color	ans
5	Working 9 to 5 Pages 72–85	Talk about jobs Ask for favors, make requests and ask for information Express obligation, necessity and lack of necessity	Subjunctive I'd like you + infinitive / I want you + infinitive Tag questions
6	Going Green Pages 86–99	Evaluate how "green" you are Discuss ways to be environmentally responsible Make suggestions Express preferences with <i>I'd rather</i>	Gerunds after verbs Infinitives after verbs Simple present tense versus present progressive Conditional sentences with present and future forms
7	There's No Place Like Home Pages 100-113	Talk about your home Describe things you are looking for Words connected with directions for places Expressing requests, offers, promises, warnings; making decisions	Adjective order Too and enough Discuss quotes and feelings about home



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Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listening for fact, speaker attitude, relationship			
Listen for specific details about a cell phone bill	Syllable stress on numbers	Amazing Internet Connections	Write an essay comparing ways of socializing and state your preference Write about and evaluate things you can do on the Internet (Project)
Listen for specific details in a lecture on safety	Linking adjacent consonant sounds	Crime Puzzles	Write a story for a newspaper or web article Research and write about Famous Crimes, Frauds, or Blunders (Project)
Listen for specific details about packing for a trip	Stress on compound nouns	Ecotourism: See the World While Saving It	Write a letter about places to visit in Saudi Arabia Research and make a poster promoting ecotourism in your country (Project)
Listen for specific information about a game show	Reduction of going to and want to	A Brief Overview of the History of Television	Write a book review Write, direct, and film your own TV episode (Project)
	Language Plus: Words ending Tools for Writing: Capitalization Writing: Write about a problem		erienced
Listen for specific information about a survey on job satisfaction	Syllable stress on words ending with -tion, -cian, and -sion	You Do <i>What</i> For a Living?	Write about an unusual job that you might like to have Research and write a presentation on Grea Jobs and Careers (Project)
Listen for specific information about glass recycling	Thought groups	Living Off The Grid	Write a letter to a newspaper Design and make posters promoting "Going Green" in your school
Listen for specific details about renting an apartment	Stress on two-syllable nouns and verbs	Vision 2030 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Write a description of a home Research and write about different types o houses in the world; prepare a poster or PowerPoint presentation (Project)



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Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
8	The Sporting Life Pages 114–127	Talk about the Olympics Talk about sports and athletes Encourage and express confidence in someone Explain steps in a process or game	Gerunds as subjects Superlative + present perfect Present Perfect Progressive versus present perfect simple Time expressions: How long? Adverbs of manner Comparative forms and structures with adjectives and adverbs
	EXPANSION Units 5-8 Pages 128-137	Language Review Reading: Can You Believe They Believed It? Language Plus: Idioms with colors Tools for Writing: Common errors with preposition	S
	Update Pages 138–141	Express personal view/objective comment, enthusiasm/regret/wishes/strong agreement Talk about advantages/disadvantages, possibility/ necessity/consequence/result, relate past to present, size/characteristics, make deductions about past/present, report statements/ questions/thoughts, focus on action	Recycle familiar verb forms, simple present/ narrative, connectors and modifiers, passive forms, would –hypothesis, progressive forms, have something done, modals
9	Laugh Out Loud Pages 142–155	Talk about humor Explain consequences with comparatives Tell and respond to jokes Expressing wishes, regret and criticism	Past and present participial adjectives Get + adjective; Get + past participle Thethe comparatives Suchthat/ sothat Can't, could, couldn't, must, may, or might
10	You Are What You Eat Pages 156–169	Talk about food myths Discuss eating habits Offer, accept, and decline food and drink	Phrasal verbs Separable and nonseparable phrasal verbs Three-word phrasal verbs Count/noncount nouns Expressions of quantity: some/any, few, little, a lot of, much/many, enough Would like Words connected with recipes Sequence words: First, then, after that, finally
11	Amazing Animals Pages 170-183	Talk about animals and their behavior Ask for advice Give advice	Passive modals The passive with reporting verbs Adjectives All/both/neither/none; Bothand/neither nor/eitheror
12	What Would You Do? Pages 184–197	Talk about ethics and morals Discuss ethical dilemmas Give opinions	Present hypothetical conditionals versus past hypothetical conditionals Implied conditionals As iflAs though for unreal situations Future progressive and future perfect Time expressions for the future: by the year, this time tomorrow Used to versus be used to Was/were going to
0 0	EXPANSION Units 9–12 Pages 198–203	Language Review Reading: Mind Over Matter Language Plus: Idioms with mind	

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Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listen to profiles of Olympic athletes for specific details	Voiced and voiceless th	A Country Born on Skis	Write an email giving complex instructions on a sport or other recreational activity Research and write about the most popular Olympic sporting events; prepare a poster (Project)
	Writing: Write about cultural me Language Plus: Idioms about s Tools for Writing: Avoiding wor Writing: Write about a hoax		or gestures
Listen for specific information Listen and identify language/ questions in discourse/interview	Recycle and use familiar stress, intonation patterns, identify falling/ rising intonation patterns and effects, e.g. enthusiasm, regret		
Listen for specific information about animals' ability to laugh	The b and v sounds	Laughter Really Is the Best Medicine	Write short messages Write a scene from a TV sitcom Research and write about a funny scene from a sitcom or film; prepare a Power- Point presentation (Project)
Listen for sequence in the process of making a chocolate bar	Stress on two-word and three-word phrasal verbs	Accidental Food Discoveries	Write a description of a memorable event Research and write about snacks and desserts in the Arab world; prepare a PowerPoint or poster presentation (Project)
Listen for specific information about horse training	The y and j sounds	Animal Heroes	Write about a type of animal Research and write about animals in the Arab world; prepare a poster presentation (Project)
Listen for specific details about mountain rescues	Stress on content words and function words	Peeking into Our Medical Future	Write a personal narrative about an important decision that has impacted your life Research ground-breaking treatment and procedures in Saudi Arabia; prepare a PowerPoint presentation (Project)



Tools for Writing: The definite article and generalizations

Writing: Write about a new technology



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5 Working 9 to 5

Each person is going to tell us a little bit about what their jobs entail. Can you guess what their jobs are?



Listen and Discuss

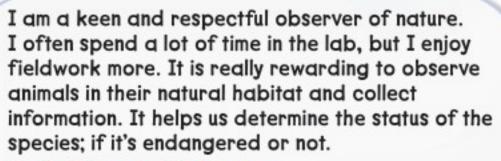


- Name a few jobs that you think would be very rewarding. Explain.
- 2. Name a few jobs that you think would not be satisfying at all. Explain.
- 3. Read the job descriptions and match them with the photos.

I often need to spend quite a lot of time researching the natural resources and materials of an area before I can design and start construction. I specialize in environmentally friendly buildings which utilize alternative sources of energy such as solar energy. Ahmed Badri - Profession:

I'll be the first to admit that I drive dangerously. Yet I've never gotten a ticket. No police officer has ever even told me, "I want you to slow down." Even though I spend a lot of time driving, I never really arrive at a destination.

Aston Seng - Profession:

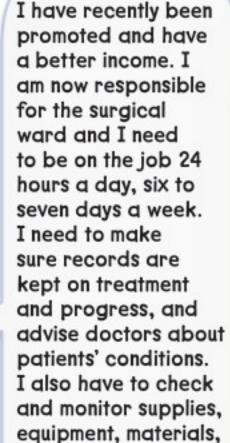


Khaled Hussain - Profession:















Fahd Khamis Profession:

and medicine.

I spend a lot of time cutting and sewing, but I don't work with fabric. The people I work for never see me do my work. In fact, they are often asleep when I'm at work. But I have no doubt that they appreciate what I do. I certainly get a great deal of satisfaction from my job.

Walteringe Profession:

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When I am on night shift, I feel that I need to be more alert and keep an eye on the screen and my instruments at all times. I handle pressure well and I can cooperate with pilots effectively during emergencies. I have always been interested in aviation and electronics.

Ahmed Al Otgibi - Profession:

Term \angle

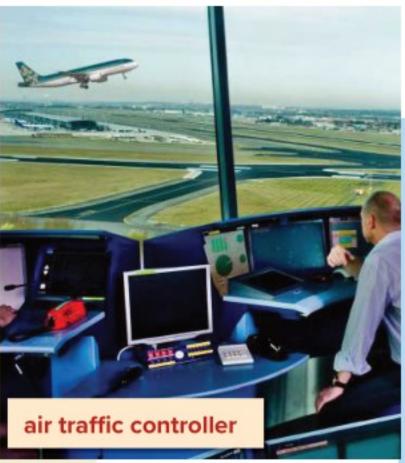












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Quick Check 🗹

- A. Vocabulary. Match the words with their meanings.
 - satisfaction
 - 2. ____ status
 - entail
 - appreciate
 - income
 - _ cooperate
 - 7. _____ respectful
- a. to work together well
- b. money received or earned
- c. polite, showing consideration
- d. feeling of contentment
- e. state or condition
- f. to involve or require
- g. to be grateful for
- B. Comprehension. Name the job or jobs.
 - 1. Which job requires that the person be willing to accept responsibility?
 - 2. Which jobs require a medical degree?
 - 3. Which job requires a person who likes nature?
 - 4. Which job requires the person have kindness and consideration?
 - 5. Which job requires the person not to be scared of taking risks?





With a partner, create your own clues for two or three jobs. Read the clues to your class. See THY COLUMN THE SENTING THE JOBS.

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Working 9 to 5

3 Grammar 👊



The Subjunctive

We use the subjunctive to stress the importance or urgency of an action. The subjunctive uses the base form of a verb.

The manager insisted that he work late.

It is important that you **be** at the meeting.

The subjunctive is used with certain verbs and expressions, like the following:

it is essential ask request require it is imperative demand it is important insist suggest recommend it is necessary urge

The subjunctive follows the sentence pattern: verb or expression + that + subject + (not) base verb

It is essential that you dress appropriately.

She asked that we not be late.

I'd Like You + Infinitive / I Want You + Infinitive

Two common phrases used to express a desire that someone do something are I'd like you + infinitive and I want you + infinitive.

I'd like you to help with this project.

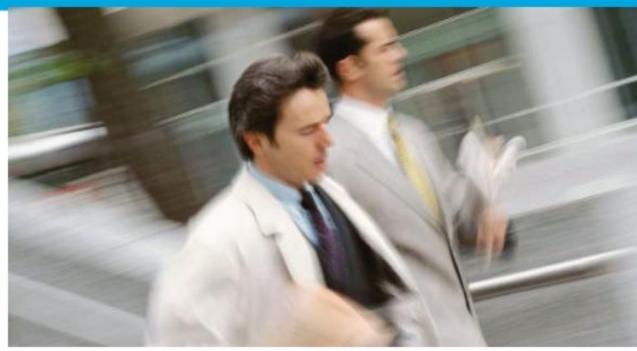
I want you to finish the report this afternoon.

- A. Rearrange the words and phrases to form sentences.
- asks / I work on the weekend / my manager often / that My manager often asks that I work on the weekend.
 - 1. he / that / bring his résumé to the interview / he recommended
 - 2. I / to tell me / want / you / about any problems you have
 - 3. that / it is imperative / wash his hands before entering the operating room / the doctor
 - 4. not / demanded / the boss / he / be late again / that
 - 5. that / you go home early / I / if you're not feeling well / insist
 - 6. you / applying for the job / like / to consider / I'd
 - 7. I look for a job in sales / suggested / that / my job counselor
 - 8. not / that you / quit your job before you find a new one / it is essential
 - 9. the waiting room / the nurse / that / be kept quiet / requests
- 10. that / accetar drivers / it is important / the necessary safety precautions / take



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- **B.** Look at the pictures. What do you think is being said? Write a sentence for each using the subjunctive or *I'd like you | I want you* + infinitive.
- It is essential that we not be late for the meeting.

















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- C. Write sentences for these situations. Use the subjunctive and I'd like you / I want you + infinitive.
 - 1. Imagine you are a doctor speaking with a patient who has a very unhealthy lifestyle. The patient smokes, eats lots of fast food, doesn't get any exercise, and doesn't get enough sleep. What would you say to this patient?
- 2. Imagine you are a teacher speaking with a student who is doing badly in your class. The student is not studying for tests, is talking in class, is not doing homework, and does not take notes in class. What would you say to this student?

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Working 9 to 5

4 Conversation



Adnan: Hey, Rob. I'm in a bind. Can you

help me out?

Rob: What's the problem?

I'm supposed to work tomorrow, Adnan:

> but there's something I've got to do. Could you cover for me?

You just asked me to cover Rob:

> for you on Monday. What's so important that I have to keep

doing your job?

OK, I'll tell you, but I'd Adnan:

> appreciate it if you would keep it to yourself. I'm interviewing for another job, and I'm really close

to getting it.

You were just hired here a few weeks ago. I can't believe you're thinking about Rob:

leaving already.

Yeah, I know. But the job I'm interviewing for is a dream job. I'd be a tester at a Adnan:

video game development company.

No kidding? Wow. Well, I still don't think it's right for you to jump ship like that, but Rob:

all right. I'll cover for you.

Thanks a lot. I'm going to take off now. Adnan:

Rob: Hey, Adnan?

Adnan: Yeah?

If you get the job, do you think you could Rob:

ask them if they need anyone else?

Adnan: Will do.

About the Conversation

1. Why does Adnan ask Rob to cover for him?

2. How does Rob initially react to the request?

3. What favor does Rob ask of Adnan?

Your Turn

Role-play with a partner. Ask your partner for a favor. Your partner is unwilling to grant the favor

until understanding why it is necessary. Use the

phrases for asking for favors.

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Real Talk

in a bind = in a difficult situation

help me out = do me a favor

cover = take someone's place, often in a work situation

keep it to yourself = not tell anyone

No kidding? = Really?

jump ship = leave a job suddenly, usually to go to a new job

take off = leave

Will do. = short for "I will do it."

Asking for Favors

Do you think you could...?

Do me a favor and...

I'd really appreciate it if you would...

Would it be possible/too much trouble ...?

What are the chances you could...?

I hate to ask, but...



Listening !



Listen to the results of a survey on job satisfaction. Complete the chart.

Job	Majority Satisfied?	Reason	Work environment appropriately equipped
1. social workers	Yes / No		
2. firefighters	Yes / No		
3. authors	Yes / No		
4. lawyers	Yes / No		
5. pediatricians	Yes / No		
6. cashiers	Yes / No		
7. telemarketers	Yes / No		

6 Pronunciation



In words ending with -tion, -cian, and -sion, the next-to-last syllable is stressed. Listen and practice.

- 1. Firefighters are in second position with an impressive 80 percent satisfaction rating.
- Not all prestigious professions did as well as expected.
- 3. Both physicians and lawyers scored only 48 percent each.
- 4. Pediatricians proved to be an interesting exception.
- 5. Fast food preparation workers have a 34 percent satisfaction rating.
- Job selection is one of the most important decisions we make.

7 Vocabulary Building



- A. You will see these words in the reading on pages 78 and 79. Match the words with their meanings.
 - 1. ____ analyze
 - 2. ____ determine
 - 3. _____ identifying
 - 4. ____ allergens
 - 5. _____ identical
 - 6. _____ flair
 - **7.** _____ captive

a. disease or sickness received from someone or something

HOW DO YOU RATE YOUR JOB?

Job was challenging

Skills were effectively used Job orientation was effective

Work load was reasonable

- **b.** exactly the same
- c. to decide or discover
- d. confined, kept under restraint or control
- e. a natural talent or ability
 - f. determining what something is
 - g. to study closely
 - h. substances that cause sensitivity or reactions in some people

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B. Check your answers with a partner. If you do not understand the meaning of a word, _____ சூழ்சியுமு in a dictionary.

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5 Working 9 to 5

8 Reading

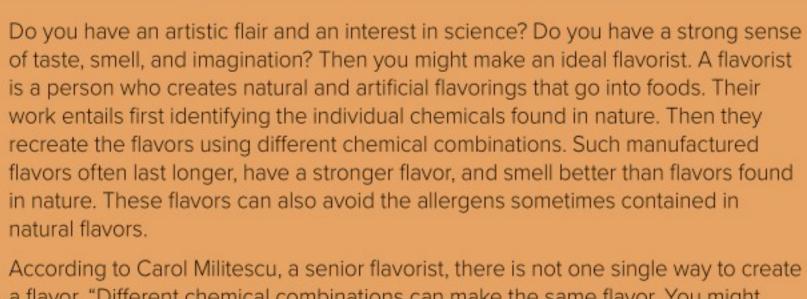
Before Reading

Read the passages and make a list of the unusual jobs.

You Do What for a Living?

When you were a kid, what did you want to be when you grew up? Perhaps a doctor, a teacher, or a firefighter? You probably didn't consider becoming a greeting card writer or a snow researcher (a person who collects ice crystals in snow to analyze the effect of pollution on an area of snowfall). Yet thousands of people around the world earn a living performing unusual jobs that most people have never even heard of.

Take Lily Martinez, for example, she has a job that girls around the world would dream about doing—if they only knew about it! Martinez is a doll fashion designer. She remembers, "As a girl, I would design one-of-a-kind outfits for my dolls." Her work is very similar to the work of regular fashion designers. She analyzes fashion trends, chooses fabrics, draws design sketches, and keeps a close eye on the styles of Paris and New York. Only she does all this to create clothing for 11½-inch (29-centimeter) dolls!

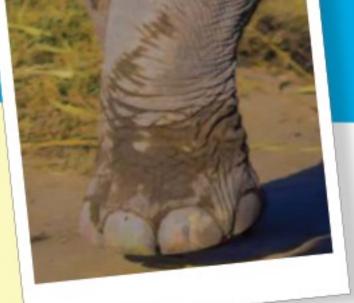


According to Carol Militescu, a senior flavorist, there is not one single way to create a flavor. "Different chemical combinations can make the same flavor. You might think the flavors are identical, but how you put the chemicals together makes them very different." Militescu says that to be a successful flavorist, it is essential that you "think outside the box."



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But perhaps you would prefer a job working with animals? If so, you might consider a career as an elephant pedicurist. It may sound silly, but keeping elephants' nails clean and trim is critical to their health. Like human nails, elephant nails grow continuously. Elephants in the wild wear down their nails naturally, but captive elephants have fewer opportunities to roam. Elephant pedicurists scrape the bottom of the elephants' feet to get rid of calluses, dirt, and embedded rocks that can cause infection. They also trim, file, and shape the elephants' nails.



Mike Hayward, the elephant pedicurist for the Ringling Bros. and Barnum & Bailey Circus®, loves his job. He gives pedicures to his twelve elephants every five weeks. The elephants generally cooperate with Hayward, waiting patiently through the two-hour process. Says Hayward, "It's almost like not going to work because the elephants are like my family."

So the next time you mull over your future career path, you might want to consider some non-traditional career options. After all, there just may be a new flavor waiting to be discovered, or an elephant whose feet will benefit from your expert care.

After Reading

Answer the questions.

- What is Lily Martinez's job?
- 2. What are some of her responsibilities?
- 3. Describe what a flavorist does.
- 4. What are some of the benefits of manufactured flavors?
- 5. What does giving an elephant a pedicure entail?
- 6. Why is it important to give pedicures to captive elephants?

Speaking



- 1. What do you think of the jobs described in the reading? Do you find any of them interesting? Why? Why not?
- 2. Think about the list of unusual jobs in the chart. Have you ever heard of them? Find out what they are and complete the chart with the information.

T	he unusual job	What is it?	What does it entail?	Do I like it or not?
1	odor judger			
2	golf ball diver			
3	cheese sprayer			
4	gum büster			





Working 9 to 5

10 Writing



A.	Read about so	ome more u	nusual j	obs and	complete th	ne job title.	Work in p	pairs. Cor	mpare your i	deas
į	in class.									
		consultar	nts:	The peop	le who adv	ise constru	uction cor	npanies a	and manufac	turers
			(on vibratio	on and nois	se problem	s and sug	ggest sol	utions.	

authenticators: The people who differentiate between true/authentic and fake paintings.

consultants: The people who advise riders on how they can have the most comfortable horseback ride with the most suitable riding accessory.

- Read the essay and find out the following:
 - What does an arborist do?
 - What kind of qualifications does he need to have?
 - Which personal characteristics should he have?
 - What are his employment prospects?
- 2. What is your view as a reader?
 - Are ideas and information presented clearly?
 - · Does the writer provide explanations, examples, or reasons when necessary?
 - Does the essay answer your questions about what an arborist is/does?
- 3. Look at the essay again and write which person is used in each paragraph: I, you, he or she and so on.

, , ,	7.7°C
Paragraph 1:	 Paragraph 3:
Paragraph 2:	Paragraph 4:

- 4. Notice which paragraphs provide:
 - · the writer's view and/or opinion
 - · objective information and/or view
- 5. Are there any passive forms? What are they used for?
- 6. How are ideas and facts connected? Provide examples from the text.
 - · conjunctions/linking words
 - · combined clauses/sentences
 - · use of pronouns

The Job of an Arborist

Although my parents would like me to become a doctor or a lawyer, I am interested in a very different kind of job. I would like to be an arborist, a sort of doctor for trees.

To become an arborist, it is essential that you have a related bachelor's degree, for example in forestry, as the more you know about trees the better you will be able to do what is expected of you.

Arborists are hired by individuals or organizations to keep trees healthy and attractive. They fertilize, prune, plant, and cure trees. In other words, they are a kind of official "tree carer." They are considered experts in their field. For this reason, they need to attend workshops and seminars throughout their

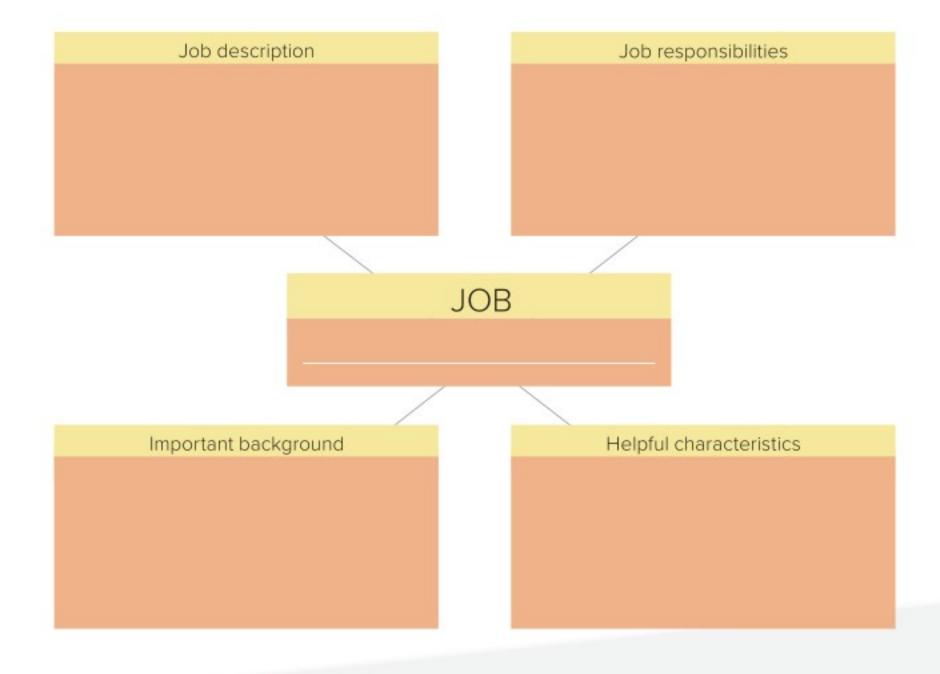
career in order to keep up with developments.

I think it's perfect for me. I am interested in working in nature and taking care of things. I like trees. I am there will be plenty of work for arborists in the future, so unemployment will not be a problem.

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- 2. Before you write, think about and/or find on the Internet:
 - · a description of the job
 - · the background you should have for this job
 - · personal characteristics that would help you perform the job effectively
- 3. Use the chart to help you brainstorm and organize your information.



The Job of alan
Although I am good at and everybody expects me to become a

I would like to be alan

Writing Corner

When you write an opinion essay:

- note down what you know about the topic and collect new information.
- note down your personal views on the topic and express your feelings and opinions.
- combine your views and feelings with the relevant information and organize each paragraph.
- remember that it is your essay and your voice needs to come through.



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Form, Meaning and Function





Tag Questions

We use tag questions to check information. We use an auxiliary verb and a subject personal pronoun. With an affirmative sentence, use a negative tag. With a negative sentence, use an affirmative tag.

You will go to the bank, won't you?

You won't work this Saturday, will you?

There's a cash machine on Main Street, isn't there?

They are not going to go look for another job, are they?

They invested in the property market, **didn't they**?

He didn't get the job, did he?

It was the night shift you wanted, wasn't it?

You are working today, aren't you?

Polite Ways to Ask for Information with Can, Could and Would

Excuse me, can (could) you tell me where the bank is? Would you be able to tell me where the bank is? Can (Could) you tell me where the bank is?

Would you mind telling me where the bank is?

Polite Ways to Make Requests with Can, Could and Would

Q: Can you give me your credit card details, please?

A: Certainly.

Q: Could you help me?

A: Of course.

Q: Would you open the window, please?

A: Sure.

٩.	Read the conversation between the bank teller and a customer. Use could, would and question tags to
	complete the conversation.
	A: Excuse me, I'd like to withdraw 500 euro from my account in 50 euro notes.

B: Of course, Madam. (1) _____ I have a form of identity, please?

A: Sure. Here you are.

B: Thank you. So you want the total amount in 50 euro notes, (2)

A: Yes, that's right.

B: Is there anything else I can do for you today, Madam?

A: Yes, please. I'd also like to change some American dollars into SAR? You charge commission,

you?

B: Yes, Madam, we do. Our rates are displayed on the board.

A: I see, thanks. (4) ______ you mind telling me how many SAR I will get for 1,000 dollars?

B: Of course. At today's exchange rate you will get ...

B. Work with a partner. Imagine you work as a bank teller. Continue the conversation in exercise A using some of the words and ideas in the box. Include some responses from the customer. Role-play the conversation and take it in turns to be the bank teller and the customer.

pay a utility bill • make a deposit • make an international payment order a new debitorerd • open a savings account • transfer some money apply for a credit card • buy health insurance • apply for a mortgage

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FOREIGN

Express Obligation: Must, Mustn't, Have to

We use must, mustn't and have to to express obligation in the present and the future.

You must stop at the 'STOP' sign.

You have to slow down at this junction.

You mustn't (must not) arrive late to work.

You have to be at the office at 9 a.m.

Note: *Mustn't* means you are not allowed to do something. There is no past tense of mustn't. The past tense of *must* and *have to* is **had to**.

Express Necessity and Lack of Necessity: Have to, Need to, Needn't, Don't have to, Don't Need to

We use have to and need to to express necessity in the present, past and future. Use the negative form to express lack of necessity.

- Q: What do you have (need) to do today?
- A: I have (need) to finish a report for work but I don't need to (needn't) hand it in until tomorrow morning.
- Q: What duties did you have (need) to perform in your last job?
- A: I needed (had) to answer the phone and deal with customer complaints.
- Q: What will we need to do before we leave for the conference in Abu Dhabi?
- A: We will have (need) to book an airport taxi. We won't have (need) to find a hotel. I've done that already.
- C. With a partner, discuss what you have to and must do in the situations shown on the international traffic signs.



1. No Parking



2. No Passing



3. Speed Limit



4. No Entry

1.	

5.	
4	

D. Read page 72 again. Choose one of the professions and imagine you are working in that job. What duties and responsibilities did you perform as part of your job last week? Write them next to each day. Tell your partner what you had to do. Use had to, didn't have to, needed to, and didn't need to.

Sund	day		
Mon			
• Tues	sday• • •		
Wed	sday Inesday		
Thur	sday		
بهرارة الت)		
, , ,			

Ministry of Educa Saturday _____

Working 9 to 5



12 Project



- 1. Research and prepare a presentation for your class on Great Jobs and Careers.
- 2. Work in pairs or groups. Decide on three great jobs, then search and collect information about each.
- 3. Use the organizer to make notes. Then use your notes to prepare a PowerPoint presentation or a poster.
- 4. Present in class.



When you pepare a PowerPoint presentation, remember to:

think of your audience and what they might want to know

select key points and words

Career prospects

علات التعليم se appealing visuals and a few points on each slide

Ministry of Educationehearse in your group and make changes

13 Self Reflection

	Things that I liked about Unit 5:	Things that I didn't like very much:
<u> </u>		
<u>-</u>		

Things that I found easy in Unit 5:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 5:

Unit 5 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about jobs			
discuss job requirements and responsibilities			
ask for favors			
use the subjunctive			
use the expressions I'd like you + infinitive and I want you + infinitive			
make requests and ask for information			
express obligation, necessity and lack of necessity			
use tag questions			

My five favorite new words from Unit 5:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 5:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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6 Going Green



Listen and Discuss



Read the questionnaire and then:

- 1. Write a definition for Go Green.
- 2. Write some ways a person can Go Green.

How Jre You?

1. What do you do when you finish using your computer for the day?

- a. I leave the computer on so that I don't have to wait for it to boot up the next morning.
- b. I put the computer in "sleep" mode.
- c. I turn the computer off, so it doesn't waste any energy at all.

2. When you go shopping, what kind of bag do you use for your groceries?

- I put all my groceries into double plastic bags.
- b. I put them into brown paper bags.
- c. I wouldn't consider using anything but the reusable canvas bags that I bring with me.

3. What kind of fruits and vegetables do you prefer eating?

- a. I prefer eating fruits and vegetables that look perfect. I don't mind if pesticides were used to grow them.
- b. I prefer to eat organic fruits and vegetables when possible.
- c. I prefer to eat organic fruits and vegetables that I've grown myself.

4. What is the source of your drinking water throughout the day?

- a. I buy individual bottles of water and drink them throughout the day.
- **b.** I buy one bottle of water and refill the bottle throughout the day.
- c. I fill a glass with water from a large reusable ttle throughout the day.

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- a. Recycling takes too much effort. I just throw all of my garbage in the trash can.
- b. Sometimes I forget to recycle items, but I intend to get better about it.
- c. I put all of my plastic, paper, glass, and metal garbage in recycling bins.

6. What would be your most important consideration when buying a car?

- a. I'd be most concerned with having a big, cool-looking car.
- b. I'd be most concerned with fuel efficiency.
- c. Cars are bad for the environment. I just use public transportation, or my feet!

7. How do you set your air conditioner on a hot day?

- a. I hate being hot! I turn the air conditioner up until the house almost feels cold.
- **b.** I set the air conditioner at a comfortable temperature during the day and turn it down at night.
- c. I set the air conditioner fairly low and dress in light clothing to keep cool.

8. Do you try to conserve water?

- I never think about water. I love taking long, hot showers.
- **b.** I try to be aware of my water consumption. I take quick showers and turn off the tap while I'm brushing my teeth.
- c. I try hard to conserve water. I collect rainwater in a tank and use it for watering my garden.





Give yourself 1 point for each "a" answer. Give yourself 2 points for each "b" answer. Give yourself 3 points for each "c" answer.

You are a very light shade of green. Try to learn more ways 8 points:

of being environmentally responsible.

9-16 points: You are medium green. You make a real effort to care for the

environment. Challenge yourself to become even greener!

17-24 points: You are the deepest green! Your actions make a big

difference! Congratulations, and keep up the good work.

Quick Check 🗹

A. Vocabulary. Complete the sentences with these words:

conserve organic source consumption pesticides air conditioner 1. It's freezing in here. Why is the ______ set so high? 2. Half of the average family's energy _____ is used for heating and cooling their home. 3. Farmers use ______ to stop bugs and weeds from killing their crops. food is produced entirely without chemicals. 5. Pollution is the _____ of many environmental problems. 6. When the cost of electricity increases, people are more likely to _____

- B. Comprehension. Answer the questions.
 - Name two ways you can conserve water.
 - 2. What is something green to consider when buying a car?
 - 3. What materials can be recycled?
 - 4. How can farmers make fruits and vegetables that look perfect?
 - 5. What's the worst way to bring home your groceries?

2 Pair Work



With a partner, create three more questions and answers to add to the quiz. Ask your classmates the questions and analyze their responses. How green is your class? وزارة التعـ

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6 Going Green





Gerunds After Verbs

Gerunds are the -ing form of a verb. They act like nouns and answer the question what.

I recommend turning off the lights when you leave the room.

Our class enjoys learning about ways to help the environment.

We use gerunds after certain verbs, such as:

advise	enjoy	intend	quit
begin	finish	keep	recommend
can't stand	go	like	start
consider	hate	love	stop
continue	imagine	prefer	suggest

Infinitives After Verbs

An infinitive is to + the base form of a verb. Like gerunds, infinitives act like nouns and answer the question what.

Don't forget to reuse that plastic container.

Do they intend to buy a hybrid car?

We use infinitives after certain verbs, such as:

agree	continue	intend	offer	start
ask*	decide	learn	plan	try
attempt	expect*	like	prefer	want*
begin	forget	love	promise	
can't stand	hate	need*	remember	

^{*}These verbs can be followed by an object before the infinitive.

They want to plant a garden. / They want us to plant a garden.

- A. Circle the correct verb forms. Sometimes both the gerund and the infinitive are possible.
 - Do you want (1. having / to have) a positive impact on the environment? I suggest
 (2. giving / to give) these steps a try:
 - Do you hate (3. throwing / to throw) away old clothes in the garbage? Consider
 (4. giving / to give) clothes that no longer fit you to other people who can wear them.
 - · Quit (5. using / to use) disposable batteries. Begin (6. using / to use) rechargeable batteries.
 - Learn (7. buying / to buy) products with less packaging. Attempt (8. buying / to buy) large
 containers of water, juice, and soda instead of individual serving-size containers.
 - Learn (9. avoiding / to avoid) creating trash whenever possible. For example, when ordering
 food, avoid 10. taking / to take) any unnecessary utensils and napkins.
 - Start (11 making / to make) a shopping list before you go shopping. This will help you stop (12. buying / to buy) things you don't need on impulse.

الرت التعطيط (**13.** reusing / to reuse) your supermarket bags.

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- 1. Do you think cars will stop running on gas in the near future?
- 2. Do you think people will begin to change their habits of consumption?
- 3. What is something you try to do every day to help the environment?
- 4. What is something harmful to the environment that you want to quit doing?
- 5. What is something that you often forget to do?
- 6. Would you ever consider growing your own vegetable garden?
- 7. What is something you could stop buying?
- 8. What changes do you hope to see in the environment in the next decade?
- C. Rewrite each sentence using the verb in brackets and a gerund or infinitive. Make any other necessary changes.
- From now on Jack is going to use only fluorescent light bulbs. (start) Jack is going to start using only fluorescent light bulbs.
 - 1. We're going to set the air conditioner on a timer at night. (plan)
 - 2. I don't really read newspapers. I like reading the news online better. (prefer)
 - 3. Arya thinks it's a good idea to print on both sides of the paper. (recommend)
 - 4. I can't believe I left the lights on again. (keep)
 - 5. Gardening is one of my favorite activities. (enjoy)

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- 6. We should continue to find ways to use less energy. (keep)
- D. Look at the picture. Write a paragraph about ways Faisal could change his habits tobecome more green. Use gerunds and infinitives.
- There are many things that Faisal can do to become more green.



Going Green 6

4 Conversation





That was a great garden barbecue! But Jasim:

> there are soda cans everywhere. I'll help you clean up. Where do you keep your

recycling bins?

Ibrahim: Nowhere. We don't recycle.

Jasim: You don't recycle! Why not?

Ibrahim: I don't know. It's just always seemed

like it would be a hassle.

Don't you think it would be a good idea Jasim:

to make the effort?

Ibrahim: I guess. I do feel kind of guilty about it.

But then again, does it really make that

much of a difference?

Are you kidding? Recycling reduces Jasim:

> energy consumption, lessens air and water pollution, and saves landfill space.

It's a no-brainer.

Ibrahim: I just don't have the patience. It seems

like a lot of extra work. It's so much easier to just chuck everything in the garbage than to sort it by material for recycling.

That's a lame excuse. Recycling is a piece Jasim:

of cake. It becomes automatic before you

know it.

Ibrahim: I suppose you're right. OK, OK. I'll start to

recycle.

Jasim: Great! Hey, why are you throwing that can

in the garbage?

Ibrahim: Whoops! Old habits are hard to break!



Real Talk

a hassle = something that is inconvenient to do I guess. = an unenthusiastic way of agreeing with someone

a no-brainer = a question or problem that has an obvious

answer or solution

chuck = throw out

lame = bad, inadequate

a piece of cake = very easy

About the Conversation

- How does the subject of recycling come up?
- 2. What are some reasons Jasim gives for recycling?
- 3. Why does Ibrahim say "Whoops" at the end of the conversation?

Your Turn

Role-play with a partner. What is something

you do that is good for the environment?

Suggest to your partner that he/she do this, too. Give reasons and use phrases for suggestions.

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Making Suggestions

You might want to consider + gerund...

How about + gerund ...?

Don't you think it would be a good idea + infinitive...?

If you..., I think you'll find...

If you don't mind, I'd like to suggest+ gerund...

Listening [33]



Listen to the information about glass recycling. Answer *true* or *false*.

- _____ It takes 500 years for a glass bottle to decompose.
- Glass is made mostly from sand.
- 3. ____ Glass is not 100 percent recyclable.
- 4. _____ At recycling facilities, glass is separated by size.
- 5. ____ Crushed glass is called cullet.
- The manufacturer melts the glass at 500° Celsius.
- 7. _____ The liquid glass is poured into molds.
- 8. ____ Glass produced from recycled materials reduces related air pollution by 50 percent.



6 Pronunciation



Thought groups are meaningful phrases within sentences. They are usually made up of grammatical phrases such as relative clauses and noun, verb, and prepositional phrases. There is often a slight pause between thought groups. Listen and practice.

- It takes / one million years / for a glass bottle / to decompose.
- The process / of recycling glass / is quite simple.
- 3. This simple process / conserves both energy / and natural resources.
- Recycling one glass bottle / saves enough energy / to light a 100-watt bulb / for four hours.

Vocabulary Building



- You will see these words in the reading on pages 92 and 93. Match the words with their meanings.
 - **1.** _____ relying
 - **2.** _____ utility
 - **3.** _____ bold
 - 4. ____ committed
 - **5.** _____ perspective
 - **6.** _____ harsh

 - 8. _____ sacrifice

- a. loss of something for a specific purpose
- b. extremely large
- c. dedicated
- d. basic service supplied by a business or facility such as electricity or running water
- e. depending on
- 7. _____ enormous f. strong and courageous
 - g. a way of seeing something
 - h. severe, difficult

Check your answers with a partner. If you do not understand the meaning of a word, look it up in a dictionary.



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6 Going Green



8 Reading



Before Reading

Read the passage and underline ways that your country can replace utilities such as electricity, natural gas, and water from the local supply systems.



Imagine heating your home without relying on the local power plant. Wouldn't it feel good to meet your need for electricity without harming the environment? For a growing number of people, these ideas have become reality. Out of concern for the environment and a desire for self-reliance, these people have made the bold decision to live off the grid.



What exactly is "the grid"? The grid, short for "the power grid," is the linked system that supplies electricity to most homes and buildings in developed nations. Homes that are off the grid are not hooked up to the local power supply. Instead, they produce all of the energy they consume. As a result, people living off the grid avoid the environmental and financial costs that come with on-grid living.

The key to getting off the grid is replacing electricity supplied by a power plant with a renewable energy

source, like wind or solar power. Buildings that use solar power have solar panels on the roof or near the building. When the sun's light hits the panels, the panels collect the energy. Wind power is collected by turbines, also known as windmills. When the wind blows, the blades move, producing energy which is turned into electricity by a generator.

Some people go even further off the grid. In addition to setting up a renewable energy source, they also have an independent source of water. They dig wells to access ground water or use a cistern, a type of tank, to collect rainwater. Those most committed to living off the grid may even lack garbage service. These people generally live a life that creates very little waste, growing their own organic fruits and vegetables, and raising chickens and goats for eggs and milk. By avoiding the consumption of packaged foods, they greatly reduce paper and plastic waste.

As challenging as it may be to live off the grid, most off-gridders feel that the benefits far outweigh the difficulties. Jorge and Ella Alvarez, off-gridders in northern Arizona say, "We love being off-grid. It's definitely hard work, but it puts everything in life into perspective. It's surprising to find just how much you can do without. Many people think we have a harsh and depressing lifestyle. Nothing could be further from the truth. We see living off the grid as a gift that has allowed us to be more in touch with nature and each other."

This view is shared by Wendy Johnston, a mother of three, living off the grid with her family in Ontario, Canada. Wendy recalls, "In the house I grew up in, we would leave lights on all day, the thermostat up at night, and water running without a second thought. I wanted my children to be raised with more respect for the environment and an awareness of the impact that they have on it. My children don't take energy for granted. I love the fact that they are learning how to take care of the earth while, at the same time, learning to be self-sufficient."

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Wendy admits that living off the grid has its difficulties. For example, the Johnstons' power usually goes down a few times a year. However, Wendy reflects, "The funny thing is that these often turn out to be some of our best times as a family. The power outages have an unexpected way of bringing us closer together. We read books and play games by candlelight, or we get together and tell stories."

Living off the grid entails sacrifices, and is certainly not for everyone. But for the thousands of people who have made this bold choice, life off the grid is filled with rewards that can't be matched by the conveniences and luxuries of life on the grid.

After Reading

Answer the questions.

- 1. What are some public utilities that most of us rely upon?
- 2. Define "the grid."
- 3. How does wind energy work?
- 4. What are some reasons people choose to live off the grid?
- 5. What are two alternatives to using a public water utility?
- 6. How could someone reduce his or her waste?





- 1. Work in groups. Discuss how a family can live off the grid in your country and use the chart to make notes.
- 2. Compare and discuss your ideas in class.

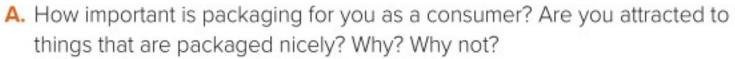
	Public utility	Which is the easiest/hardest to do without?	What is an alternative to it in your home?	What is the most challenging aspect of not having it?	Does this appeal to you or not? Why? Why not?
1	local electricity supply				
2	cooking and heating gas				
3	loca! water suppy				

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6 Going Green

10 Writing





- 1. Read the essay and find out the following:
 - What did the writer's family use to do that was not "green"?
 - · What did they do to change that practice?
 - · What were the benefits?
 - Were there any disadvantages?
- 2. What is your view as a reader?
 - Are ideas and information presented clearly?
 - · Does the writer provide explanations, examples, or reasons directly?
 - · Does the essay fulfill your expectations in relation to the title?
- 3. Look at the essay again and write which person is used in each paragraph: I, you, he or she and so on. What is the effect?

•	Paragraph 1:	
•	Paragraph 2:	
•	Paragraph 3:	

- 4. Notice which paragraph/s do the following:
 - · provide the writer's view and/or opinion
 - provide objective information and/or view
 - · set the scene
- 5. Are there any passive forms? What are they used for?
- 6. How are ideas and facts connected? Provide examples from the text.
 - conjunctions/linking words
 - · combined clauses/sentences
 - · use of pronouns

Going Green

I realized how sensible "going green" was when I started noticing the amount of waste accumulated from all the packaging. We're a family of three and we manage to accumulate a bagful of recyclable waste every day. We are careful to use a special disposal unit for recyclable materials, but we are not sure it is always effective. Is it actually recycled?

We decided to search for options. We found out that there were many stores near the central market that sold goods by weight out of large-canisters or burlap bags. Rice, beans, flour, sugar, oil, butter, cheese, and a lot more are

available off the counter, free of

packaging. When we compared prices, we decided to never look back.

A lot of time, money, and resources are invested in packaging as a way of making the product more attractive for consumers. Glossy wrappers, beautifully designed boxes, vacuum wrapped coffee, plastic containers, colorful lids, and a lot more, have a magnetic effect on buyers. We, on the other hand, have to label and fill our own containers, before we can put away our shopping. But, we make better use of cupboard space, spend a lot less, and protect the environment. You should try it!



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- B. 1. Write a letter to the editor of your local newspaper. Complain about your neighborhood and suggest how it could 'go greener.' With a partner, discuss the items below:
 - 2. Think about things you do that are environmentally harmful. What do other people in your neighborhood do? What can your local council do to help you 'go greener'?
 - 3. Use the chart to make notes and then use it to write your letter.
 - 4. Exchange drafts/essays and edit.
 - 5. Improve, change, and rewrite.

Environmentally harmful practices	'Go greener' practices	Steps our local council can take to help

Dear Editor, I am writing to complain about the environmentally harmful I am writing to complain about the negligence of the council in I am a writing to complain about the negligence of the council in
hout the environmentally would in
iting to complain about the council and the council and
I am writing is I residents and the negligent in shoods greener.
 I am writing to complain about the environmentally number of I am writing to complain about the negligence of the council in practices of local residents and the negligence of the council in failing to take measures to make our neighborhoods greener.
Citize to take measures to many
failing to turn the six overflowing trash
failing to take measures to make failing to make failing to make failing to make failing to measure it will be a failing to measure to make failing to make failing to make failing to measure it will be a failing to measures to measures to measures to measures to measures to measure it will be a failing to make f
The parhage is seldom colleges in the there are plastic constant
The gardy Lasis When it is winay, a suppliere
on a daily basis. Howing around everywite
on a daily basis. When it is windy, there are no provide recycling
and cardboard boxes been gardened garden
makes it a priority to p
 I suggest the council man
1 349
bins

Writing Corner

When you write a formal letter of complaint:

- open in an appropriate way: Dear Editor, Dear Mr. Smith.
- state the reason why you are writing and give a brief overview of the situation.
- use phrases to introduce and list additional points: First of all...; Moreover...; Furthermore, ...;
- use phrases to offer suggestions and solutions to problems: I suggest that ...; It would be a good roe if ..., One solution is ... and so on.
- sign off in an appropriate way: With best wishes; Yours sincerely; Sincerely yours; Yours faithfully.

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11 Form, Meaning and Function



Simple Present Tense

Use the simple present tense for facts or things that are true in general.

The Saudi Riyal (SAR) is the official currency of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

It takes one million years for a glass bottle to decompose.

My parents don't read printed newspapers anymore.

Does Oman belong to the United Arab Emirates?

Simple Present versus Present Progressive

Use the simple present to talk about habits or routines.

Use the present progressive for actions occurring now or for a temporary situation.

The temperatures **change** with the seasons of the year. (habit or routine)

The temperatures in the poles **are changing** drastically. (happening now)

PERMANENT

TEMPORARY

John lives in Quebec, but he is studying in France this year.

Note: Some verbs are not often used in the progressive form:

believe, forget, hear, know, like, love, need, prefer, remember, see, understand, want, realize.

Time Expressions for the Present

We are **currently** studying for examinations. Most people recycle **these days**.

At present there are measures in place to tackle climate change. Air travel is more affordable **now** than it was in the past.

ost people recycle these days.

A.		Complete the sentences with the words in parentheses. Use the simple present or the present progressive of the verbs.				
	1.	Water	at 100 °C (212 °F). (boil)			
			Please turn it off. (boil).			
			the cause of the problem	m. (not/understand)		
			in your country in winter? (it/snow)			
	5.	The moon	around Earth. (go)			
			of my idea? (you/think)			
			umber of immigrants in our country	(increase)		
			how important it is to cor			
			the UAE, but it as mar			
			art-time job on Saturdays, but he			
В.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	s and green issues. Write sentences about some esent simple and present progressive tense.		
?	CC	irbon footprint	on quite a massive scale. polar ice caps • oceans and fishing • carl			

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deforestation • deserts • erosion • flooding • lakes • pollution • rivers

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Conditional Sentences with Present and Future Forms

You can use conditional sentences with if to talk about causes and results.

Present Facts

Use the simple present tense in both clauses.

If you cook an egg in the microwave, it explodes.

If you put water in the freezer, it becomes ice.

Future Facts

Use the simple present in the if-clause and the future with be going to or will in the result clause.

If we don't take measures now, the oceans will soon be completely depleted of fish.

If Imad doesn't go to college, he's going to be very sorry.

May/Might

Use may/might in the result clause to suggest something is possible, but not certain.

If Noura doesn't do the homework, she may fail the class.

If Imad doesn't go to college, he **might not get** a good job.

I'd Rather

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Use I'd rather (= I would rather) to talk about preferences.

A: Would you rather go to the mall now or later?

B: I'd rather go now.

C. Co	omplete the se	ntences about facts. Use the simple present or will in the	second clause.	
1.	If you	(heat) water to 100 degrees Celsius, it	(boil).	
2.	If they	(climb) up to 4,000 meters, they	(need) oxygen.	
3.	If you	(not cross) its path, the snake	(not bite) you.	
4.	If we	(get) this HD television, we	(see) the game better.	
5.	If you	(mix) flour and water, you	_ (end up) with batter.	
6.	If he	(not obey) the speed limit, he		
1.	If we don't red	ner. Say what <i>will/might</i> happen in the following situations duce carbon (CO ₂) emissions,		
3.	If we find alte	rnative sources of energy,		
		nemicals into the river, bus to school,		^
6. 7.	If we have time Your idea:	ne,		X
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Going Green



12 Project



1. One of the goals of the G20 2020 Summit is to protect the planet. Design and make posters promoting Going Green in your school.



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- 2. Work in pairs or groups. Research conditions, practices, and places in your school that are not environmentally friendly, e.g. rooms where the lights or air conditioners remain switched on when not in use, leaking taps that waste water, lack of litter bins in certain areas, etc.
- 3. Research and complete the chart with information and details about the place.
- 4. Use the organizer to make notes. Then use your notes to prepare your poster. When you make a poster, remember to:
 - research and find suitable photos and pictures, or draw your own; consider other options such as making a collage with a series of pictures/photos
 - · write short texts and/or slogans using your notes/ideas
 - · use font that is large enough for people to read when the poster is on the wall
 - · be selective; do not try to fit too much in because people who see it will miss the point you are trying to make
 - · print out or write texts on separate sheets of paper so you can compose your poster in a more imaginative manner
 - · include some realia, if appropriate, by gluing or attaching things to your poster, e.g. used up wrappers, used up markers, used up batteries, etc.



	Let's go green!			
	A condition, place, or practice in school that is harmful to the environment	The reasons it is harmful	What students can do to make it greener	Pictures/images we can use in our poster
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13 Self Reflection

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Things that I liked about Unit 6:	Things that I didn't like very much:
This was the said for any discount in the factor	
Things that I found easy in Unit 6:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 6:
Inings that I found easy in Unit 6:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 6:
Things that I found easy in Unit 6:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 6:
Inings that I found easy in Unit 6:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 6:

Unit 6 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
evaluate how "green" I am			
discuss ways to be environmentally responsible			
make suggestions			
use gerunds after verbs			
use infinitives after verbs			
express preferences with I'd rather			
use simple present tense and the present progressive			
use conditional sentences with present and future forms			

My five favorite new words from Unit 6:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 6:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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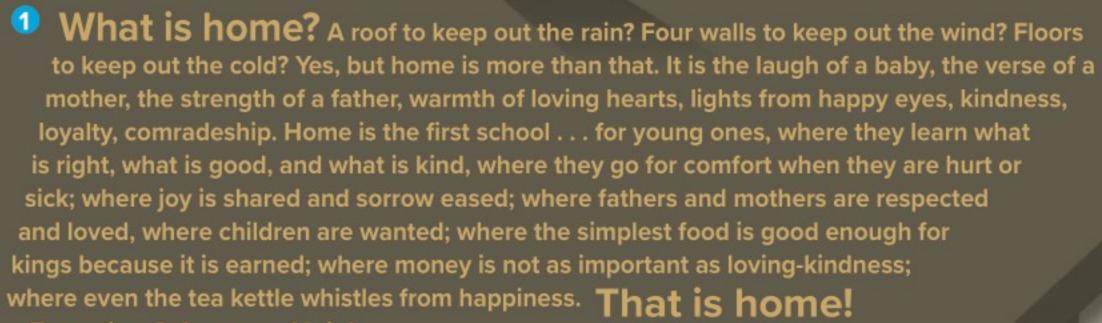
7 There's No Place Like Home



Listen and Discuss



- 1. What do you think is the difference between a house and a home?
- 2. What are the most important things in your home?
- 3. Describe both the interior and exterior of your dream home.



- Ernestine Schumann-Heink

- No one realizes how beautiful it is to travel until he comes home and rests his head on his old, familiar pillow.
 - Lin Yutang

- 3 Bricks and mortar make a house, but the laughter of children makes a home.
 - Irish Proverb

- The best way to keep children home is to make the home atmosphere pleasant—and let the air out of the tires.
 - Dorothy Parker

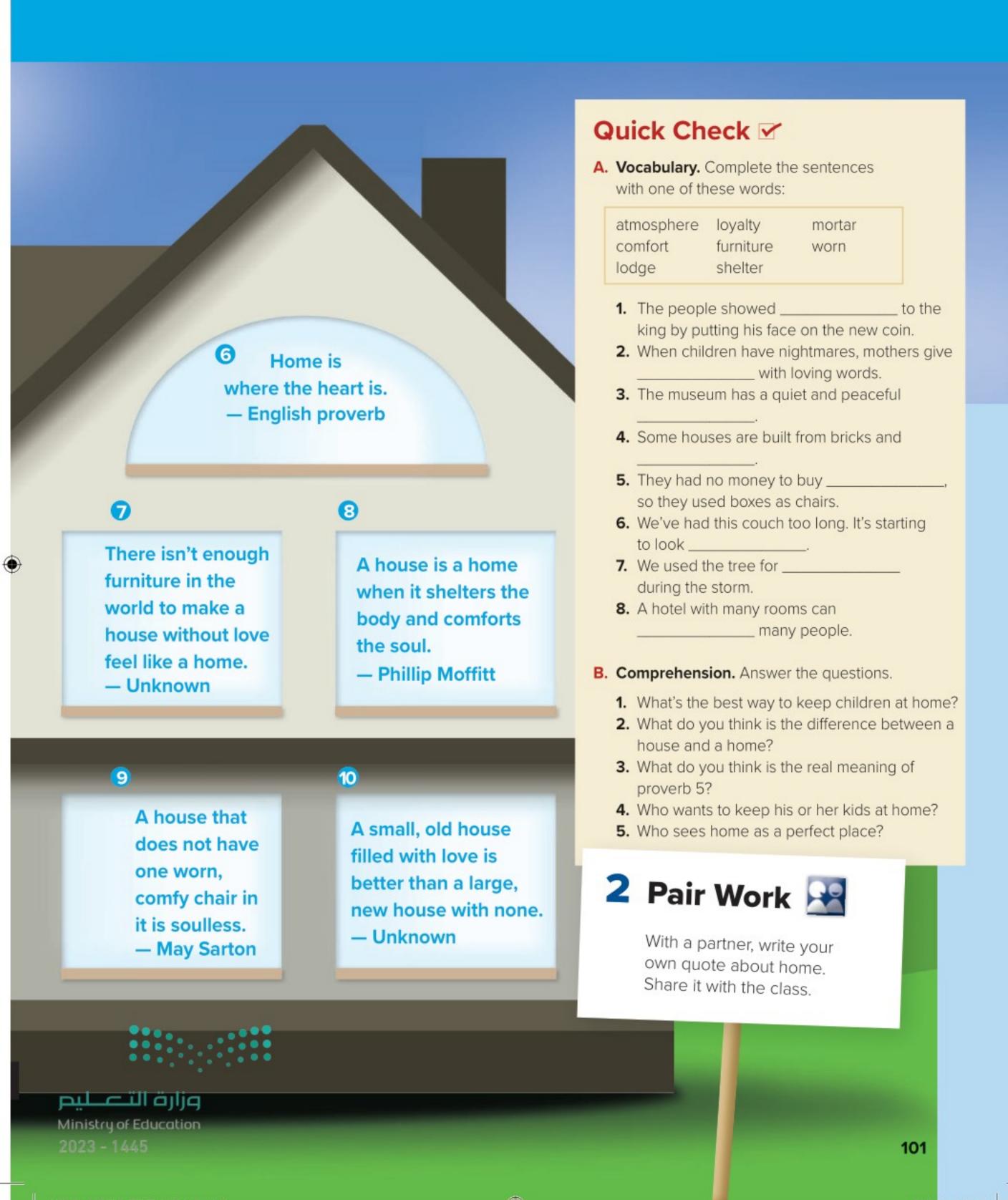
- A small house can lodge a hundred friends.
 - Egyptian proverb



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There's No Place Like Home





Adjective Order

When you use more than one adjective before a noun, the adjectives go in a certain order. The order is determined by category. Adjectives usually follow this order:

Opinion	Size/Shape	<u>Age</u>	Color	Nationality	Material
expensive	large	young	red	Saudi Arabian	glass
difficult	round	ancient	turquoise	British	wooden

The beautiful, old, stone house has been put up for sale.

I have two large, brown sofas in my living room.

Note: Usually, only one to three adjectives are used to modify a noun at a time.

Too and Enough

Too can be placed before adjectives and adverbs.

She can't reach the shelf. She's too short.

You're talking **too** *loudly*. I can't hear the news.

Enough can be placed after adjectives and adverbs.

She can reach the shelf. She's tall enough.

You're talking *loudly* **enough**. Everyone can hear you.

Enough can be placed before nouns.

They should buy their own home. They have **enough** money.

A phrase with too or enough can be followed by an infinitive phrase.

You're **too** sick to leave the house today.

You're not well **enough** to go to work today.

I have **enough** days off to go on a trip.

- A. Rewrite each sentence, putting the adjectives in the correct order. Add commas where necessary.
- There is a (round / small) table in the kitchen. There is a small, round table in the kitchen.
 - 1. Our new apartment is in a (brick / small) building.
 - 2. The apartment has a (old/Egyptian/wonderful) rug.
 - There are (new / enormous) windows.
 - 4. Unfortunately, there are (ugly / velvet / brown) curtains in the living room.
 - 5. But there are (lovely / silk / yellow) curtains in the bedroom.
 - 6. The apartment has a (formal / large) dining room.
 - It has (wood / beautiful / old) floors.
 - 8.. The Cold-fashioned / orange / small) bathroom needs to be remodeled.
 - •9. The bedroom is painted a (comforting / light blue) color.
 - 10. A (American / nice / large) family lives next door.

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- B. Use the words to write one complaint using too and one complaint using enough.
- the elevator moves / slowly / quickly The elevator moves too slowly. It doesn't move quickly enough.
 - 1. the lobby / dirty / clean
 - 2. walls / thin / thick
 - 3. the neighbors / inconsiderate / considerate
 - 4. the neighbors talk / loudly / softly
 - 5. the painter painted / carelessly / carefully
 - 6. the bed / soft / firm
 - 7. the atmosphere / unfriendly / friendly
 - 8. the bus stop / far / close
 - 9. the furniture / outdated / modern
 - 10. the mortar / wet / dry
- C. Complete each sentence with an infinitive.
- ? I'm not tall enough to be a basketball player.

 - 2. I'm not tall enough _______
 - 3. I'm too young _____
 - 4. I'm old enough _____
 - 5. I don't have enough money _______.
 - 6. I speak enough English
- D. Look at the picture. Describe the houses using multiple adjectives. Then give your opinion of the houses using too and enough.



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There's No Place Like Home

4 Conversation



Ahmed: Where are you going to live when you

start college in the fall?

Hameed: I don't want to live on campus. There's too

much noise when you're trying to study, and there aren't enough places to go when you want to socialize. So, I'm going to get an

apartment off campus.

Cool! What kind of apartment do you Ahmed:

have in mind?

Hameed: Well, I'm hoping to find a large, modern place

with an extra bedroom for visitors. It has to have parking. And, of course, it has to have a

washer and dryer.

Hold on! Do you have enough money for Ahmed:

an apartment like that?

Hameed: Why? Do you think it would be very expensive?

Ahmed: You are clearly out of touch with rental

prices! You need a reality check. An

apartment like that will cost an arm and a leg.

Hameed: Like how much?

Ahmed: We're talking megabucks—maybe fifteen

grand a month.

Hameed: Fifteen thousand riyals? I had no idea.

I thought it would be a lot less than that.

Ahmed: Only if you want to live in a tiny

apartment way outside of the city.

Hameed: Well, maybe I shouldn't be in such a rush

to move out. I could live at home with my parents just for the first year...

Real Talk

Cool! = Great!

Hold on! = Stop for a moment!

out of touch = don't have a realistic idea

reality check = an assessment of how realistic

something is

an arm and a leg = a large amount of money megabucks = a large amount of money

grand = thousand

About the Conversation

- What kind of apartment is Hameed looking for?
- 2. Why does Ahmed tell Hameed that he needs a reality check?
- 3. What decision does Hameed make at the end of the conversation?

Your Turn

Role-play with a partner. Tell your partner about

something you are looking for, such as a university

or a new computer. Use phrases from the box.

Your partner will ask questions to find out more

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Describing What You Are Looking For

I'm looking for... What I have in mind is... I have my heart set on...

I'd love to find... I'm hoping to find... It's essential that I find...







Listening !



Listen to the real estate agent talk about important factors to consider when looking for an apartment to rent. Tick the factors mentioned.

- 1.

 the neighborhood
- 2.

 the number of windows
- 3.

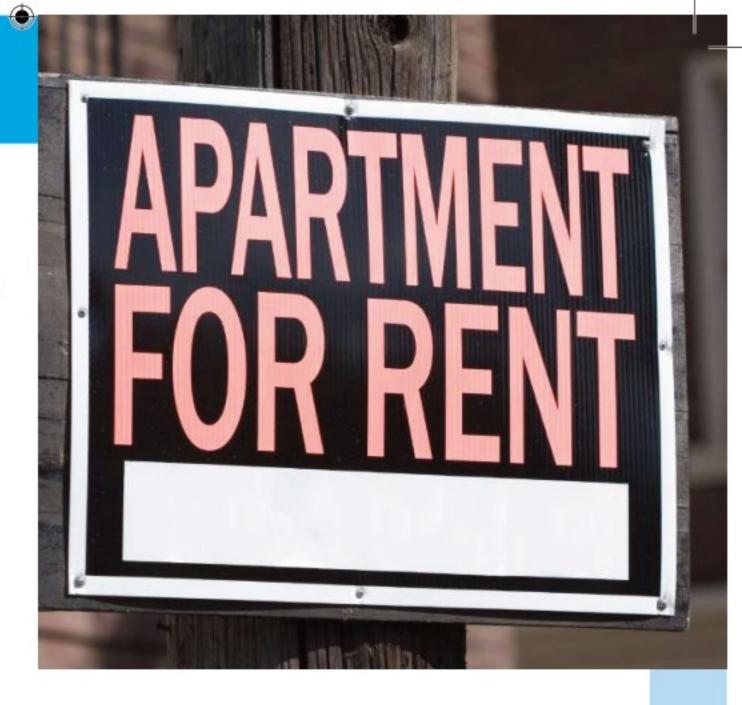
 the number of closets
- **4.** □ the number of lights
- **5.** \square the number of neighbors
- 6. ☐ the size of the rooms
- 7.

 the size of the building
- 8.

 whether outdoor barbecues are allowed.
- 9.

 whether pets are allowed
- 10.

 whether a parking spot is included



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6 Pronunciation



In English, there are many two-syllable words whose part of speech and meaning change if you change the stress. Stress the first syllable of most two-syllable nouns. Stress the last syllable of most two-syllable verbs. Listen and practice.

- 1. Finding the right apartment can have a big impact on your life.
- Paying rent that is too expensive for you can impact your lifestyle.
- 3. Finding the right apartment doesn't have to be an overwhelming project.
- When you go to a job interview, you should project a sense of confidence.
- 5. Be sure to read every word of the rental contract.
- 6. Some people contract dangerous viruses while they are traveling abroad.

7 Vocabulary Building



A. You will see these words in the reading on pages 106 and 107. Match the words with their meanings.

1. ____asset

a. to care for, help, or encourage the development and growth

2. ____ hub

b. the center of a region

3. ____ nurture

c. a useful or valuable thing, person, or quality

4. ____ cultivate

d. capacity for growth and development; possibility

5. ____ potential

e. to improve or develop by study or training

Check your answers with a partner. If you do not understand the meaning of a word, look it up in a dictionary.

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7 There's No Place Like Home

4

8 Reading



Before Reading

Work in pairs. Which do you think are the main strengths of the people and the economy of Saudi Arabia? Read the passage and underline all the positive features about people and the economy.



The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is blessed with a significant wealth of natural resources, an Islamic, family oriented society and extraordinary opportunities for economic growth. The nation's Islamic faith, national identity, culture and heritage make it special and provide limitless potential for development.

The nation is honored to welcome and serve an increasing number of pilgrims and visitors, from across the globe, every year. The expansion of the Two Holy Mosques and the upgrading of services and facilities had helped to cater for 15 million visitors from its development until 2020. These improvements will continue to ensure that all pilgrims are well looked after when they visit.

The People

Saudi Arabia's 2030 vision is largely based on the ambition, determination and talents of its people and their Islamic values. It is important, therefore, for the members of the Saudi society to be supported by social, health care and educational systems in order to cultivate and nurture its children in the best way possible to prepare them for a promising future.

Cultural and entertainment projects will include the establishment of libraries, galleries, museums and the organization of different types of events and activities. Housing and community development projects will provide a pleasant, secure and sustainable environment for the citizens of the Kingdom.

An updated educational system will provide high quality learning and develop available talent and potential. Graduates will have the knowledge and skills required by the job market and access to many opportunities for professional development.

The Economy

The Kingdom's economy has great growth potential. A diversified and renewed business environment will offer employment opportunities to all citizens and attract new investors. Improved and updated services and facilities will attract small and large companies, interested in participating actively in a dynamic economy. Telecommunications and information technology will be updated and made available in urban and rural areas.

The Kingdom's strategic position that connects the waterways of three continents, Europe, Africa and Asia, will make it a leading trading and transportation port for cargo from different countries across the globe. Streamlined government services will facilitate the introduction of new business sectors and partners and support growth. Investment opportunities will be increased through privatization of state owned assets and agencies.

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will be a leading business hub with limitless opportunities for the development of new talent and creative enterprises.

* Adapted from the text of the Vision Programs at https://vision2030.gov.sa/en and from the text that was drafted by the

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After Reading

- 1. What are the main strengths of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia?
- 2. What kind of support is necessary for the Kingdom's society to prepare for 2030?
- 3. What types of events and activities will be available for citizens?
- 4. How will the educational system differ compared to the past?
- 5. In what way will the Kingdom's geographical position affect its role in international trade?
- 6. Which factors will affect investment opportunities?

Speaking



- 1. Work in pairs. Think about your family or an imaginary family in your city/town in 2030.
- 2. Make notes in the chart about:
 - members of the family (age, jobs, plans)
 - the area and the house they live in
 - technology and telecommunications
 - travel and entertainment activities
 - culture and education
- 3. Use your notes to compare ideas in groups or in class.

Family members	Area & Housing	Technology & Telecommunications	Travel & Entertainment	Culture & Education	Other
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There's No Place Like Home

10 Writing





A. Look at the photos. Where do you think these houses are? What are they made of?

- Read the text and find out.
 - What is adobe?
 - What is special about the house?
 - Are the back and front of the house similar? How do you know?
 - · What is part of the floor made of? Why?
- 2. Read the text again, find out, and highlight.
 - Which rooms does the writer mention?
 - What can the writer see, smell, and feel in the house?
- 3. Would you want to live in a house with a glass floor? Why? Why not?



Whome over the canyon



When people talk about unusual homes, I think of our friends' dream home in New Mexico, on which they spent all their savings building it.

On the outside, the house looks like most adobe homes in the area. Adobe is made from sand, clay, water,

and organic material that are shaped into bricks and left to dry in the sun. Our friends' house is a beautifully-designed, large adobe home with a drive and a large cactus tree near the entrance. It has soft lines, and is less angular than conventional urban homes.

When you go through the door, you find yourself in a beautiful, spacious com with large windows and sunlight streaming in Large windows are unusual for adobe homes. But this is no ordinary home. Part of the house juts out of the adobe shell that can be seen from the street and stretches to the end of a cliff. You

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walk past a kitchen fitted with a cast-iron stove and hand-made wooden cabinets that give off the most enticing smells of cumin and chilies and herbs. It is so real; you can almost taste the food.

The spacious room that you step into when you enter the house stretches in all directions. You walk towards the sitting area. When you get closer, you need to brace yourself as the most spectacular view imaginable unfolds before your eyes. All of a sudden, you are no longer stepping on wood, the floor is hard, and your footsteps make a strange resounding sound. You look down and wonder whether you have been transported in space and time; you are looking into the gaping canyon. You think you are falling into it; you can almost feel the air whooshing past.

Part of the floor is made of thick custom-designed glass. You might like it or hate it, but however you feel you have to admit it is unique. This is the way I feel about this house and the day I spent there. It was a unique, unforgettable experience even if I wouldn't choose to live with a glass floor over a canyon for the rest of my life.

Would you?



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- B. 1. Choose a home to write about. It can be yours or another home you know well.
 - 2. Remember/think about what you see, hear, feel, and smell in various rooms of the house.
 - 3. Make notes in the chart and use them to write a descriptive essay about the house.

Rooms and other places	I can see	I can hear	I can feel and/ or touch	I can smell
Exterior				
Garden				
Living room				
Dining room				
Kitchen				
Study/den				

My Grandparents' House

The home that means the most to me is my grandparents' house. Each time
I go there, I feel a sense of comfort and warmth. Now that I'm in college,
I don't get to spend much time there. But whenever I miss it, I just imagine it.
When you first walk into my grandparents' house...

Writing Corner

When you write a descriptive essay:

- brainstorm about the topic and write down as many notes as you can about your memories and impressions of the house/place.
- · make an outline of your essay and decide what each paragraph/section is going to focus on.
- include factual information, e.g. size, number of rooms, etc. as well as feelings/impressions.
- visualize the place you want to write about so you can help your reader visualize it too.
- use different senses, i.e. sight, feelings, smell, sound, and taste to make it more vivid.
- remember that smell is usually the most vivid and best retained memory.

think of the first and last thing(s) you see, hear, feel, or smell (or almost taste) when you are there.

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There's No Place Like Home

Form, Meaning and Function



Words Connected with Asking for, Understanding and Giving Directions

Some words and phrases we commonly use when asking for and giving directions are:

Asking For Directions	Giving Directions
Excuse me, I'm looking for Could you tell me whereis? Can you tell me how to get there? Am I headed in the right direction for?	Turn left/right. Take a left/right. Take the first/second left Go straight for a few miles. Keep going until you see When you get to you'll see If you see you've gone too far.





Understanding Directions and Asking Someone to Repeat Something

Asking Someone to Repeat Something

Can/Could you repeat that, please? Could/Would you say that again? What did you say about ...?

Excuse me, but I didn't catch the last part/the part about...

I'm sorry. I didn't catch that. Would you mind repeating that?

from the charts	are driving to a friend's home. Read the conversation. Complete the gaps with a word or phrase above.
Fahd:	I don't know why Google Maps can't find Al Nadwa Street. I think we'd better stop and ask for
	directions. There's a gas station, Let's pull over and ask someone.

Faisal: Oh, all right. Attendant: You look lost.

You can say that again. (1.) We're looking for Al Nadwa Street. Fahd:

I know this town like the back of my hand, and I can tell you that there's no street by that name. Attendant:

Do you mean Al Safarat Road?

Oh, yeah! That must be it. I just got the street name wrong. Faisal:

Fahd:

Attendant:

It's not far. You need to (3.) ______ out of here.
Then (4.) _____ for a couple of miles. (5.) Keep going _____ an ice cream shop. If you see the Town Hall, (6.) _____ . (7.) _____

after the ice cream shop and you'll be on Al Safarat Road.

Faisal & Fahd: Thanks!

B. Roje play with a partner. Imagine you are standing outside your school and it is very crowded and noisy. Ask your partner how to get to his or her home (or some other destination) from school. Your partner will give you directions. Ask

School

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Expressing Requests, Offers, Promises, Warnings, and Spontaneous Decisions

Use can and will for requests. Use will for offers and promises.

Can you tell me where you live?

Sure. I'll draw you a map.

Will you drive me home?

Sorry, I can't. I have an appointment.

Use will for spontaneous decisions.

Now the children have left for college, this house is too big for us. I know! We'll downsize into an apartment.



111

The Future with Dependent Time Clauses: When, Before, After, While, Until

We can talk about a future event using a time clause with when, before, after, while, and until.

A present tense verb form (not a future form) is used in the time clause, and will is used in the main clause.

Don't worry. I'll take care of the children until you get back.

When he finishes work, he'll go straight home.

I'll help him with his homework while you wash the dishes.

As soon as it stops raining, we'll leave.

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Dad will call mom at home before we set off on our return journey.

	<i>ll_call</i> (call) you as soon as I <u>get</u> (get) ho		
1. The c	company (manufacture) the part	s when they	(receive) the order.
2. He _	(travel) the world before he	(get) m	narried and settles down.
3.	(run) to the store before it	(start) rainii	ng.
4. When	η you (drive) down the road, you	1	(see) a large, red building.
5	you continue (argue	e) with me until I _	(change) my mind?
Omar:	conversation and write an appropriate ending Sultan, will you do me a favor? Sure What do you want me to do?	using will . Compa	are with a partner.
			are with a partner.
Omar: Sultan:	Sultan, will you do me a favor? Sure. What do you want me to do?		are with a partner.
Omar: Sultan: Omar: Sultan:	Sultan, will you do me a favor? Sure. What do you want me to do? If Fahd calls, tell him I'm not home. He always me to help him with the homework. Ok. No problem.		are with a partner.
Omar: Sultan: Omar: Sultan: Fahd:	Sultan, will you do me a favor? Sure. What do you want me to do? If Fahd calls, tell him I'm not home. He always me to help him with the homework. Ok. No problem Hello. This is Fahd. Can I speak to Omar?	asks	are with a partner.
Omar: Sultan: Omar: Sultan:	Sultan, will you do me a favor? Sure. What do you want me to do? If Fahd calls, tell him I'm not home. He always me to help him with the homework. Ok. No problem.	asks	are with a partner.

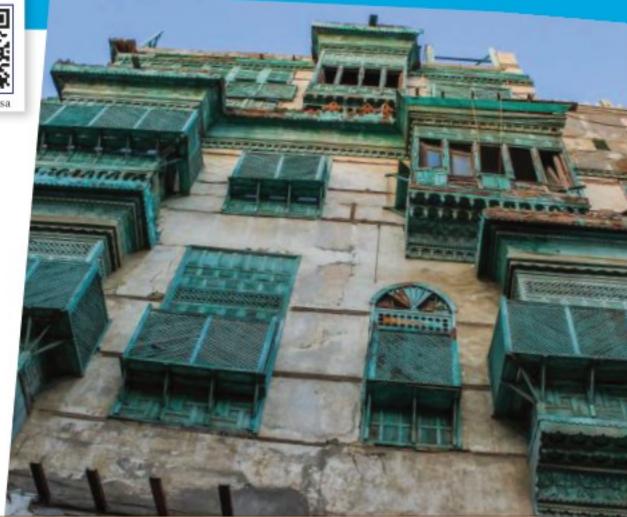
There's No Place Like Home

12 Project





- 1. Research different types of houses in the world (Arab countries, Africa, Europe, China, etc.).
- 2. Find and list their features. Then note down their advantages and disadvantages in relation to the country/area where they are built.
- 3. Make notes in the chart and use them to make a PowerPoint or poster presentation for your class.
- 4. Select and use pictures.
- 5. Invite your classmates to comment and/or ask questions after the presentation.









	questions after the	o presentation.			
	Type of home	African hut	Bedouin tent	Inuit igloo	
	Construction materials				
	Size and shape				
	Method/ease of construction				
	Cost				
	Number of inhabitants				
	Rooms				
	Cooking facilities				
	Sleeping arrangements				
	Heating/cooling				
	Lighting				
	Special features				
•	Advantages				
•	Disadvantages				

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13 Self Reflection

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Things that I liked about Unit 7:	Things that I didn't like very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 7:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 7:

Unit 7 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about my dream home and feelings			
describe things I am looking for			
use adjectives in the correct order			
use too and enough			
give directions for places			
express requests, offers, promises, warnings; make decisions			
use dependent time clauses for the future: when, before, after, while, until			

My five favorite new words from Unit 7:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 7:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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8 The Sporting Life





Listen and Discuss



Make a list of what you already know about the Olympic Games. Then read the passage and underline the facts about the Games that are new to you.



Fascinating Olympic Facts

The ancient Olympic Games began in Greece in 776 B.C.E. and were held every four years until 393 C.E. It wasn't until about 1,500 years later, in the mid-1800s, that the games were revived in Greece. But the Olympics didn't become the event we know today until 1896, when a French historian named Pierre de Coubertin had the idea of making the games international, and founded the International Olympic Committee.

Medals weren't always a part of the Olympics. Giving medals to winners is a practice that began in 1896, and between 1896 and 1904, the top prize was a silver medal.

The youngest person that has ever competed in the Olympics was Dimitrios Loundras, a ten-year-old gymnast on the 1896 Greek gymnastics team.

Lighting the Olympic torch does not involve a match. It is lit using only the light of the sun and a special mirror.

At various times, the Olympics have included such unusual events as a swimming obstacle race, a tug of war, and live pigeon shooting.

The gold medal is not made of gold! It's actually 92.5 percent silver with a covering of six grams of gold.





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The marathon is an event named after the run of a Greek soldier, Pheidippides. In 490 B.C.E., Pheidippides ran from Marathon to Athens (about 26 miles, or 42 kilometers) to deliver news about the Greeks' success in a battle. Running through the mountains and rocky land was extremely difficult. After Pheidippides arrived in Athens and delivered his news, he fell down and died. The first modern Olympics in 1896 included a race of 26 miles (42 kilometers), called a marathon, to commemorate Pheidippides' run.

Because the Greeks originated the Olympics, the Greek team always leads the procession of athletes during the opening ceremony of the Olympic Games. They are followed by the other teams in alphabetical order. The hosting country goes last.

Dropping sports from the Olympics is not uncommon. In fact, many popular sports have been dropped through the years, including rugby, golf, baseball, and softball. Adding a new event can only happen if another one is dropped.



Quick Check 🗹

A. Vocabulary. Complete the sentences with one of these words:

	commemorate	marathon	originated	practice	procession	revived	
3 4 5	1. The parade will b 2. The board game 3. The Eiffel Tower v 4. Thousands of rur 5. The new museur 6. The to ancient times.	chess was built to _ nners particip n has of excha	ate in the tour	ndia in the 6 ¹ _ the 100th a ism in our cit	h century. Inniversary of the every year. y.	ne French Re	
1 2 3 4 5	The Olympe. The host of the ho	oic Games ha country alway ng obstacle r 96, athletes v thon commer	ve occurred e vs leads the Ol ace was once who came in fir morates an and	ympic proces an Olympic s st place won cient Greek s	ssion. port. a silver medal. porting event.	C.E.	





Work with your partner to design a new Olympic flag. What will each color or symbol represent? Draw التعالية and explain it to your classmates.

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8 The Sporting Life

3 Grammar 👊



Gerunds as Subjects

A gerund or a gerund phrase can be the subject of a sentence.

Swimming uses more muscles of the body than almost any other form of exercise.

Watching sports isn't nearly as fun as playing them.

Make a gerund or gerund phrase negative by putting not before it.

Not exercising is a sure way to gain weight.

Not warming up before you exercise can lead to injuries.

Note that a gerund subject takes a singular verb.

Getting in shape takes time and effort.

Superlative + Present Perfect

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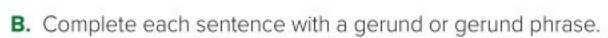
The present perfect can be used after a superlative.

This is the most exciting sporting event I've been to in a long time.

Who is the best football player you've ever seen?

1.		
	t is easier to lose weight when you're physically active.	
		is easier when you're physically active.
2.	The thing that stops many people from being physically a	ctive is not having enough time. _ stops many people from being physically active
3.	It gives a runner a sense of satisfaction to complete a ma	
7.50		gives a runner a sense of satisfaction.
4.	It is difficult, but thrilling, to learn how to ski.	
		_ is difficult, but thrilling.
5.	The most important part of playing a sport isn't winning.	
	It is along a record to seculo a diversuith out or a per training	_ of playing a sport.
о.	It is dangerous to scuba dive without proper training.	_ is dangerous.
7.	It is not a good idea to swim after eating.	
3		_ is not a good idea.
8.	It is gratifying to see your body become trimmer and stro	nger.
		_ is gratifying.
9.	It is exeiting to attend a live sporting event.	
٠.	• • • • •	_ is exciting.

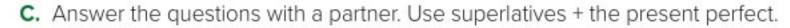
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Watching a training video helps me to exercise.

1	is a good idea.
2	gives me energy.
3	takes a long time.
4	is one way to make friends.

- 5. _____ makes me feel good about myself.
- 6. ______ is easy for some people, but difficult for others.
- 7. ______ is something I try to avoid doing.
- 8. _____ is a bit boring.
- 9. ______ is thrilling, but dangerous.
- 10. _____ is something I want to try someday.



- 1. What is the funniest joke you've ever heard?
- 2. What is the bravest thing you've ever done?
- 3. Who is the most admirable person you have ever known?
- 4. What is the most beautiful place you've ever visited?
- 5. What is the best film you've ever seen on TV?
- 6. What is the most embarrassing thing that's ever happened to you?
- 7. What is the greatest thing that's ever happened to you?
- D. Identify the sport each piece of equipment comes from. Then write a sentence about each sport using either a gerund (phrase) as subject, or the superlative + present perfect.





The Sporting Life

4 Conversation

Coach: After two years of training, we're finally at

the regional skating competition! How

does it feel, Barry?

Barry: Actually, not so good. I'm not sure I'm up for this.

Coach: What are you talking about?

Barry: What if I mess up?

Coach: You're not going to mess up. You've been

practicing day and night. You have your routine down pat. Skating in front of those judges is going to be a piece of cake.

Now, I want you to take a deep breath and exhale. Trust me. You're going to knock their socks off.

Do you really think so? Barry:

Coach: You bet! I have total confidence in you. You

have the guts and the talent to win this competition. There's no doubt in my mind

that you can do it.

OK. I feel better. I'm psyched.

Coach: You'll be on in a few minutes. You should get

your skates on. Where are your skates?

Barry: My skates? Oh no! I left them in the car!

About the Conversation

- 1. Where are Barry and his coach?
- 2. How does Barry feel at first?
- 3. How does his coach help him?
- 4. What's the problem at the end?

Real Talk

up for = ready for

mess up = make a mistake

down pat = at the point of perfection

You bet! = Of course!

guts = courage

psyched = excited and psychologically prepared

Your Turn

Role-play with a partner. Pretend you are about to do something you are nervous about, such as take an important exam, or give a presentation in front of the class. Your partner will offer encouragement and express confidence in you.

Encouraging and Expressing Confidence in Someone

(I know) You can do it.

I have confidence/faith in you. There's no question in my mind...

You're going to knock 'em dead/knock their socks off.

You'll do great.

.You've got what it takes.

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Listening 🔊



Listen to the profiles of unusual Olympic athletes and complete the chart.

	Nickname	Sport	Country	Olympics (year/city)	Challenges	Results
Eddie Edwards						
Eric Moussambani						

6 Pronunciation



In English, the letters th can have different pronunciations. In the word thank, the th sound does not have a vibration. In the word them, the th sound does have a vibration. Listen and identify the th sounds.

- 1. Every so often an Olympic athlete becomes famous not for being athletically gifted, but for *not* being a**th**letically gifted.
- Take Eddie "The Eagle" Edwards, for example.
- 3. Edwards was 20 pounds (9 kg) heavier than the next heaviest competitor.
- He wore his glasses even though they fogged up badly.
- 5. Eddie is easily the worst ski jumper that has ever competed in the Olympics.
- 6. Another example of an Olympic athlete who gained fame for his lack of skill is Eric "The Eel" Moussambani.

Vocabulary Building



- You will see these words in the reading on pages 120 and 121. Match the words with their meanings.
 - 1. ____ milestone
 - 2. ____ cross-country skiing
 - 3. _____ ski-jumping
 - **4.** ____ merit
 - 5. _____terrain

 - 7. _____ Alpine skiing
 - 8. _____ freestyle skiing
 - 9. _____ astounding
- **10.** ______spectator (sport)

- a. a skiing event that involves jumping off a long steep sloping platform through the air as far as possible
- b. astonishing, amazing
- c. a very important event in the development of another event or course of events
- d. a sport that people go to watch
- e. skiing downhill on skis with fixed heel binding
- 6. _____ be interspersed with f. be combined with / interrupted by something at regular intervals
 - g. a particular type of land
 - h. an acrobatic form of technical and aerial skiing
 - i. skiing across fields not down slopes
 - j. an advantage or positive feature

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8 The Sporting Life

8 Reading



Before Reading

Which winter sports have you watched, heard/read about, or participated in? Where are winter sports more popular? Why?

A country born SKIS

Norway, a small country of 5.5 million inhabitants, has won more Winter Games medals than any other nation. It became the first country to win 100 Olympic gold medals, and reached the 300-medal milestone in the Winter Games of 2010.

Norwegians go cross-country skiing , ski-jumping , or downhill skiing on weekends, on holidays, and after work. When the snow starts melting in spring, they move it up to the mountains. And if there is no access to snow, they skate on ice. 2,500 lit tracks all over the country make it possible for people to ski in winter, although it gets dark early.

Norwegians have enjoyed skiing for thousands of years. A rock carving in Nordland County in the north provides evidence that the use of skis dates back to the Stone Age. Until about a century ago, skis were the only means of transport in winter and essential for hunting.

Skiing did not become a mass sport until the mid1880s when the first competitions were arranged.
Sondre Norheim, who is considered the father of modern skiing, was the originator of the Telemark skis, which are narrower in the middle than at the front and back and have stiff heel bindings. The shape made turning easier, and the heel binding allowed skiers to jump from rooftops or over rocks without losing their skis.

Polar explorers made skis known internationally and demonstrated their unique merits on terrain that

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could not be crossed any other way. Roald Amundsen was the first man to reach the South Pole in 1911, on skis. Fridtjof Nansen crossed the Greenland interior on skis in 1880. Other explorers have followed the routes used by these two famous explorers and skied to both the North and South Poles.

Alpine skiing
Biathlon
Bobsleigh
Cross-country
skiing
Figure skating
Freestyle skiing
Ice hockey
Luge
Nordic combined
Short track
Ski jumping

Speed skating

Annual cross-country events are organized throughout Norway, attracting a great number of participants. Such events are not restricted to athletes, but include "keep fit" categories that allow more people to participate. Enjoying the exercise and nature is as important as achieving the fastest time and winning prizes in these events.

Biathlon was first included in the Winter Olympic program in 1960. It is a cross-country skiing race interspersed with shooting contests. Norwegians are very strong cross-country skiers and have won most of the cross-country skiing medals in the Winter Olympics over the years.

Alpine skiing has also gained a lot of followers, as has freestyle , which is a relatively newer sport. Norwegians are among the world's best in freestyle.

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Speed skating 🚰 used to be a large spectator and participation sport on a par with cross-country skiing. Cross-country skiing, ski jumping, and Alpine skiing seem to have taken over and overshadowed speed skating, although Norwegian speed skaters are among the best in the world.

In winter in Norway, every sheet of ice is covered with children playing hockey or skating. Indoor rinks are also used for skating and ice hockey. While other Scandinavians huddle around fireplaces, Norwegians bundle up and go out skiing. This could explain the reason why they have won such an astounding number of medals in the Winter Olympics.



After Reading

Answer true or false.

- 1. _____ Norwegians go cross-country skiing in their free time.
- 2. ____ The use of skis dates back to about a century ago.
- 3. _____ Telemark skis are narrower in the middle and have soft heel bindings.
- 4. ____ Amundsen was the first man to reach the South Pole in 1911.
- 5. ____ Annual cross-country events are restricted to "keep fit" categories.
- 6. _____ Speed skating used to be very popular.
- 7. _____ Norwegians are the best in Alpine skiing.
- 8. ____ Children skate and play hockey on sheets of ice.

Speaking <a>



- 1. Work in pairs or groups. Name at least two Olympic medalists from Saudi Arabia. Which sports did they compete in? Are these sports popular in your country?
- 2. Research and collect information about popular sports in your country. Make notes in the chart. Then use your notes to talk about the sports you have chosen.
- 3. What is your opinion? Do you enjoy watching or participating in some of these sports? Why? Why not?

Name of sport	Individual or team sport	How and where it is played	What the objective is	Why it is popular
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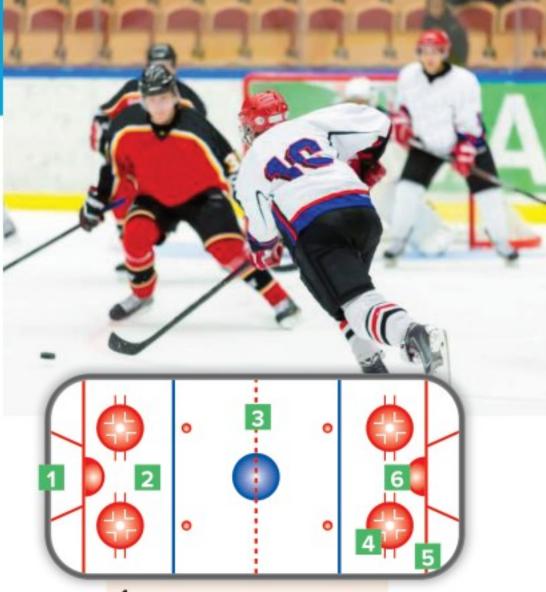
8 The Sporting Life

10 Writing



- A. Do you know how ice hockey is played? Look at the picture and guess. Compare ideas/information in class.
 - Read the first part of the text and label the different parts of the ice hockey rink (your team is on the left).
 - Read and find out. Then discuss/compare answers in class.
 - How many players does each team have? What kind of players are they?
 - · What is the objective of the game?
 - What kind of equipment do players use?
 - · What is allowed? What is not allowed?
 - · What are "bodychecks"? Why are they used?
 - · How does the puck move?
 - · How long are penalties?
 - 3. Use the appropriate words or phrases as headings.

Penalties	Moving the puck	Equipment
Players	Stopping the game	The Rink



1.	
2.	defending zone
3.	
4.	
_	

5. _____ 6. ____

Ice hockey is played on a rink that is 200 feet (61 meters) long and 85 feet (26 meters) wide with painted lines to indicate various zones. The area behind the blue line of a team's side is called its **defending zone**. The area behind the opponent's blue line is the **attacking zone**, and the area between the two blue lines is the **neutral zone**. There are two sets of **goal posts** at either end of the rink with a net attached behind them. The red line between the two posts is the **goal line**. The area in front of the goal is called the **crease**.

The objective of the game is to score goals by shooting the **puck**, a hard rubber disk, into the opponent's net. The players control the puck with a long **stick** curved at one end. They also wear a lot of padding and helmets to avoid getting hurt.

Players are not allowed to use their hands in order to redirect the puck nor pass it to their teammates, unless they are in the defensive zone. They may redirect the puck with any other part of their bodies, but not kick it.

The boards surrounding the ice keep the puck in the rink and are used to "bodycheck" opponents, i.e. push them against the boards in order to stop their progress. Play can also be stopped if a goal is knocked out of position. It is then restarted with a face-off, i.e. two players face each other on the ice and try to gain control of the puck that an official drops to the ice.

If an offensive player interferes with a goaltender's defense he is given a **penalty** and sent to the **penalty box** for two to five minutes.

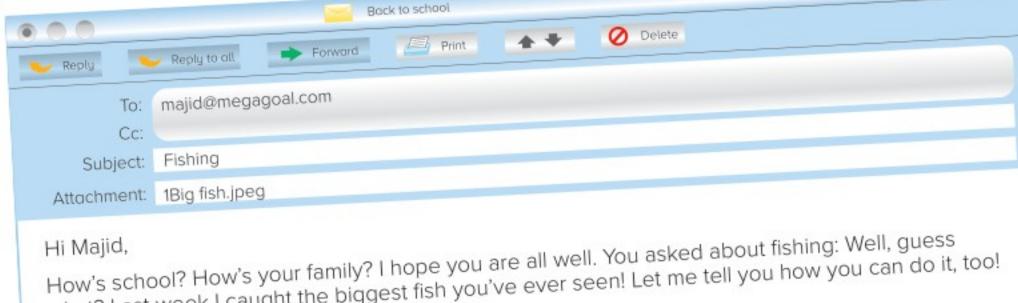
Check you have understood the instructions on how to play the game. Close your book and tell your partner.

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- B. 1. Choose a sport or a recreational activity that you like doing.
 - 2. Think about the sport or activity and make notes in the chart. Add more steps/stages if necessary.
 - 3. Use your notes to write an email to your friend giving information about your sport or recreational activity.

Name of sport or recreational activity:					
Where can you do this activity?					
When can you do this activity? e.g., summer, winter, etc.					
Do you need any special equip- ment to take part in this activity?					
What do you have to do to prepare for this activity? What is involved in doing this activity? e.g., stages, rules etc.					
Why do you like this activity?					
Would you recommend this sport or activity to your friend? Why?					



what? Last week I caught the biggest fish you've ever seen! Let me tell you how you can do it, too!

The first thing you need to do is prepare your line with bait ...

I'm attaching a photo of me fishing with my dad! We look good, huh? I'm really looking forward to seeing you again. Send me all your news soon.

Your friend,

Ali

Writing Corner

When you write an email to a friend giving news and instructions:

- greet and sign off the email in an informal manner, e.g., Hi/Hello/Dear ...
- write as if you are speaking to your friend directly.
- give your news e.g., school, a recent activity you have taken up.
- if the reader doesn't know the sport or activity, give details about what's involved and the stages

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- and steps.
- hand over the first draft to someone else to read and comment on.

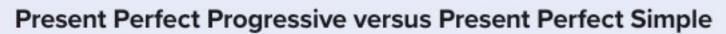
edit and rewrite.

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f 11 Form, Meaning and Function lacksquare





Use the present perfect progressive tense to talk about an action that started in the past and has a connection with the present time. The action may or may not have finished.

Use the present perfect progressive to emphasize the results of the action.

Use the present perfect progressive to say how long something has been happening.

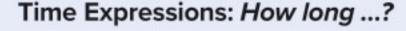
Use the present perfect simple to say how many things have been done.

Present Perfect Progressive

Present Perfect Simple

How long **have** you **been learning** to ski? I have **been learning** how to ski for six months.

I have attended five cross-country skiing events.



Use the present perfect progressive tense with for to indicate the duration of the action: for two months, for a year, for a long time.

Use the present perfect progressive with since to indicate when the action began: since yesterday, since last June, since 2010.

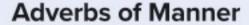
Use the present perfect progressive with all... and so on to talk about the duration of the action, which may or may not have finished: all day, all week, all month, all year, all my life.

A. Read the words in the chart below and find the sport that connects them. Complete the chart below with the name of the sport.

1swimming	2	3	4	5
goggles	board	snow	trainers	boots
swim hat	sea	slope	net	gloves
swimwear	swimwear	mountain	ball	shorts
flippers	sail	gloves	racket	ring
pool	wind	snow boots	shorts	mouth guard
		skis		

- B. Compare your answers in exercise A with a partner. Ask and answer about different sports. Use the chart above for ideas and use the present perfect progressive tense.
- A: Do you know how to ski?
 - **B:** Yes, I do. **I have been skiing** since I was ten years old. How about you?
 - A: I don't know how to ski, but I know how to play football.
 - B: How long have you been playing football?





Adverbs of manner express how something is done. They are normally formed by adding -ly to an adjective.

He explained carefully. How did he explain?

Sometimes an adjective and adverb have the same form.

He's a **fast** runner. → He runs **fast**. He's a hard worker. → He works hard.

The adverb form of good is well.

Yes. He's a good diver. He dives really well. Can Ali dive?

Comparative Forms of Adjectives and Adverbs

The comparative form of most one syllable adjectives and adverbs is formed by adding -er: slow-slower; fast-faster; hard-harder.

Some comparative forms of adjectives are irregular: good-better; bad-worse

The comparative form of most two or more syllable adjectives and adverbs is formed by adding more: difficult—more difficult; carefully—more carefully.

Adjective Comparative

The **youngest** athlete was **faster** than all the others. Football is **more thrilling** than basketball.

Adverb Comparative

The man climbed **higher** and **higher** up the mountain.

The earthquake got stronger and the walls shook more violently.

Than and As ... As

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Use than to compare two people, animals, things, ideas or situations.

That athlete trains harder than all the other athletes.

Use as ... as to show two items are the same in some way.

Skiing is as dangerous as snowboarding.

Use not as ... as to show two items are not the same in some way.

The fold-up bicycle is **not as bulky as** a regular bicycle.

C. Read the advertisement for winter ski vacations. Complete the gaps with the appropriate word(s).

	There is more to a winter trip than just skiing!
	Are you thinking of going on skiing vacation? Do you ski as (1. good) as your family? If not, then don't despair. There is lot more to a trip to the snow (2.) skiing. There are lots of things you can do: snowboarding, bob-sled riding, snow scooting and the (3. late) craze, snow rafting.
	Snowboarding is the
ويلحتاا	And remember, building a snowman is as fun (10.) any sport!
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12 Project



A long list of different sports and events are included in the Summer Olympics, such as:

Archery	Boxing	Equestrian	Gymnastics	Rowing	Table tennis	Volleyball
Athletics	Canoeing	Fencing	Handball	Sailing	Taekwondo	Water polo
Badminton	Cycling	Field hockey	Judo	Shooting	Tennis	Weightlifting
Basketball	Diving	Football	Pentathlon	Swimming	Triathlon	Wrestling

- 1. Circle the ones that you are familiar with. Find out if your classmates know more about the sports/events that you are not familiar with.
- 2. Work in pairs or groups.
 - · Research and find out which sports/ events are the most popular ones.
 - · Choose two popular sports/events to research and collect information about.
 - · Use the chart to make notes and select photos/pictures.
 - Design and make a poster to display on the wall of your classroom for your classmates to read.
 - · Answer questions about your poster.



	Name of sport/event	1	2
	Date it was introduced in the Olympics		
	History (place of origin, development, popularity, key people)		
	Objective (of game/sport/event)		
	First and latest gold medalists and countries of origin		
	Current status in the Olympics and the World Championship		
مناد تاریخ Ministru of Educa	Preparation of athletes (inclusion in the Olympics, semi-finals, or finals)		

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13 Self Reflection

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		-	
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	•	_	
			•
			•

Things that I found difficult in Unit 8:

Unit 8 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about the Olympics, sports and athletes			
encourage and express confidence in someone			
explain steps in a process or game			
use gerunds as subjects			
use the superlative + present perfect			
use the present perfect progressive versus present perfect simple			
ask: How long?			
use adverbs of manner			
use comparative forms and structures with adjectives and adverbs			

My five favorite new words from Unit 8:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 8:
	 read through the unit again listen to the audio material study the grammar and functions from the unit again ask your teacher for help

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EXPANSION Units 5–8

Language Review 🗾



- A. Write a response to each question. Include the word in parentheses and either too or enough.
- Why are you getting rid of this rug? (worn) It's too worn.
- 1. Why can't we make a cake before the guests arrive? (time)
- 2. Why are you turning on more lights? (dark)
- 3. Why don't you like driving with him? (dangerously)
- 4. Why don't you like this landscape? (trees)
- 5. Why isn't he running in the marathon this weekend? (lazy)
- 6. Why don't you like small rooms? (claustrophobic)
- 7. Why do you find him difficult to understand? (quickly)
- 8. Why aren't you going to the game tonight? (tired)
- 9. Why don't you like this couch? (comfortable)
- B. Form sentences by combining items from Boxes A and B. Use a gerund as the subject of each sentence. You can use words from Box B more than once.
- Losing your keys is irritating.

Box A

fill out forms

litter

lose your keys

read about scientific discoveries

sit in a sauna

skydive

touch your ear with your tongue

witness a crime

Box B

boring

exciting

fascinating

frightening

impossible

irresponsible irritating

relaxing

1			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7	• •		





interesting event / read about

A: What is the most interesting event you've ever read about?

B: The G20 2020 Summit hosted in Riyadh is the most interesting event I've ever read about.



1.	beautiful place / visit
2.	exciting city / visit
3.	tall building / see
4.	good book / read
5.	spicy food / eat
6.	hard thing / do
7.	famous person / meet
8.	scary film / watch
9.	far place / travel
0.	thoughtful present / receive
Wi	rite a story about the picture. Use grammar points from Units 5–8.

D. Write a story about the picture. Use gramm	nmar points from Units 5–8
---	----------------------------

	mu	ltiple	e ad	ject	ives
--	----	--------	------	------	------

 \square too and enough

gerunds as subjects

□ subjunctive

☐ adverbs of manner

☐ gerunds after verbs

☐ infinitive after verbs

☐ superlative and present perfect



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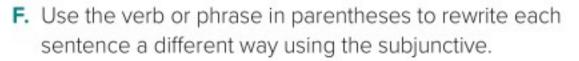
EXPANSION Units 5–8

E. Write sentences using two or three adjectives to describe the following things.



It has expensive new computer labs.

- 1. your room
- 2. this book
- 3. your favorite piece of clothing
- 4. a place to visit
- 5. your favorite food
- 6. the last car you rode in



You should put on sunscreen before lying out in the sun. (recommend)

I recommend that you put on sunscreen before lying out in the sun.

 You must take this medication every day to get rid of the infection. (it is essential)



- 3. My mother tells people to take off their shoes before they enter our house. (insist)
- 4. When I have a dinner party, I tell each guest to bring an appetizer or a dessert. (ask)
- If you want to conserve water, you should not leave the water running when you brush your teeth. (it is important)
- 6. The viewers wanted the TV station to broadcast the program again. (request)



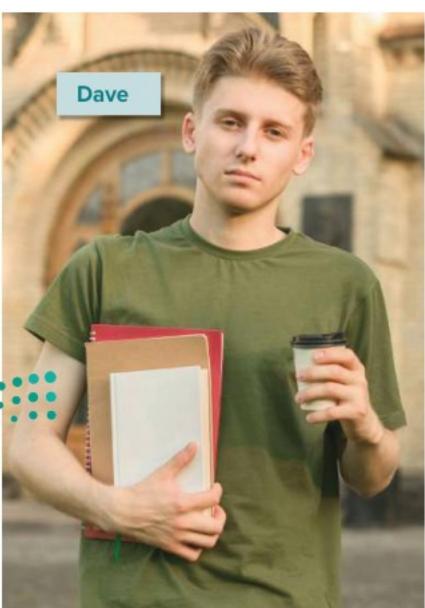






- G. Write a sentence that each person might say to the other using I'd like you + infinitive or I want you + infinitive.
- a customer to a tailor
 I'd like you to shorten these pants about an inch.
 - 1. a dentist to a patient
 - 2. a therapist to a client
 - 3. a lawyer to a witness
 - 4. a manager to a salesperson
 - 5. a father to a teenage son
 - 6. a photographer to a person being photographed
- H. Circle the correct verb forms. Sometimes both the gerund and the infinitive forms are correct.
 - 1. We enjoy (watching / to watch) silly game shows.
 - 2. Did you agree (helping / to help) her plan the dinner?
 - 3. After working for the company for 8 years, he's finally decided (getting / to get) a different job.
 - 4. The gardener is going to quit (using / to use) pesticides on his vegetables.
 - 5. I'm only planning (staying / to stay) here for an hour or two.
 - 6. I avoid (buying / to buy) products that have a lot of packaging.
 - 7. When did you start (noticing / to notice) the symptoms?
 - 8. My supermarket just stopped (using / to use) plastic bags.
 - 9. After winning the grand prize in racing, he needed (learning / to learn) to relax and take it easy.
 - 10. I keep (having / to have) a dream about taking an exam that I'm not prepared for!
- Look at the pictures. Write short paragraphs about Dave and Jasim.
 Use the verbs from the box + a gerund or infinitive.

avoid enjoy keep plan decide intend learn prefer





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EXPANSION Units 5–8

2 Reading



Before Reading

- 1. Has anyone ever played a trick on you? If so, explain what happened.
- 2. Have you ever played a trick on someone else? If so, explain what you did.

Can You Believe

They Believed It?

In many countries around the world, the first day of April is a day for playing tricks and pulling pranks. Many of the most amusing and memorable tricks that have been played on this day have been perpetrated by the media.



Perhaps one of the funniest pranks to have ever been pulled off happened on April 1, 1957. On this day, a well-respected British news show called Panorama aired a segment focusing on a supposed spaghetti harvest in southern Switzerland! The anchorman explained that the mild winter had resulted in a huge spaghetti crop. As the anchorman gave details about the "spaghetti crop," video footage was shown of Swiss people pulling fresh, long strands of spaghetti off of "spaghetti trees" and putting them in baskets.

Convincing viewers wasn't very difficult. Apparently, this segment was realistic enough to fool a huge number of people. Hundreds of fascinated viewers called into the

television station wanting to find out how they could grow their own spaghetti tree. They were told, "Place a sprig of spaghetti in a tin of tomato sauce and hope for the best." As one studio worker remembers, "The more people called, the harder we laughed."

Another nationally broadcast prank occurred in Sweden in 1962. At the time the country had only one television channel, and it broadcast in black and white. The station had their technical expert announce to the viewers that a new technology had been created. Astonished viewers listened as he explained that this technology would make it possible to see color images on their black and white television sets. Accomplishing this was easy, he assured the audience. He explained that all that viewers needed to do to convert their black and white televisions to color was to pull a nylon stocking over the screen. He also advised moving one's head very carefully back and forth to see the best picture. Many viewers got excited,

• and thousands ried it. Today many Swedes still recall family members running around the house trying to find nylon stockings to place over their

television set.

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Another remarkable prank was pulled by an Australian news program in 1975. On the program that evening it was announced that Australia would be converting to "metric time." It was explained that under metric time, there would be 100 seconds in a minute, 100 minutes in an hour, and 20 hours in a day. It was also explained that seconds would become *millidays*, minutes would become *centidays*, and hours would become *decidays*. The report had many convincing details, including an interview with South Australia's deputy premier and a shot of Adelaide's town hall clock, with its "new" 10-hour metric clock face. Many people fell for the trick. Some even got angry about it. One viewer was particularly irritated because, as he explained,

he had just bought a new clock and thought that it was now useless.

Sometimes it seems the sillier the hoax, the more likely people are to fall for it! So the next time you hear something that sounds too silly to be true, look at your calendar and make sure that it isn't April first!

After Reading

- A. Match the words to their synonyms.
 - 1. ____ prank
 - 2. ____supposed
 - 3. ____ memorable
 - 4. ____ convert
 - 5. ____ perpetrate
 - **6.** _____ hoax
 - **7.** _____footage

- a. trick
- b. practical joke
- c. be responsible for
- **d.** apparent
- e. change
- f. significant
- g. TV or film coverage
- B. Answer the questions.
 - 1. What do all of the tricks mentioned in the reading have in common?
 - 2. What footage was shown on Panorama to support the spaghetti harvest trick?
 - 3. What did the "technical expert" of Sweden's television station instruct viewers to do on April 1, 1962?
 - 4. What trick did an Australian news program play in 1975?
 - 5. What convincing details did the Australian news program use to support their claim?

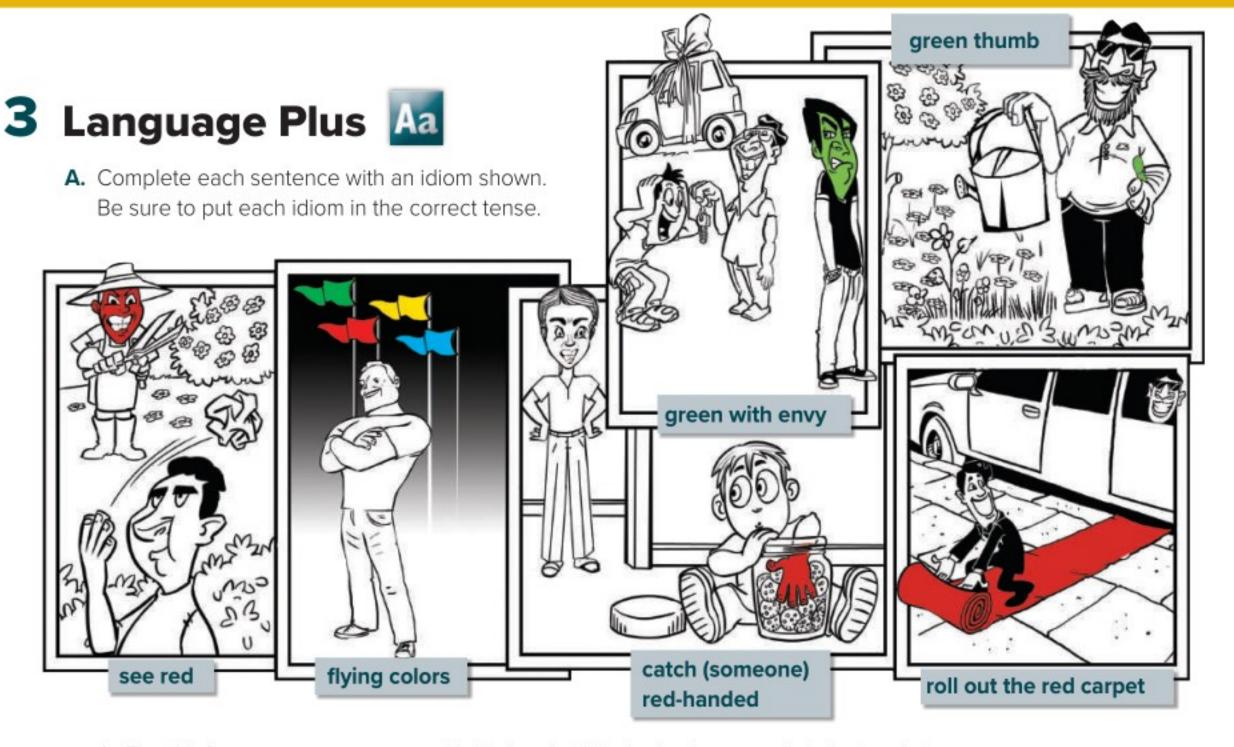
Discussion

- Is it OK to play tricks on people? Explain.
- 2. What kind of tricks do you think are all right to play?
- 3. What kind of tricks do you think should not be played?



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EXPANSION Units 5–8



- 1. The thief was _____ with his hand still in the businessman's jacket pocket.
- 2. Look at my garden. No matter how hard I try, nothing grows. I guess I don't have a _____
- 3. When I found out that my sister had taken my cell phone without my permission and then lost it,
- 4. When our grandparents came to visit, we took them to all the best restaurants in town. We really
- 5. I passed the test in every subject with ______
- 6. He has my dream job. I was _____ when he first told me about it.

4 Writing



Tools for Writing: Common Errors with Prepositions

Verbs that are followed by a certain preposition in English may be followed by a different preposition or no preposition at all in your language. In order to make sure your writing is grammatically correct, it is important to learn which verbs are used with which prepositions in English. Study the following verbs + prepositions.

look for

Can you help me **look for** my keys? NOT: Can you help me look my keys?

ask for

We need to ask for some help.

NOT: We need to ask help.

depend on

We may not go. It depends on the weather.

ارت N@T: It depends of the weather.

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smile at

My mother was so proud. She kept **smiling at** me.

NOT: She kept smiling of me.

remind of

She reminds me of my grandmother.

NOT: She reminds me my grandmother.

congratulate on

She congratulated him on the new job.

Not: She congratulated him by his new job.

Writing Prompt

Write an expository essay about what different colors, symbols, customs, or gestures mean in your culture. Say what you think this shows about your culture. Include grammar points from Units 5–8.

In an expository essay, the writer explains, describes, or gives information about a subject.

Write Your Expository Essay

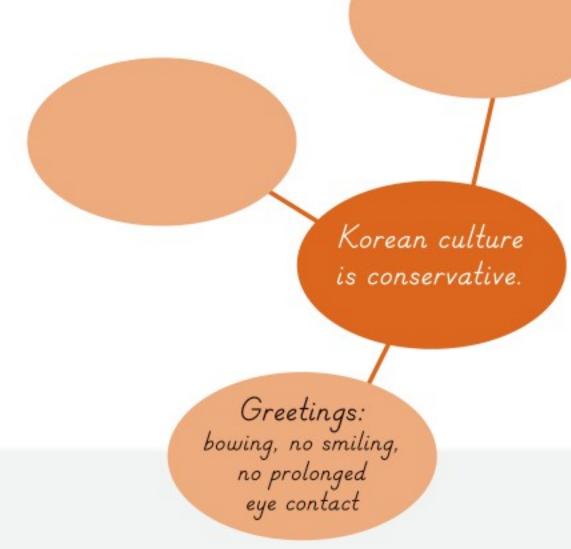
- Decide whether you will write about colors, symbols, customs, or gestures in your culture.
 What do you think these show about your culture? This will be your topic sentence.
- Use a chart to organize your ideas. Write your topic sentence in the center circle.
 Then write ideas which support this topic sentence in the surrounding circles.
- 3. Write a draft of your expository essay.
- Have a partner read and comment on your draft. Use your partner's comments and suggestions to revise your essay.

Developing Your Writing: Body Paragraphs that Support the Topic Sentence

The paragraphs of an essay between the introduction and conclusion are called the body of the essay. Each body paragraph must have one main idea, as well as examples, definitions, facts, or statistics which support that main idea. The main idea of each body paragraph must relate to and support the topic sentence in the introduction.

As you write the body of your essay, ask yourself:

- Does each paragraph have one main idea?
- Is this main idea supported by examples, definitions, facts, and/or statistics?
- Does each paragraph support the topic sentence in the introduction?



Customs and Gestures in Korean Culture

To understand the perspective of Korean people, it is important to understand their customs and gestures. I believe that Korean customs and gestures show that the Korean culture is quite traditional and conservative.

One aspect of Korean culture that is traditional and conservative is greeting people. Korean people usually bow when they meet one another. When Koreans are introduced to someone for the first time, they generally do not smile. Smiling is reserved for informal occasions. Koreans also consider staring impolite. We prefer to make only brief eye contact. When meeting a Korean person, I suggest you avoid looking into his/her eyes for more than a moment or two...

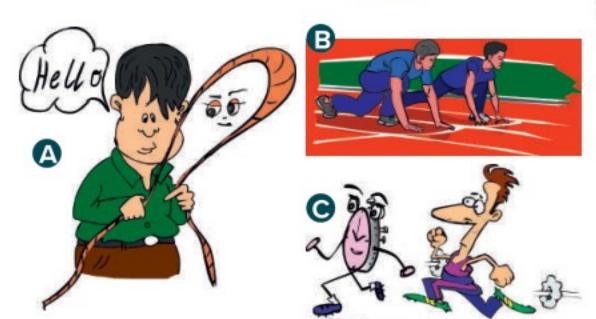


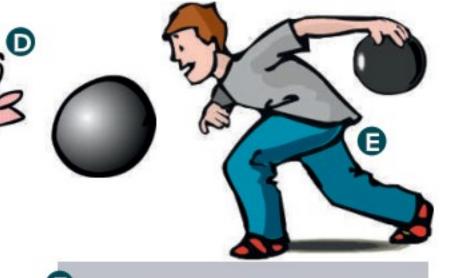
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EXPANSION Units 5–8

5 Language Plus Aa









Match these idioms about sports to the pictures. Then use each idiom in a sentence of your own.

- We had to race against time to complete the project on time.
- 2. _____ Someone needs to get the ball rolling; we can't keep on talking about things and not take action.
- 3. _____ You'd better ask Andy about how to get some stationery, he knows the ropes.
- 4. _____ You need to keep your eye on the ball if you want things to run smoothly.
- 5. ____ Having worked through the night we found out that the subject had changed so we had to start from scratch and make a new poster.
- In her attempt to do the best she could, she went overboard and invited far too many guests to the wedding.

6 Writing



Tools for Writing: Avoiding Wordy Sentences

Wordy sentences can make it difficult for readers to understand your meaning. Try to write clear and direct sentences so that your ideas are easy to follow.

Avoid unnecessary repetition of words or ideas.

Wordy: All the clothes in her wardrobe are quirky and unusual.

Revised: Her wardrobe is quirky.

Delete unnecessary words and replace wordy phrases with more concise words.

Wordy: In spite of the fact that they don't have much in common, they still seem to get along. Revised: Although they do not have much in common, they still get along.

Wordy Phrase	Replace With	Wordy Phrase	Replace With
The reasonis that	Because	At the present time	Now
An example is	For example	As a matter of fact	In fact
in order to in the event that	То	I think / I believe	(nothing)
n the event that	lf	In my opinion	(nothing)
In spite of	Although	In conclusion	(nothing)
العالمة المتالة	Because	The reason why	(nothing)

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Writing Prompt

Write about a hoax. Explain the effect the hoax had. Include grammar points from Units 5–8.

Write Your Essay

- 1. Decide on the hoax you will write about.
- 2. Use a cause-and-effect chart to organize your ideas. Remember that a cause is something that makes something else happen. An effect is something that results from an action.
- 3. Write a draft of your essay.

however

Have a partner read and comment on your draft.
 Use your partner's comments to revise your essay.

Developing You	ır Writing: Tran	sition V	/ords	
Transition words tie ideas and se transitions, so th ideas more easi	ntences togethe at readers can f	er to cre	eate smo	oother
Time Transition	Words			
afterward as soon as	before during	finally next	/	suddenly then
Cause and Effe	ct Transition W	ords		
because of as a result	due to if then	since there		
Comparison Tra	nsition Words			
another way as	in the same v likewise	way	one w similar	
Contrast Transi	tion Words			
although	nevertheless		still	

otherwise

Cause —	→ Effect

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The Man Who Thought He Had Inherited 12 Million Dollars
Martin received an email claiming that he had inherited a huge
sum of money from a bank in an African country. The letter said that
a wealthy relative had died and had left him all the money. The letter
asked him to send all his details and bank account number to the
address enclosed and he would be told how he could get the money.
Martin's dream was to be rich and be able to buy a lot of expensive
things. So he
J

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yet

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1 Connected by Technology

VOCABULARY

Nouns

acronym asthma disbelief double hike

inhibition loner mobility paramedic wonder

Verbs

contribute depend feature network perform post

swarm

victim

Adjectives

cyber desperate determining extraordinary inseparable obsessed unique virtual

Adjectives to describe people

down to earth laid back spontaneous straightforward

EXPRESSIONS

Proverbs

Better late than never.

Honesty is the best policy.

Laughter is the best medicine.

Nothing ventured, nothing gained.

Silence is golden.

The apple doesn't fall far from the tree.

Asking for clarification and confirming

Can you explain it?
Does that make sense?
How do you . . .?
I get it.
What does that mean?

Real Talk

get it got the hang of it hang out Hold on. How on earth?

2 Crime Doesn't Pay

VOCABULARY

Nouns

blunder inmate
burglar misdemeanor
coincidence pavement
display pickpocket
fraud precaution
getaway car suspect

Verbs

abandon assume break into charge decline hijack install insure sentence

Adjectives

compact grim unauthorized

EXPRESSIONS

Ordering

At this point . . .
Consequently
Once . . .
To begin with . . .

Real Talk

Are you kidding? by accident Come on. easy mark

I'm positive. let your guard down nabbed

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3

VOCABULARY

Nouns

canopy characteristic conservation deforestation ecosystem igloo incentive ranger reduction surface toiletries trekking tweezers

Verb

encounter preserve

Adjectives

breathtaking commercial COZY lush remote pristine stunning tasteful undisturbed widespread

Adverbs of degree

absolutely almost barely completely enough extremely hardly just nearly quite rather relatively scarcely SO too very

Sentence adverbs

actually admittedly apparently certainly clearly evidently frankly honestly naturally obviously officially presumably probably undoubtedly (un)fortunately

EXPRESSIONS

Making and declining special requests

Do you think it would be possible . . .? I wish it were possible, but . . . I wonder if it would be possible . . . I'm afraid (we) can't . . . That won't be possible . . . The problem is . . . Unfortunately, that's not possible . . . We can't do it because . . .

Real Talk

a drag Awesome! crummy don't get it red-eye





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VOCABULARY

Nouns

acclaim affluence appeal contestant documentary episode evolution host milestone

obstacle course panel patent portion prototype treatment version

Verbs

air plate broadcast patent conceive plot demonstrate propose feature tamper fulfill transmit launch

Adjectives

adequate culinary cutting distinct disturbing factual feasible fictional

forensic illustrious innovative mysterious pending prosperous puzzling

EXPRESSIONS

Expressing certainty

I'm sure/certain/positive that . . . I'm telling you that . . . It's obvious that . . . There's no question that . . .

Real Talk

get a kick out of all bugs Nah C'mon. remote couch potato

Kinds of TV programs

crime drama game show morning show motoring series quiz show sitcom sports program

EXPANSION Units 1-4

VOCABULARY

Nouns

armload funeral inspiration mourning precaution purity spa tendency tranquility truckload virus

Verbs

associate contract download infiltrate manipulate offload overload represent symbolize unleash upload urge

Adjective

calming fatal vibrant



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VOCABULARY

Nouns

allergen income infection alternative callus satisfaction fabric status flair trend

Verbs

analyze identify appreciate monitor cooperate prune utilize cure determine embed entail

Adjectives

alert captive identical methodical respectful tremendous

Jobs

arborist air traffic controller engineer race car driver pediatrician social worker surgeon telemarketer zoologist

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EXPRESSIONS

Asking for favors

Do me a favor and . . . Do you think you could . . .? I hate to ask, but . . . I'd really appreciate it if you would . . . What are the chances you could . . .? Would it be possible/too much trouble . . .?

Real Talk

cover help me out in a bind jump ship

keep it to yourself No kidding? take off Will do.

6

VOCABULARY

Nouns

bagful sacrifice self-reliance consumption efficiency source impact thermostat landfill utility perspective waste pesticides wrapper power outage vacuum

Verbs

accumulate access conserve rely

Adjectives

bold committed enormous glossy harsh organic reusable

EXPRESSIONS

Making suggestions

Don't you think it would be a good idea + infinitive? How about + gerund?

r you don't mind I'd like to suggest + gerund . . . • If you... I think you'll find . . .

You might want to consider + gerund . . .

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Real Talk

a hassle a no-brainer a piece of cake chuck I guess. lame

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There's No Place Like Home

VOCABULARY

Nouns

adobe furniture architect hub loyalty asset atmosphere mortar budget plot shelter canyon cliff sorrow comfort suburbs

Verbs

comfort cripple cultivate drain give off lodge nurture shelter

Adjectives

enticing numerous potential resounding worn

EXPRESSIONS

Describing what you are looking for

I'm looking for . . . What I have in mind is . . . I'd love to find . . . I'm hoping to find . . . I have my heart set on . . . It's essential that I find . . .

Real Talk

an arm and a leg Cool! grand Hold on! megabucks out of touch reality check

The Sporting Life 8

VOCABULARY

Nouns

Alpine skiing cross-country skiing freestyle skiing

goaltender hurdle ice hockey marathon medal

merit milestone penalty practice procession puck rink ski jumping spectator terrain

Verbs

commemorate found intersperse originate revive

Adjectives

astounding defensive offensive stiff thrilling

EXPRESSIONS

Encouraging and expressing confidence in someone

(I know) You can do it. I have confidence/faith in you.

There's no question in my mind . . .

- You'll do great
- You're going to knock 'em dead / knock their socks off. You've got what it takes.

Real Talk

down pat guts mess up psyched up for You bet!

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EXPANSION Units 5–8

VOCABULARY

Nouns

anchorman crop footage harvest hoax

nylon stocking prank segment

Verbs

accomplish convert fall for perpetrate pull off recall

Adjectives

claustrophobic supposed memorable useless

EXPRESSIONS

Idioms

catch (someone) red-handed flying colors get the ball rolling go overboard green thumb green with envy keep your eye on the ball know the ropes race against time roll out the red carpet see red start from scratch

9 Laugh Out Loud

VOCABULARY

Nouns

antibody prop equivalent script mood sitcom

Verbs

enhance gratify prompt stimulate

Adjectives

astonished bilingual breathtaking cardiovascular fake fascinated genuine hearty irritated pediatric puzzled remarkable tasteful

EXPRESSIONS

Telling and responding to a joke

Did you hear the one about . . .?
Do you get it?
I don't get it.
I have a good one.

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Real Talk

blow me away cheer you up getting to killer to tell you the truth

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You Are What You Eat 10

VOCABULARY

Nouns

aroma debt delicacy existence feast gratitude indulgence pastry peak quandary staple taste bud toxin vendor

Verbs

distinguish maintain skip (a meal) substitute waft

Adjectives

appetizing booming delectable exorbitant

extravagant famished immense licensed

phenomenal picky soggy succulent

phrasal verbs

Three-word

catch up on come down with come up with cut down on drop out of feel up to get along with get away with get down to get rid of load up on look down on look forward to make do with run out of take care of

Nonseparable phrasal verbs

call for come across come from go on look into run into tire of turn out

Separable phrasal verbs

burn off talk over tell apart figure out fit in think over give up throw out gobble down throw away turn down point out put on turn into wake up send back whip up take off take out

EXPRESSIONS

Offering, accepting, and declining food and drink

Can I give you some more . . .? . . . I'm stuffed. No thank you . . . Please help yourself to . . . Thank you, but I couldn't eat another bite.

Thanks, I'd love a little/ some more . . . Would you like to try the . . .?

Real Talk

Come to think of it have a sweet tooth in no time

quite the (something) spread whipped it up

Amazing Animals 11

VOCABULARY

Nouns

bond compassion consciousness duration exterminator

intake life expectancy mammal recovery residence

Verbs

adapt canter gallop honor speculate whistle

Adjectives

abstract aggressive alert deliberate

disturbed domesticated marine pampered

EXPRESSIONS

Asking for advice

Could you ackse me on . . .? How should I handle it when . . .? I really need some advice on . . . What do (you suggest) I do about . . .?

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Giving advice

I (strongly) advise you to . . . If I were you . . . It would be (a) good (idea) to . . . It's not (a) good (idea) to . . .

Real Talk

24/7 back to the drawing board calling the shots get to the point Hang in there!

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12 What Would You Do?

VOCABULARY

Nouns

condition diagnosis dilemma disorder downside ethics potential

Verbs

consider peek
disapprove reason
dread undergo
inherit vanish
motivate

Adjectives

controversial ethical genetic moral preventative reluctant responsible tempted treatable

EXPRESSIONS

Giving an opinion

As far as I'm concerned . . .
I feel / I believe . . .
I would think/say that . . .
In my opinion . . .
It seems to me that . . .
The way I see it . . .

Real Talk

blow the whistle on call I wouldn't put it past him. rotten

EXPANSION Units 9-12

VOCABULARY

Nouns

advantage brain wave device egg white

Verbs

carry out convert flip through implant regain

Adjectives

alleged disabled dramatic effective far-fetched paralyzed skeptical various wireless

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EXPRESSIONS

Idioms

give (someone) a piece of (one's) mind have a lot on (one's) mind keep an open mind keep (one's) mind off of (something) lose (one's) mind et (one's) mind at ease

egg yolk

potential

sensation

portion



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Irregular Verbs

wake (up) woke (up) woken (up) woken (up) worn won won	se Form	Simple Past	Past Participle
become became become break broke broken buy bought bought come came come cut cut cut do did done drowe driven drowe driven drove driven eat ate eaten fall fell fallen fall fell feld fall fall fall fall fall fall fall feld fed fight fought fought fought fought fought found feld	be	was/were	been
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MEGAGOAL 2 Audio Track List

CD1 Track	Unit	St	udent Book Section
2	Connect	1	Listen and Discuss
3	Connect	3	Conversation
4	Connect	4	Listening
5 6 7 8 9	Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1	1 4 5 6 8 10	Listen and Discuss Conversation Listening Pronunciation Reading Writing
11	Unit 2	1	Listen and Discuss
12	Unit 2	4	Conversation
13	Unit 2	5	Listening
14	Unit 2	6	Pronunciation
15	Unit 2	8	Reading
16	Unit 2	10	Writing
17	Unit 3	1	Listen and Discuss
18	Unit 3	4	Conversation
19	Unit 3	5	Listening
20	Unit 3	6	Pronunciation
21	Unit 3	8	Reading
22	Unit 3	10	Writing
23	Unit 4	1	Listen and Discuss
24	Unit 4	4	Conversation
25	Unit 4	5	Listening
26	Unit 4	6	Pronunciation
27	Unit 4	8	Reading
28	Unit 4	10	Writing
29	EXPANSION	2	Reading
30	Units 1–4		Reading

Track	Unit	Student Book Section		
2	Unit 5	1	Listen and Discuss	
3	Unit 5	4	Conversation	
4	Unit 5	5	Listening	
5	Unit 5	6	Pronunciation	
6	Unit 5	8	Reading	
7	Unit 5	10	Writing	
8	Unit 6	1	Listen and Discuss	
9	Unit 6	4	Conversation	
10	Unit 6	5	Listening	
11	Unit 6	6	Pronunciation	
12	Unit 6	8	Reading	
13	Unit 6	10	Writing	

14	Unit 7	1	Listen and Discuss
15	Unit 7	4	Conversation
16	Unit 7	5	Listening
17	Unit 7	6	Pronunciation
18	Unit 7	8	Reading
19	Unit 7	10	Writing
20	Unit 8	1	Listen and Discuss
21	Unit 8	4	Conversation
22	Unit 8	5	Listening
23	Unit 8	6	Pronunciation
24	Unit 8	8	Reading
25	Unit 8	10	Writing
	EXPANSION		
26	Units 5-8	2	Reading

CD3			
Track	Unit	St	udent Book Section
2	Update	1	Listen and Discuss
3	Update	3	Conversation
4	Update	4	Pronunciation
5	Update	5	Listening
6	Unit 9	1	Listen and Discuss
7	Unit 9	4	Conversation
8	Unit 9	5	Listening
9	Unit 9	6	Pronunciation
10	Unit 9	8	Reading
11	Unit 9	10	Writing
12	Unit 10	1	Listen and Discuss
13	Unit 10	4	Conversation
14	Unit 10	5	Listening
15	Unit 10	6	Pronunciation
16	Unit 10	8	Reading
17	Unit 10	10	Writing
18	Unit 11	1	Listen and Discuss
19	Unit 11	4	Conversation
20	Unit 11	5	Listening
21	Unit 11	6	Pronunciation
22	Unit 11	8	Reading
23	Unit 11	10	Writing
24	Unit 12	1	Listen and Discuss
25	Unit 12	4	Conversation
26	Unit 12	5	Listening
27	Unit 12	6	Pronunciation
28	Unit 12	8	Reading
29	Unit 12	10	Writing
30	EXPANSION Units 9–12	2	Reading



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وراره الحع

MEGA

2

WORKBOOK

MANUEL DOS SANTOS

JILL KOREY O'SULLIVAN ELI GHAZEL - DANAE KOZANOGLOU





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MegaGoal 2 Workbook

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5 Working 9 to 5

A	Match	the job	titles	with	the	job	descriptions
---	-------	---------	--------	------	-----	-----	--------------

- 1. _____ zoologist
- a. This is a special kind of doctor that operates on sick or injured people.
- 2. ____ race car driver
- b. This person writes the plots and scripts for TV and films.
- 3. _____ screen writer
- c. This person is involved in the study and care of animals.
- 4. _____ social worker
- d. This is a doctor for animals.
- **5.** _____ surgeon
- e. This person drives fast cars in contests.
- 6. _____ veterinarian
- f. This is someone who helps people in need, such as the poor or disabled.
- Read the conversation between a college student and a career advisor. Write the missing words from the box.

appreciated entail income satisfaction cooperate entire respectful status

Mr. Canon: So, Khaled, what kind of job are you interested in getting after college?

Khaled: Actually, I'm not sure. That's why I'm here. I know I want to have a lot of job (1) ______.

Mr. Canon: Yes, well, it is important to like your job. What kind of (2) ______ do you hope to earn?

Khaled: Well, I mostly just want to be sure that I have enough money to live on. What's more important to me

is that I feel (3) ______. I need to know that people are grateful for what I do.

Mr. Canon: I see. And what about working with others? Do any of your classes (4) ______

groupwork?

Khaled: Oh, yes, a lot of them do. In fact, my (5) ______ senior seminar grade is based on

a group project.

Mr. Canon: Wow—the whole thing?

Khaled: Yeah, but I don't mind. I (6) ______ well with others when I'm in a group.

We always get along well. I try to be (7) _____ when working with other people.

Mr. Canon: Well, it's important to be polite and show consideration. Oh, one more thing...

Khaled: Sure.

Mr. Canon: What's your current employment (8) ______?

Khaled: Well, I have a part-time job at the library.

Mr. Canon: Ok that's great. I'm going to have you take a test now that will tell us about what types of careers might be good for you.

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That sounds great! Thanks!

Unit 5

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5 Working 9 to 5

С	W	hat advice would people in these professions give? Finish the sentences.
1	De	entist: "It is important that you brush your teeth every day
		Veterinarian: "It is important that your cat
	2.	Teacher: "I want you
		Police officer: "I recommend that you
	4.	Photographer: "I'd like you
	5.	Politician: "It is essential that the people of our country
	6.	Firefighter: "It is imperative that kids
	7.	Postal worker: "I suggest that you
	8.	Pilot: "It is important that everybody
D	Re	ad the advice on interviewing. Rewrite the sentences in the subjunctive.
1	Be	e on time.
	<u>It</u>	is essential that you be on time.
	1.	Bring your résumé.
	2.	Dress nicely.
	3.	Make eye contact.
	4.	Shake the interviewer's hand.
	5.	Sit up straight.
	6.	Use a confident voice.
	7.	Answer all of the questions.
••	8.	Ask them questions, too.
•		Write a thank-you note afterwards.
		lj q
Jni	t 5	tion

Correct the error in each sentence.

How to Write a Good Résumé

that

^

It is important you write your name at the top.

- 1. I recommend you that put your educational background on it.
- 2. It is necessary to gives your phone number.
- 3. I suggest you to give your email address, too.
- 4. It is essential that list your work experience.
- 5. It is imperative that you are clear and concise.
- 6. I recommend that you talks about your skills.
- 7. It is important you include a list of references at the end.
- 8. I want that you call me if you have any questions.
- Look at the job titles. Write subjunctive sentences about the qualifications and qualities people need to have for each job.

P

Salesperson: It is essential that they like working with people.

- 1. Tailor:
- 2. Doctor: _____
- 3. Chef:
- 4. Hairdresser: _____
- 5. Accountant:
- 6. Farmer:
- 7. Babysitter: _____
- 8. Firefighter: _____



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Unit 5

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Working 9 to 5

Write four common sentences that people in each profession say. Be sure to use the subjunctive or I'd like you + infinitive or I want you + infinitive.

1

Police Officer



Dentist



1.	(0)	It is essential that you stop at stop signs.
	Ţ	I'd like you to not drive too fast.
	a.	

b.					

2.	a.					
		83				
	b.	() 	 		- 69	
	c.					

d				
23				

3.	a.			100	1/1	1111	77	
	b.							
	c.	e					7.75	

Flight Atte	endant			

cover	in a bind	keep it to yourself	take off	
help me out	jumped ship	No kidding	Will do	

cover	in a bind	keep it to yourself	take off
help me out	jumped ship	No kidding	Will do

help me out	jumped ship	No kidding	Wi
0	10 No. 10	21	

Complete the conversations with the words from the box.

3. A: I'm going to ______ now.

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A: Hey, Bob. Can you	help me out	?	4. A: What's wrong?
B: Of course. What do you	need?		B: I'm

1.	A: Could you	?	5. A: Now make su	ire you call me wher
	B: Absolutely. I never talk abo	out people's	you get there	
	nrivate husiness		R·	

private business.		В
2. A: Did you hear that Imad	?	6. A: Do you want to go out on Saturday?
B: He did? Where is he going to work now?		B: Well, I'm supposed to work, but I can try to get

		someone to	_ for me.
7	. A:	Did you hear? I got a job!	

B: OK. See you later!	7. A: Did you hear? I got a job!		
	B:	? Congratulations!	
وزارة التعـــليـــر			

READING

Read the article. Then answer true or false.

What Makes People Successful?

Who do you think is the most successful person you know? Who do you think is the least successful?

In order to answer these questions, we first need to define success. Everyone has a different definition of what makes someone successful or not. Many of us place great value on performance, on achievements, or on reaching various goals. Others associate success with material goods, measuring it by how much one can acquire. Others measure success by how much they can contribute to the well-being of their families, or to the community and society in general. There are many other definitions, but arguably, most people associate it with becoming rich, famous, and respected at work. Yet, it doesn't have to be that way. Being successful could mean simply being satisfied with oneself and one's career. For many people, a successful person is someone who feels that his or her work and life in general offer an exceptionally high degree of satisfaction.

But how does one get from here to there? How does one reach this feeling of satisfaction with life and career? It seems that successful people consistently do two things:

- · They use their natural abilities in their work.
- · They set career and life goals.

In other words, successful people choose careers where they can use their natural abilities, or do what comes naturally to them. For example, successful teachers are people who instinctively know how to help people learn, and the best doctors are those who know how to listen to people. Successful people know where they are starting from, and what direction they want to give their lives and careers, even if it is something as simple and wonderful as raising a happy family.

What are your natural abilities? What are your career and life goals? If you can answer these questions, you are on your way to achieving success.

1.	There is	s a general	consensus	on the	definition	of success.

- 2. ____ A lot of people think that you are successful if you are rich and famous.
- 3. _____ Successful people choose careers that match their skills.
- Successful people don't plan their lives.
- 5. _____ Doing what comes naturally to you helps make you successful.
- 6. _____ Raising a happy family is not enough to be considered successful.





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Working 9 to 5

Match jobs and sentences. Some of the sentences can be used for more than one profession. Then write one more sentence about necessary characteristics or qualifications for each job.

construction engineers accountants medical doctors architects teachers flight attendants TV presenters consultants photographers reporters

construction engineers
It is essential that they like working outdoors.
It is important that they are good at supervising building projects.
It is important that they double-check every figure.
They need to invest a lot of time, hard work, and study to succeed.
It is imperative that they be good at designing buildings.
Parents want them to be creative, friendly, and effective.
Passengers expect them to be polite and helpful.
Viewers want them to be informative and entertaining.
It is necessary that they listen to people and help them make decisions.
It is essential that they have artistic talent and appropriate training.
We expect them to inform us of what is happening in the world.



Look at the picture. Write the headings and information you will need to give when you apply for a job. Write the questions that you would ask a person applying for a job if you were the boss.



Information Required on An Application Form						

- 1. _____
- 2.
- 3.



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Unit 5

5 Working 9 to 5

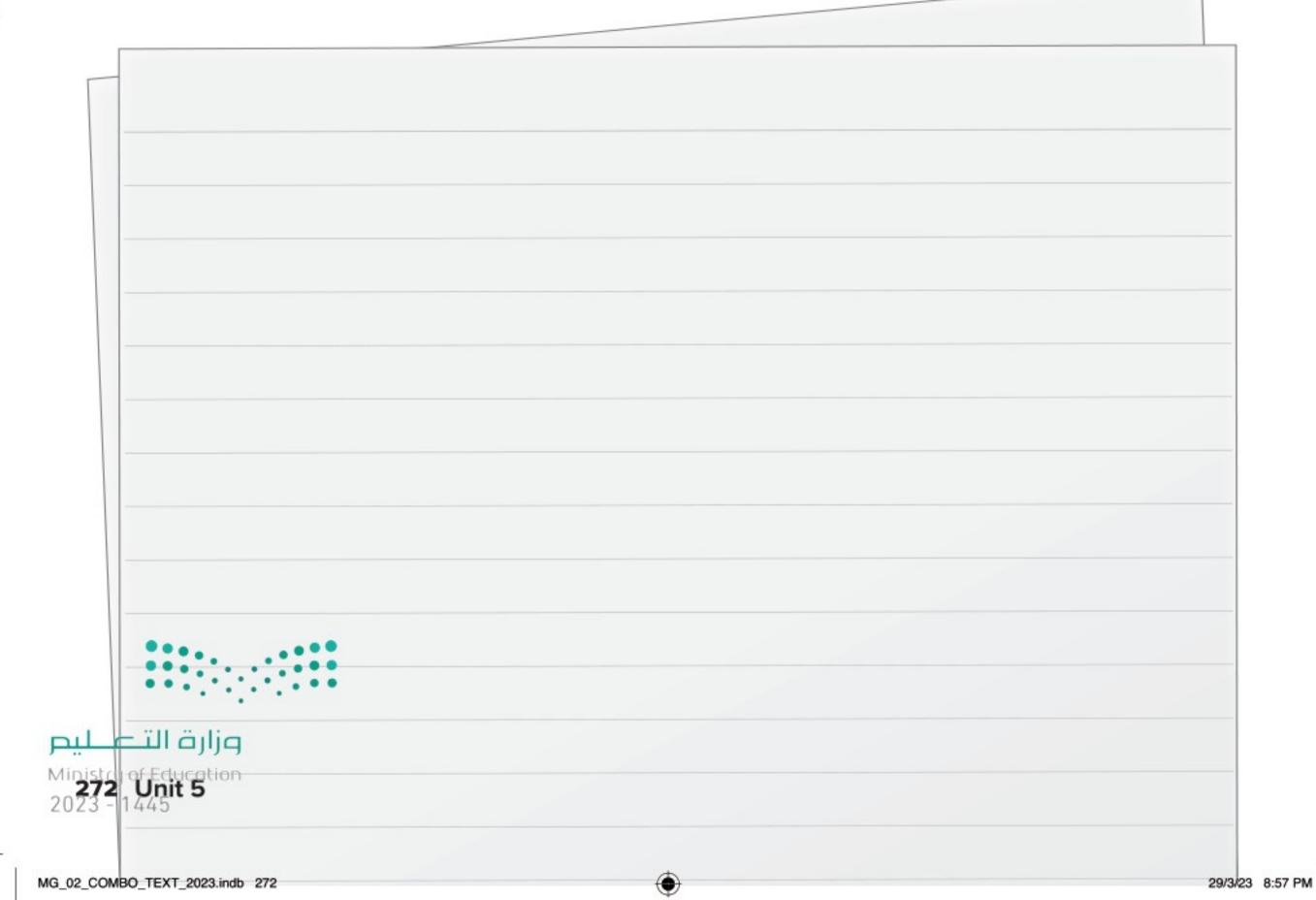
WRITING

My Career and Life Goals

1. What are your career and life goals? Write notes in the chart.

Things I'm good at	Things I'd like to do in the next 1–2 years	Things I'd like to do in the next 7–10 years

- 2. Now write an essay about your career and life goals. Answer the following questions:
 - · What are your natural abilities?
 - What are your short-term goals? (next 1–2 years)
 - What are your long-term goals? (next 7–10 years)



M	Write the question tags.			
	1. It was a part-time job,	?		_
	2. He works in a bank,	?		
	3. You are not going to resign		?	
	4. They took over the compan		?	
	5. There's a new manager in o			
	6. We won't have another mee		?	
N	Write requests for the situation	ns. Use can, could o	or would.	
T	You must speak to the manag	ger.		
	Excuse me, could I speak to	the manager?		
	1. You want to apply for a job.	You don't have an app	olication form.	
	2. You're tired. You want to have	e a short break.		
	3. You don't know where the n	nanager's office is?		
	4. You want to know your custo	omer's address, and pl	hone number.	
	5. You need to send a text, but	you don't have a cell	phone.	
0	Choose the appropriate sent	ence or expression fo	or a polite answer	
_	Will you help me with my ré		or a pointe anovven	
	a. Why should I?		c. Are you serious?	
	2. I don't understand these ins		C. Are you serious:	
	a. So figure it out.		c. I'll help you	
	3. Would you let me see those		C. Timolo you.	
	a. Not now. I'm busy.		c. Sure	
	4. Could you turn off your sma			
	a. Of course.		c. No way!	
	5. Would you mind telling me		100 NO.	
			c. Sure. Straight down this road	
	6. I'm sorry. I got held up in tra			
	a. Oh, come on!		c. As usual.	
•	7. Can you write down your co			
• •	a: Get up and get them.	b. No.	c. Here you are.	
صلحتاا	Let me carry that box for yo	u.		
Ministry of Ed	That's very kind of you.	b. Not likely.	c. Why?	

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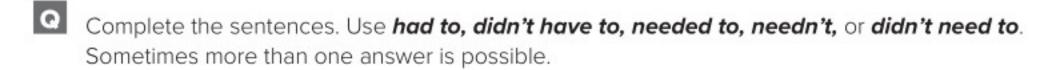
5 Working 9 to 5

Complete the sentences with the correct form of *have to*, or *must*. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

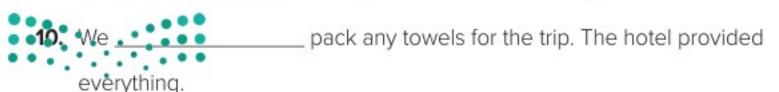


4	Adel	nack grocory	bags because	tho ci	ictomore r	anch:	thoir	OWN
١.	Auel	pack grocery	nada necanse	the ct	astomers t	Jack	uieii	OWII.

- 2. He _____ hang out with his friends now.
- 3. He ______ be patient with his customers.
- 4. The customer _____ pay for his groceries.
- 5. He _____ go shopping without any cash.
- 6. The people in line will _____ wait a long time.
- 7. The mother ______ be responsible for her child.
- 8. The man with the watch ______ be late for his appointment.



- 1. Look at all those books! Bob ______ lift them all at once.
- 2. Rana _____ finish her assignment because it was already overdue.
- 3. They _____ go to work yesterday. It was Friday.
- 4. You _____ park your car. The attendant will do it.
- 5. I _____ write a report, so I didn't hang out with my friends yesterday.
- 6. We _____ take an early flight. Our meeting is at 3 p.m.
- 7. The children _____ eat breakfast quickly to catch the school bus.
- 8. Mother _____ cook tonight because we're going out for dinner.
- 9. I _____ wait long for the bus this morning. It was on time today.







6 Going Green

A Write the words from the box next to their definitions.

conserve	efficient	plastic	tap water
consumption	organic	recycle	thermostat
crank up	pesticides	source	

Th	is is when food and plants are grown without chemicals
1.	This is the water that you get right out of the sink
2.	This is what we do when we turn something up, like the heat or the volume on our radio.
3.	These are chemicals that farmers use to keep bugs and animals away from the fruits and vegetables they grow
4.	This is the gauge that controls the temperature of our heat, air conditioning, or hot water
	heater
5.	This is when we try to save something by only using a little of it. We usually do this because there is a limited supply of it and we don't want to waste it.
6.	This is a synthetic material that we use in place of metal and wood. It's light and difficult to break
7.	This is the act of using something, or the amount that we use of something.
8.	This is where something comes from; the origin
9.	This is how we describe something that is productive or economical.
0.	This is when we make something new out of old material

- B Answer the questions.
 - 1. Why do farmers use pesticides? What is one problem with using pesticides to grow food?
 - 2. What can you crank up? _____
 - 3. What are some things that are commonly made of plastic? _____
- 4. What things do you or your family recycle? ______

 5. Why do most people want cars that are fuel efficient? _______



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6 Going Green

Read the letter. Circle the gerunds.

Dear Editor,

I am writing because I have a concern about our community and our environment. I have been living in this town for three years now. I love (living) here because most people are interested in protecting the environment. However, I have noticed that when I go shopping, most people have been using the plastic bags that the store provides. I quit using those years ago because they are damaging our planet. I can't stand seeing people who say they care about the environment using them. I recommend buying three or four canvas bags at the store and using them every time you go shopping. I advise keeping them in the car or near your front door so that you remember to take them when you go to the store. By making small changes, I think we can make a big difference to our world.

Thank you,

Bagging Betty

Write the verbs in the correct column of the chart.

agree	continue	hate	love	prefer	start
can't stand	decide	imagine	offer	promise	suggest
consider	finish	keep	plan	recommend	want

	Can only be followed by a gerund	Can be followed by either a gerund or an infinitive	Can only be followed by an infinitive
7	consider		



Write the verb in either its gerund or infinitive form.

1	Jasim decided	to ride	(ride) his bike as much as possible.
	1. The Smiths are consider	ering	(get) solar panels.
	2. We quit	(W6	ater) our yard during the summer.
	3. Mohammed is planning]	(get) a hybrid car next year.
	4. I advise	(se	eparate) your paper and glass recycling.
	5. The government wants	us	(conserve) energy.
	6. l expect	(ha	ave) a low energy bill this month.
	7. Sara just finished		(insulate) her hot water heater.
	8. We agreed		_ (eat) only locally grown vegetables this summer.

Look at the pictures. Write three sentences that you think each person would say. Be sure to use a verb followed by a gerund or infinitive.







2. Khaled

a				
h				
D				
_				



3. Abdullah

8 <u>900</u>	<u> </u>	0-3007	



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6 Going Green

G	either a ger	tence using each verb followed by a gerund or an infinitive. If the verb can only be followed b rund or an infinitive, then write only one sentence. If the verb can be followed by both a gerun hitive, then write two sentences.
9	hate I ha	ate using a lot of water.
	I ho	ate to use a lot of water.
	1. begin	
	i. begin	
	2. decide	
	3. prefer	
	4. expect	
	5. quit	
H	a hassle	he conversation with the words and phrases from the box. a piece of cake guess Whoops
	a no-brair	ner chuck lame
	Andrea:	Whoops ! I left my water bottle inside. I'll be right back.
	Elizabeth:	Oh, wait! I have bottles of water right here! You can have one of these.
	Andrea:	Actually, I try not to drink out of plastic bottles.
	Elizabeth:	Really? It seems like such (1) to always have to carry that stainless steel bottle around with you.
	Andrea:	Actually, it's (2) You're always carrying around the plastic ones.
	Elizabeth:	True. But if I get tired of carrying it, I can always (3) it. Anyway, I usually recycle them.
	Andrea:	Well, that's a good start, but don't you think it's (4) to use the energy to recycle plastic bottles when it's so easy to just reuse the same one over and over?
	Elizabeth:	(5) It still seems like I'm doing something since I at least recycle them most of the time.
	Andrea:	Anyway, plastic bottles are bad for your health.
	Elizabeth:	Really?
	Andrea:	Yeah. The chemicals from the plastic can get into the water and cause health problems.
	Elizabeth:	hmmmwell, in that case, it sounds like (6) Want to help me pick out a stainless steel water bottle?
الت -	Andrea:	Sure!
	ucation	

READING

Read the article and answer the questions.

Buying Locally Grown

Eating organic fruits and vegetables is one way to help our planet since it does not involve spraying harmful pesticides and herbicides into the environment. However, there are many people who say that eating organic isn't enough, and that it's more important to eat locally grown fruits and vegetables. The organic produce that you find in your grocery store is often shipped halfway around the world. This means that it is both creating air pollution, and that it's a few days old by the time it gets to the store. Locally grown produce is better because it does not contribute to pollution. Also it's the freshest possible, so you get the full amount of its vitamins and nutrients.

Community Supported Agriculture (CSA):

One way to get locally grown produce is to become a member of a Community Supported Agriculture (CSA). A CSA is of a group of individual people who promise to support a farm. This way, the farmland becomes the community's farm, with both the farmers and the consumers sharing benefits and risks. Community Supported Agriculture began in the early 1960s in Europe and Japan as an answer to concerns about food safety and the urbanization of farm land. Over the last 20 years in the U.S., CSAs have become a popular way for people to buy local, seasonal food directly from a farmer.

How a CSA works:

A farmer offers a certain number of "shares" to the public. The share is usually made up of a bag of vegetables. People who are interested in becoming members buy a share before the farming season begins. Then, once the season begins, they get a box of seasonal produce each week throughout the farming season (usually about 20 weeks long). This arrangement creates many advantages for the farmers and the consumers.

Advantages for farmers They get to spend time selling the food early in the year when they aren't as busy. They get paid early in the season, which helps with the farm's cash flow. They have an opportunity to get to know the people who eat the food they grow. Advantages for consumers They get to eat the freshest produce possible. They get to learn about new vegetables and new ways of cooking. They get to know the farmer who grows their food and learn more about how food is grown. They are contributing to the locally grown movement, thus not creating more pollution by having food shipped.

1.	One problem with organic fruits and a. they're grown with pesticides		etables is that they're often shipped from far away
2.	Produce probably means a. fruits and vegetables	b.	farm animals and meat
3.	CSAs began in the 1960s in a. Europe and Japan	b.	the U.S.
• •	A share of the farm is a. vegetables that you buy at the ma b. a bag of vegetables that you buy	irke bef	t every week ore the growing season, but pick up every week
	One benefit of a CSA for both farmer know each other		nd consumers is that they get to learn about new vegetables and new ways of cooking

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صلحتا

Unit 6

Going Green

Ar	Answer the questions. Write sentences.							
1.	Why are products packaged in a particular way? Think of examples.							
2.	Is packaging used to preserve food products?							
3.	Is it used to promote products?							
4.	Why do people who live off the grid avoid buying packaged goods?							
5.	Think of products that have multiple packaging, e.g. plastic wrappers as well as a paper box. What do you do with the packaging? Do you think it's necessary? Why? Why not?							

Consider the type of packaging that is used for different products and write which is environmentally friendly and which is harmful to the environment.

Paper cartons, e.g. in cartons of milk	
Plastic containers or bottles, e.g. orange juice, oil, shampoo	
Glass bottles or jars, e.g. jam, perfume, spices	
Cellophane bags or wrapping, e.g. chocolates, candy	
Paper packaging, e.g. rice, pasta, cookies	
Paper and plastic, e.g. batteries, gadgets	
Cloth bags and wrappers, e.g. scarves, slippers, jewelry	

Can we recycle/reuse some of the packaging? If so, how?



MG_02_COMBO_TEXT_2023.indb 280 29/3/23 8:57 PM Look at the picture. Take notes on the things and people (nouns) you can see and what is happening (verbs). Write words to describe the picture (adjectives). Write sentences to tell people how they can go greener.



Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives

4					
1.					

^{3.}



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^{2.}

6 Going Green

M WRITING

Where does your food come from?

1. Take notes on everything you eat in a day. Write down where you (or your friend, family member, or restaurant) bought it and where it was grown or produced. If it came in a package, look at where the package came from. If it is a fresh food like fruits and vegetables, look for a sticker or sign that says where it was grown.

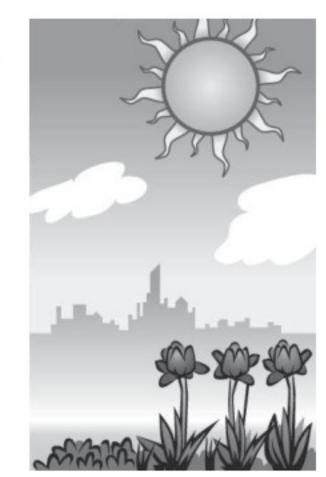
	Food you ate	Where you bought it	Where it was grown or made
Fruits and Vegetables			
Milk and Dairy			
Meat, Poultry, and Fish			
Grains and Breads			
Snacks			
Other			

Write about where your food comes from and how this might have an impact on the environment. Explain ways that you could buy more locally grown and made foods.



-		
N	Complete the sentences with the words in parentheses. Use the simple present or present	
	1. Trees	(grow) more quickly in cooler climates than in the desert.
	2. Scientists say tha	t the world's climate (change) rapidly.
	3. Planet Earth	(go) round the sun.
	4. Farmers	(work) long hours in all parts of the world these days.
	5. Governments	(consider) measures to limit overfishing.
	6. How	(he/know) which type of fuel is the greenest?
	7. The polar ice cap	s (melt) at a dramatic rate.
	8. The UAE	(not/have) a high level of rainfall.
	9. We	(currently/research) ways of conserving water.
	10	(you/believe) that the oceans will cover Earth one day?

- Complete the sentences. Use the simple present and the present progressive of the verb in parentheses for the permanent or temporary situations.
 - 1. Water _____ at 100°C, but don't touch it when it _____ . (boil)
 - 2. Noura _____ English at school, and now she _____ for exams. (study)
 - 3. At present the boys _____ with their uncle in Jeddah, but they usually ____ with their parents in Makkah. (live)
 - **4.** Air pollution ______ the oxygen levels these days, and this generally _____ our quality of life. (deplete)
 - 5. The weather outlook _____ very favorable now, but we _____ at the long range forecast. (not look)





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6 Going Green

Complete the sentences about facts. Use the simple present or **will** in the second clause.

1.	If you	(heat)	ice, it	(melt)	
••	,	1	100, 10	1	•

- 2. If they _____ (replant) the forest, it _____ (take) several years to grow again.
- 3. The city's atmosphere _____ (not improve) if we _____ (not stop) burning fossil fuels.
- 4. If we _____ (install) photovoltaic panels, ____ we ____ (cut) our fuel costs?
- 5. If you _____ (not water) plants, they _____ (not grow).
- 6. The ranger _____ (ask) you to leave if you _____ (not obey) the park rules.
- 7. If we ______ (teach) children in school about green issues, they ______ (treat) the environment with more respect.
- 8. The consequences _____ (be) disastrous if we _____ (not reduce) carbon emissions.



- Complete the sentences to say what will/might happen in the following situations. Use your own ideas.
 - 1. If we don't find alternative sources of energy, _______.
 - 2. If we develop more efficient farming methods, _____
 - 3. If we keep our town streets clean, ______.
 - 4. If we limit the fish industry, ______.
 - 5. If we stop using plastic bags, ______.
 - 6. If we all work together, ______.
- 7. Your idea:
 8. Your idea:



مرارة التعليم Ministry of Education **284 Unit 6** 2023 - 1445

- A Write the missing letters.
 - 1. a ____ m ___ s p ___ r e
 - 2. ____ o ___ alt ___
 - 3. c ____ I t ___ v ___ t e
 - 4. s o ____r o ___
 - 5. p ____ e n t ___ a l
 - **6.** ____ o r ____
 - **7.** c o ____ f ___ r ___
 - **8.** s ____ e ___ t ___ r
- Write the words from exercise A next to the correct definitions below.
 - **1.** ______: possibility
 - 2. ______ faithfulness and devotion
 - 3. _____: sadness
 - 4. ______: a house or structure that keeps you safe from outside
 - 5. _____: to improve or develop by study or training
 - 6. ______ : a positive feeling of peace and familiarity
 - 7. ______: old and used
 - 8. _____: the tone or mood of a place



Number the adjectives in the correct order.

2 1

My friend Pablo lives in an (old / unique) house. It has a (1) (wooden / heavy) door and (2) (giant / old) windows. The kitchen has (3) (Mexican / expensive / ceramic) tiles on the floor and (4) (beautiful / wooden / Spanish) cabinets. There is a (5) (blue / big) couch in the living room. The couch is covered in (6) (Indian / silk / fancy) pillows. On the floor there is an (7) (Egyptian / enormous / multicolored) carpet. The bedrooms have (8) (small / old-fashioned) closets, but the (9) (wooden / tall / impressive) beds make up for it.

Write a sentence for each picture. Use two or three adjectives in each sentence.







Ι	saw	а	big,	old,	wooden	barn	in	the	countryside.
			· ·						-

- 1. _____
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____







Insert **too** or **enough** into the correct place in each sentence.

This house is big. (too)

- 1. You're driving quickly. (enough)
- 2. They have bathrooms for everybody. (enough)
- 3. I'm not rich to buy that house. (enough)
- 4. You're walking slowly. (too)
- 5. That couch isn't big. (enough)
- 6. You're short to play basketball. (too)
- Write a sentence that has the same meaning. Use **too** or **enough**.

too	enough
She isn't too young.	She's old enough.
She's too short.	1
2	The car isn't new enough.
The Internet is running too slowly.	3
4	The dress isn't large enough.
It's too expensive.	5
6	He isn't driving carefully enough.
The test is too difficult.	7
8	That film isn't interesting enough.

Write sentences using **too** or **enough** with the following words.

	small:
	old:
	quickly:
	difficult:
	boring:
6.	time:
7.	quietly:

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Correct the error in each sentence.



- 1. He was to late to get on the airplane.
- 2. Do you have time enough to go to the store?
- 3. His friend bought him a new, modern, big watch.
- 4. There is a Korean little boy at the front door.
- 5. Ahmed is not enough fast to win the race.
- 6. We had a Indian, delicious, big feast for dinner last night.
- 7. He can't go on the roller coaster. He's young enough.
- 8. Wagner drives a old, little, cheap car.

وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education **288 Unit 7** 2023 - 1445

Complete the conversation with the words and phrases from the box.

an arm and a leg	grand	megabucks	reality check
Cool	hold on	out of touch	tiny

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READING

Read the article about the White House. Then answer true or false.

The White House is the official residence and main workplace of the President of the United States. It is in Washington, D.C., and was built between 1792 and 1800. The White House has four stories—the Ground Floor, State Floor, Second Floor, and Third Floor, plus a two-story basement. Today, the White House Complex includes the Executive Residence (where the president and his family live), the West Wing (the location of the Oval Office), the East Wing, and the Old Executive Office Building, which houses the executive offices of the President and Vice President.



There are many famous rooms in the White House. The Entrance Hall is the primary and formal entrance. It is located on the State Floor, and is entered from Pennsylvania Avenue. It opens to the Grand Staircase, which connects the State Floor to the Second Floor of the building. There are three state parlors on the State Floor of the White House: The Green Room, The Blue Room, and the Red Room. They are each decorated in shades of their respective color and have been used for small receptions, and teas.

The East Room is the largest room in the White House. It is used for entertainment, press conferences, ceremonies, and occasionally for a large dinner. The White House's oldest possession, a portrait of George Washington that was painted in 1797, hangs in the East Room next to a portrait of his wife, Martha Washington, which was painted in 1878.

The State Dining Room is the larger of two dining rooms on the State Floor of the White House. It is used for receptions, luncheons, and larger formal dinners. The room seats 140 guests. The Family Dining Room is also located on the State Floor. The room is used for smaller and more private meals than those served in the State Dining Room. Today the president uses the Family Dining Room less for family and more for working lunches and small dinners. Family dinners are usually served on the second floor in the President's Dining Room.

1 true	The U.S. President lives and works at the White House.
1	The White House was built 100 years ago.
2	The Oval Office is in the West Wing.
3	You can only enter the White House through the Entrance Hall.
4	The Green Room is decorated in green.
5	The portrait of Martha Washington was probably painted after she had died.
6	The president's family usually eats dinner in the Family Dining Room.



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وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education **290 Unit 7** 2023 - 1445

Read the texts and answer the questions.

Minaret of Jam, Afghanistan

The Minaret of Jam stands in a remote valley, surrounded by barren mountains. It was built in the 12th century and it is the only well-preserved building of the period. It is 65 meters tall and was built with baked-bricks. The circular minaret, which rests on an octagonal base, had two wooden balconies and a lantern at the top.

The minaret is famous for its intricate decoration of calligraphy etched in stucco and glazed turquoise ceramics. It was nominated Afghanistan's first World Heritage Site in 2002.

Salwa Palace, KSA

Salwa Palace is the largest palace in the historical at-Turaif district of ad-Dir'iyah. It was the first palace built by Imam Mohammad Bin Saud in 1750. His successors later added to the complex, which includes 7 main units, a mosque, an audience hall, a treasury, and a well, which cover some 10,000 m².

Salwa Palace is a unique example of Nadji architecture and illustrates the ingenious use of adobe, not only as a material suited for the extreme desert climate, but as a means to create beautiful geometric designs. At-Turaif was inscribed on the World Heritage List in 2010. It has been restored to a large extent, and it has the potential to become one of the biggest living heritage museums in the world.

Burj Khalifa, UAE

Burj Khalifa in Dubai, at 828 meters, is the tallest building in the world, topping the previous record holder, Taipei 101, by 319 meters. It is also called "the Needle" because of its top section that gets as thin as a needle as it tapers to the top.

The building took six years to complete and was officially opened in January 2010. It has 168 floors, which is the highest number in the world, but not all of them are large enough to use as residence or office space. The skyscraper accommodates more than 900 luxury apartments, 49 floors of offices, and a 7-star Armani Hotel with 160 rooms.

1.	What is the shape of the Minaret of Jam?
2.	What is special about the use of adobe at Salwa Palace?
3.	How tall is Burj Khalifa, and why is it called "the Needle"?
4.	Underline words in the texts that mean the following:
	a. far away
	b. without any plants
	c. a source of water
	d. clever and original
	e. become or make something narrower at one end
	f. have enough space for
5.	Which building would you be interested in visiting? Why?

Write as many words as you can to describe each part of the building (objects) in the picture. Then write sentences to describe the building using at least three adjectives in the correct order.



Objects	Describing words (adjectives)

1.	

10000		
2.		



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™ WRITING

Write about a famous house in your country.

1. Before you write, make notes in the chart.

When was it built?	
Who lives there?	
What makes it famous?	
What does it look like on the outside?	
What does it look like on the inside?	
Are there any famous rooms?	

2. Now use your notes to help you write your essay.



N Look at the map and read the conversation. Then answer the questions.

STATION STATION	Health Ci	MALL	PHARMACY
	MAIN	AVENUE	
Museum	BANK	RESTAURANT	SUPERMARKET
	PAR	K AVENUE	E
Convenience Store	P	ARK	BOOKSTORE

Tom: Excuse me. How do I get to the park?

John: Take the Number 20 bus. There's a bus stop over there. Get off at the Bookstore. The park is on the next block. You can't miss it.

Tom: Is it far from here?

John: No, it's about 15 minutes away.

Luis: No, no. Take the F line on the subway, and get off at Main Avenue Station. Walk down Broadway and take a left after the bank. The park is right across the street. Trust me. I live in that neighborhood.

Tom: Thanks a lot.

Luis: You're welcome.

- 1. Where is Tom going?
- 2. What's the bus number to the park?
- 3. How far away is the park?
- 4. What's the subway line to the park?

Tom took the bus and missed his stop. He is now at the Mall. Write new directions and help Tom find the park.





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Look at the picture and read the conversations. Mark **O** for offers and **R** for requests.



- 1. Let me carry that for you. \[\bigcup 0
- 2. Will you tell Sarah to bring some snacks from the kitchen? _____
- 3. I'll tell her, and I'll get some napkins, too.
- 4. Can I borrow your cell phone? I need to make a quick call.
- Read each story. Write the conversation.
 - Your younger sister wants a box of cookies from a high shelf in the kitchen. She can't get the box. You
 offer to get the cookies for her. Your sister accepts your offer.

You: _____

Sister:

Majid and Ahmed are eating dinner in a restaurant. The waiter brings the check. Majid quickly picks up the check. He wants to pay. Ahmed accepts his offer.

Majid: _____

Ahmed: _____

A family is moving into the apartment next door. The father of the family is carrying a heavy box. A friendly neighbor offers to help the father. The father refuses but thanks him for his offer.

Neighbor:
Father:



A Match the words with the definitions.

(A)		
W/		
1	4	commemorate

- a. a circular award
- **1.** ____ drop

- b. a common bird that lives in cities
- 2. ____ marathon
- c. began; came from
- 3. ____ medal
- d. do something over and over in order to perfect it
- 4. ____ originated
- e. quit; stop doing
- **5.** _____ pigeon
- f. brought back to life
- 6. ____ practice
- g. a 26-mile (42 km) sporting event, usually running
- 7. _____ procession
- h. a stick or handle with fire at the end
- 8. ____ revived
- : celebrate the memory of someone or something
- 9. ____ torch
- j. a parade
- B Answer the questions.
 - 1. What's something that you practice?
 - 2. Do you know anyone who has run a marathon? How did the person get ready for it?
 - 3. What's something that originated from your country?
 - 4. What's one way to commemorate someone?
 - 5. Have you ever dropped something because you didn't like it? What?





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Unscramble the sentences. They each have a gerund as a subject. Then check if you **agree** or **disagree**.

	Agree	Disagree
in the ocean / is / swimming / difficult / .		
Swimming in the ocean is difficult.		
1. good / is / roller skating / exercise / .		
2. has / many benefits / team sports / playing / .		
3. an important part / practicing / of playing a sport / is	·/.	
4. takes / a lot of courage / car racing / .		
5. is / playing sports / to stay in shape / a good way / .		
6. easy / but it's a good form of exercise / is / walking /	/.	
7. a lot of leg strength / requires / cycling / .		
8. for learning a sport / not / is / missing practice / esse	10 00 00 00	
Finish the sentences with your own ideas and opinions Skiing <u>is dangerous</u>		
1. Playing tennis		
2. Skateboarding		
3. Golfing		
4. Surfing		
5. Playing football		
6. Scuba diving		·
هرازه-skating		
tucation		

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Ţ TI	his is the b	est (good) game I	have seen	(see) in a long	time.
1.		(hard) test I	(take)	was in chemistry cla	SS.
2.	•	(long) run Binah	(take) was 10 kilomete	ers.
3.	. What is	(scary) film you _		(see / ever)?	
4.	. That was	(sick) Bilal		(be).	
5.	. What is	(bad) TV show yo	ou	(watch)?	
6.	. Lance Armstrong is	s (famo	ous) cyclist there		(be / ever
7.		(long) book I	(rea	d / ever) was <i>War and</i>	d Peace.
8.	. What is	(exciting) sporting	g event you	(see / ever)?
9.	. This is	(tasty) meal I _		(eat / ever).	
10.	Thatwas				
F w	/rite sentences abou	t your life. Use the superlative an	d the present perfe	ct.	
F w	rite sentences abou he smartest person	t your life. Use the superlative an	d the present perfe	ct. known.	
F W	rite sentences about he smartest person The longest game:	t your life. Use the superlative an	d the present perfe	ct. known.	
F W	rite sentences about he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport:	t your life. Use the superlative an	d the present perfe	ct.	
F W 1. 2. 3.	rite sentences about he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport: The most interesting	t your life. Use the superlative an I: My father is the smartest pe	d the present perfe	ct.	
Ti 1. 2. 3. 4.	rite sentences about he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport: The most interestin The best dinner:	t your life. Use the superlative an	d the present perfe	ct.	
Ti 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	rite sentences about he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport: The most interestin The best dinner: The easiest class:	t your life. Use the superlative an My father is the smartest pe	d the present perfe	ct.	
Ti 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport: The most interestin The best dinner: The easiest class: The farthest place:	t your life. Use the superlative an My father is the smartest pe	d the present perfe	ct.	
Ti 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport: The most interestin The best dinner: The easiest class: The farthest place: The most interestin	t your life. Use the superlative an	d the present perfe	ct.	
Ti 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	he smartest person The longest game: The hardest sport: The most interestin The easiest class: The farthest place: The most interestin The best vacation:	t your life. Use the superlative an My father is the smartest penns book:	d the present perfe	ct.	

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Unit 8

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Write a sentence about each picture. Use either a gerund as the subject or the superlative + present perfect.





1. ______ 3. _____



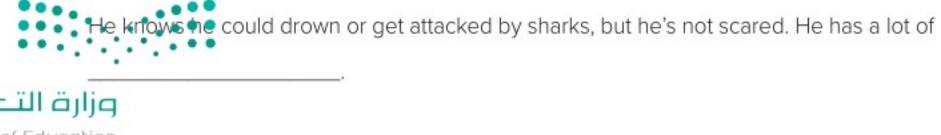


2.

Complete the sentences with the words and phrases in the box.

down pat guts knocked their socks off psyched up for

- My brother Tom is adventurous. He likes to try new things. Even if the sport is dangerous or difficult, he's willing to do it. He's ______ anything.
- 2. His favorite football team is Manchester United. Next month they are going to be playing in his city and he has tickets! He's ______!
- 3. Jasim is a gymnast. He has been practicing his routine on the parallel bars for months. He usually practices 5 times a week. Next week he has a gymnastics meet. He's not worried though, because he has his routine ______.
- 4. Andrew is the best speed skater I know. Last week he was in a competition, and won first place! He was so good. He really _____!
- 5. Don is an expert surfer. He has surfed all over the world—sometimes in extremely big waves!



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READING

Read the article and answer the questions.

The Boston Red Sox

Baseball, often called "America's Pastime," is considered by many to be the most popular sport in the U.S. One of the oldest and most famous baseball teams in the world is the Boston Red Sox. The club was founded in 1901, as one of eight teams in the American League. They were a dominant team in the new league—winning their first World Series in 1903. They won four more championships by 1918. Since 1912, the Red Sox's home ballpark has been Fenway Park.

The Sale Of The Bambino

While the first seventeen years in Red Sox history were successful, after the 1918 win, they went into one of the longest championship droughts in baseball history. In 1919, Red Sox owner Frazee sold famous slugger Babe Ruth, who had played the previous six seasons for the Red Sox, to the rival New York Yankees. Even though Ruth had just broken the single-season home run record, hitting 29 in 1919, Frazee sold him. Legend has it that Frazee did so in order to finance a Broadway play. Many people said that they would lose for 100 years because they had sold Babe Ruth, who was also known as the Bambino.

Evidence Of The Myth

Over the years, the Red Sox had many excellent players, but nonetheless, they were never able to win the World Series. They came closest in 1986, when they lost the final game in extra innings because a slow ground ball rolled through the first baseman's legs. This infamous moment in baseball history fed the myth that the Red Sox were destined to lose for the rest of their career.

Ending The Losing Streak

Finally, the losing streak ended in 2004, when the team won their sixth World Series Championship. Since 2003, the Red Sox have competed in five American League Champion Series, have won two World Series in 2007 and 2013, and have emerged as arguably one of the most successful Major League Baseball teams of the last two decades.

- 1. What is the name of the Red Sox home stadium?
- 2. How did the Red Sox do in the early years?
- 3. What started the myth about the Red Sox?
- 4. How did they lose the 1986 World Series Championship?







J

Read the texts and write which sports are being described. Choose 5 sports from the list. Underline the words and/or phrases that helped you.

football	hockey	ping pong/table tennis	volleyball	basketball	badminton
baseball	taekwondo	tennis	polo	squash	

1. _____

A bat and ball sport played between two teams of nine players each. The objective of the game is to score runs by hitting a ball with a bat and touching the four bases arranged at the corners of a ninety-foot square or diamond-shaped field. Teams take turns batting and fielding. The fielding team tries to stop three hitters of the batting team from touching the base. The players on the batting team take turns hitting the ball that the pitcher of the fielding team throws. It has become the national sport of the United States.

2. _____

A team sport in which two teams of five players try to score points by throwing a ball through a hoop mounted on a backboard. The team with the most points at the end of the game wins. The ball can be advanced on the court by bouncing it while running or passing it to a teammate. Players are not allowed to take steps carrying the ball in their hands. Rule violations are called "fouls."

3. _____

It is a game that can be played by two or four players. The players hit a lightweight, hollow ball back and forth using rackets as they stand at the two ends of a hard table divided by a net. Players have to hit the ball to return it to their opponent after only one bounce. The pace of the game is very quick and players need to react accordingly.

4. _____

It is claimed to be the world's most popular martial art. A loose translation of its name could be "the art of the foot and fist" or "the art of kicking and punching." It combines combat techniques, self-defense, exercise, as well as philosophy.

5. _____

It originated in Britain in the late 19th century. It is usually played between two players (singles) or two teams of two players each (doubles). Each player uses a racket to strike a hollow rubber ball covered with felt over a net and into the opponent's side of the court. The surface of the court is usually clay, asphalt, or grass.

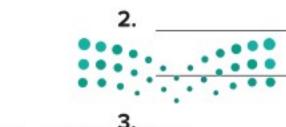


Write as many words as you can to describe what is happening in the picture. Then change these action words (verbs) into the -ing form (gerunds). Write sentences about the picture starting with the gerunds.



Action words (verbs)	Gerunds (verb + <i>ing</i>)

1. _____



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Unit 8

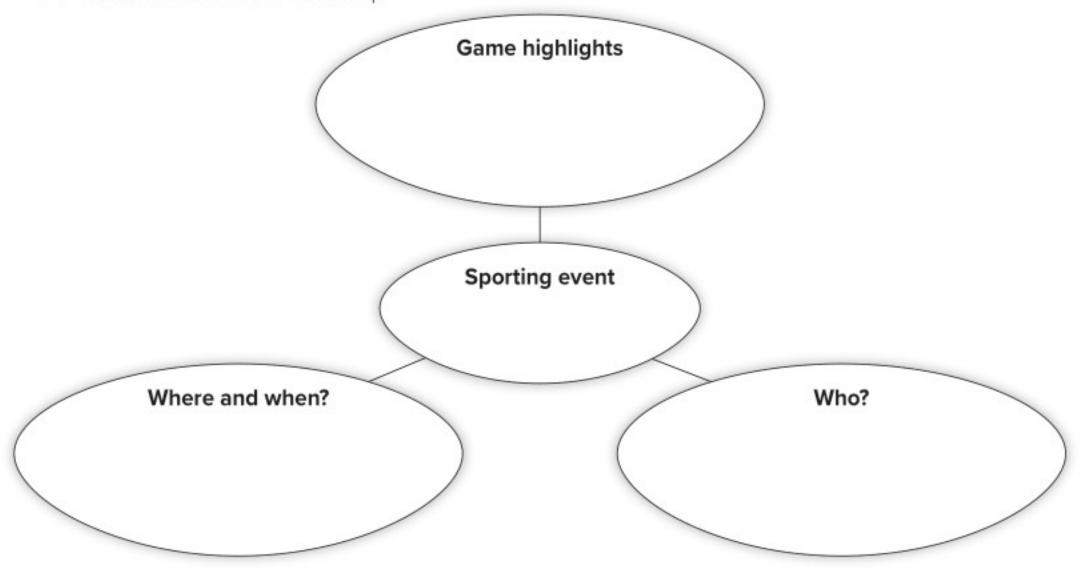
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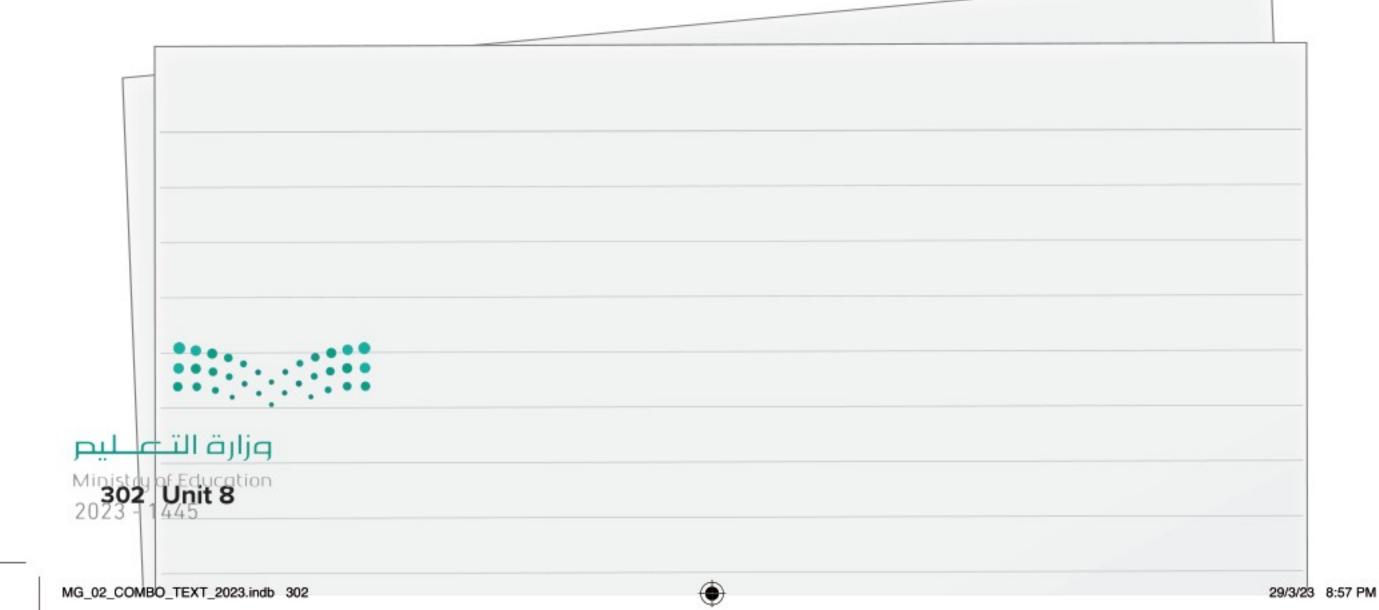
WRITING

Describe the best sporting event you've ever seen (in person or on TV). Answer the following questions.

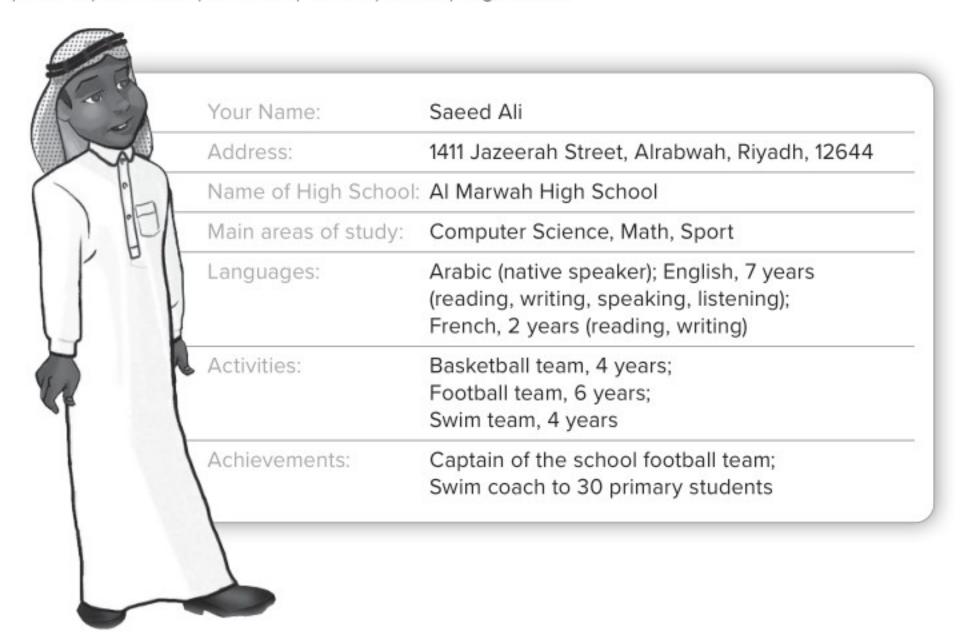
- · What sport was it?
- Who was in the competition?
- · Where did you see it?
- · Who were you with?
- · Who won?
- · What made it exciting?
- · Describe highlights of the game or event.
- 1. First make notes in the word map.



2. Now use your word map to help you write your essay.



Read Saeed's application form for a sport scholarship for a college. Answer the questions about him. Use the present perfect simple or the present perfect progressive.



 Has he ever taken a computer science c
--

2. Does he know more than one language?

(speak)

(take)

3. Can he read French?

(study) _____

4. Does Saeed play basketball?

(play) _____

5. Has he ever worked as a football coach?

(work) _____

6. Does he know how to play in a team?

(play) _____

7. Has Saecd over held a position of responsibility?



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Unit 8

N Rewrite the sentences. Use adverbs of manner.

9	Majid is very fast on his rollerblades	Maiid rollerblades veru fast.
	Majid is very last on his folierblades	r region restor presented reing restor.

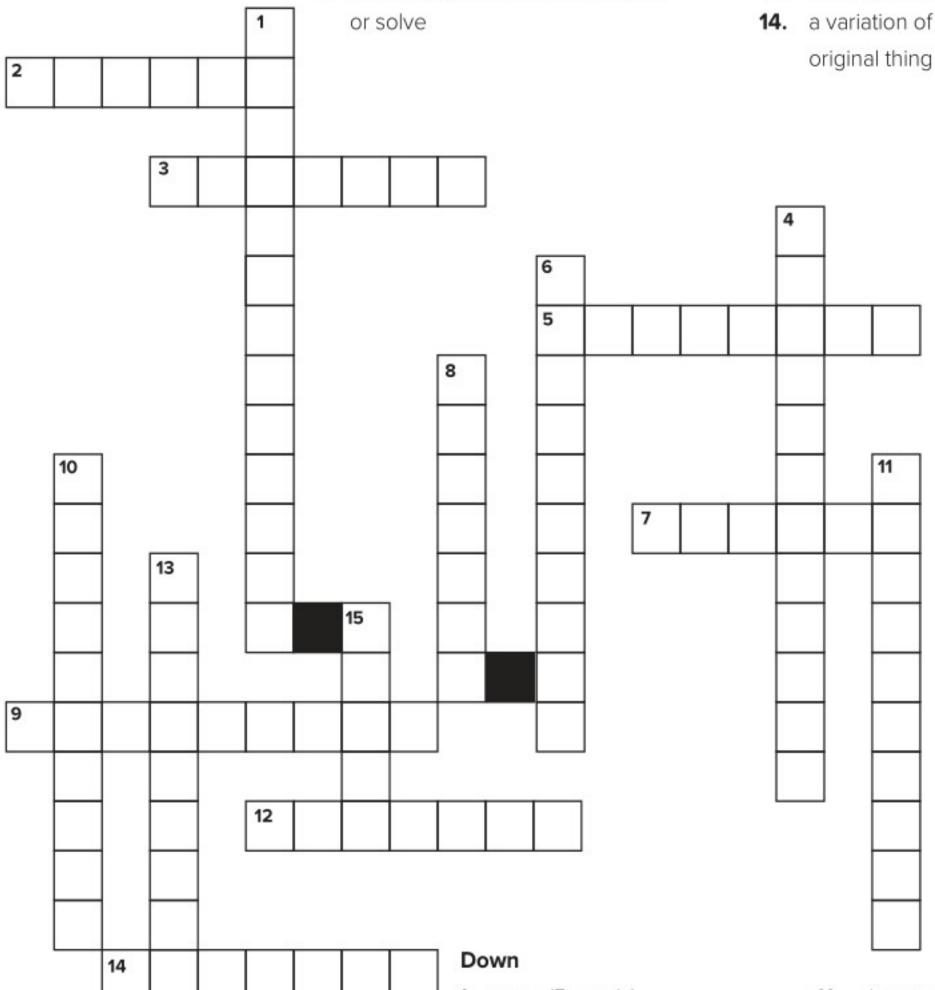
- 1. Badr is an aggressive driver. _____
- 2. Stunt pilots fly in a dangerous way.
- 3. Ali and Majid are slow runners.
- 4. Saeed is a really good player.
- 5. Sabah is a quiet talker. _____
- 6. Khalid is a hard worker. _____
- 7. Fadwa is an enthusiastic reader.
- 8. Adel is a good surfer. _____
- Write five sentences about you. Use adverbs of manner.
 - 1.
 - 2. _____
 - 3
 - Δ
 - 5



Complete the crossword puzzle with words or phrases from Units 4-6.

Across

- 2. something that is inconvenient to do
- 3. in a difficult situation (3 words)
- 5. something difficult to understand
- money received or earned
- do me a favor (3 words)
- 12. leave (2 words)
- 14. a variation of an earlier or





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- 1. enjoy (5 words)
- 4. very easy (4 words)
- 6. be grateful for
- 8. produced without chemicals
- 10. someone who has financial success
- 11. chemicals that stop bugs and weeds from killing vegetables
- 13. work together well
- 15. throw out

EXPANSION Units 5-8

305

Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

captive	identical	pediatrician	reality check
claustrophobic	flair	psyched	shelter
downsize	nurturing	quirky	spectators

	Му	mother is the mostnurturing person I know. She loves taking care of our family.
	1.	Now that all their children have grown up and moved away, Iris and Lou have decided to
		They are going to sell their big house and buy a small condo.
	2.	John hates driving through tunnels. They make him feel closed in and
		He'd rather take a longer route just to avoid them.
	3.	Abdullah thinks he's going to win the talent competition. But if you ask me, he needs a
		because there are lots of people in it who are far more talented than him.
	4.	I'm going on a trip to Argentina next month and I'm I can't wait!
	5.	There were lots of at the football game last night. The whole town came out to
		watch the game.
	6.	James is so You just never know what to expect. He's really one of a kind!
	7.	Many people think it's unfair to keep dolphins in zoos because the animals
		often suffer from stress and boredom.
	8.	Ahmed has a real for languages. He can already speak five languages fluently
	9.	Sahar really loves children and she's interested in the medical field, so she decided to become a
10	0.	All of the houses on this street are Apart from the garden, they all look the
		same.
11	1.	If you are outside and you hear or see a thunderstorm, you should find
		However you should never get under a tree.
	• •	
		lia di





Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

1	Jack wants	to spend	(spend) time working with computers.	
	1. Maha enjoys		(help) people who are less fortunate.	
	2. We hope	(st	art) our own business someday.	
	3. I try	(get) ar	n hour of reading in every day.	
	4. Omar prefers		_ (work) with people rather than alone.	
	5. She is considering _		(go) back to school.	
	6. I began	(v	work) there in March.	
	7. Tom decided		_ (apply) to medical school.	
	8. Jasim offered		(bring) you to work today.	
•	1. I really enjoy			
	6. I plan			
	7. I would consider			<u> </u>

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EXPANSION Units 5-8

	Ur	scramble the words to form sentences.	
P	nobody / it is necessary / water their lawn during the drought / that		
	<u>1t</u>	is necessary that nobody water their lawn during the drought.	
	1.	I / that / he suggested / buy a hybrid car / .	
	2.	buy a stainless steel water bottle / I / to / you / want / .	
	3.	we / that / try to save water / it is essential / all / .	
	4.	that / environmentalists request / eat locally grown food / we / .	
	5.	everyone / that / try to conserve energy / it is important / .	
	6.	turn off the lights when you're not in a room / environmentalists recommend / you / that / .	
	7.	you / I'd / to recycle all of that paper / like / .	
	8.	she / that / reuse containers as much as possible / they asked / .	

Correct the errors in the sentences.

the word for

My teacher pronounced me the word.

- 1. I want you that become a lawyer.
- 2. He ordered me it.
- 3. The carpenter built a new closet to us.
- 4. I decided taking a break.
 - 5. It is important you come on time.
- صلحتاا قرارة Ministry of Education 308 EXPANSION Units 5–8 2023 - 1445

- 6. Will you reserve a table me?
- 7. Maria asked that Lisa brings a dessert.
- 8. My teacher suggested to come a little early tomorrow.
- 9. I love to eating out at restaurants.
- 10. I demand to you tell me what you're talking about.

G	Pι	ut the new adjectives in the correct place in each sentence.	
1	Ja	anet is a little girl. (polite)	
	1.	That's a nice car! (new)	
	2.	I can't find my black shoes. (leather)	
	3.	. The little penguin jumped into the water. (black and white / cute)	
	4.	I bought a beautiful chair. (velvet / French)	
	5.	. The gray mouse ran into a hole. (little / frightened)	
	6.	. My old bike is ready to retire. (racing / blue)	
H T	lt ar	ead each scenario. For each one, write a complaint with too and a complaint with enough . has been snowing for days. It's cold out and you are sick of being stuck inside. It's difficult to wanywhere because there is so much snow on the ground.	<i>ı</i> alk
	a.	. It's snowing too much. b. There's not enough to do.	
	1.	Faisal is on a football team. He has practice every day for three hours. He likes football, but he is starting to get behind at school because he doesn't have any time to study. a.	
	2.	 Kevin thinks he's really funny. He's always telling jokes. Even when his friends are upset and need advice, he jokes around. 	
	3.	a b Your parents just bought a new house. It's really big, which is nice, but you are sleeping on the first floor and they are sleeping on the third floor. You are frightened. a b b	
		omplete each sentence. Use a gerund as the subject of each sentence and a present participle s an adjective.	
T			using.
		Skateboarding	
		. Going to the basketball game	
		· is embarra	
	5.	is disappo Winning a gold medalis b	inting.
ci	6.	' äılia is b	oring.

(

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J

Read the article and answer the questions.

Dates or chocolate?

Imported European chocolates have become part of the culture when it comes to celebrations. During Eid-al-Fitr, stores stock extra chocolates. For this reason, large amounts of chocolate are imported to meet the demand. For some, chocolates are a symbol of affection and care, and totally in keeping with the spirit of Eid.

Dates are naturally in demand all year long and more so during Ramadan. Dates, like chocolates, are available in different varieties. Nowadays, dates are stuffed with toffee and dried fruit, almonds, pistachios and walnuts, or dipped in chocolate!

Chocolates are available in countless varieties and forms - dark, light, white, bitter, semi-sweet, sweet; with wafers, caramel or fruit; in powder or syrup form; in different sizes and shapes; some wrapped in foil or cellophane or tiny boxes; and others arranged in elaborate boxes that contain an assortment of chocolates.

Elaborate arrangements of chocolate have become the trend for gifts, gaining more ground by the day. The busiest time for confectioners in the Kingdom is the post-Ramadan period when numerous orders for chocolate arrangements have to be filled, costing anywhere from SAR 200 to SAR 2,000 or more.

- 1. Why is chocolate imported in large amounts?
- 2. What varieties are available?
- 3. When is the busiest time of year for confectioners? Why?

Find each word or phrase in the text and match it with the correct definition.

- ____ dipped
- 2. ____ confectioners
- affection
- 5. ____ assortment

in keeping with

310 EXPANSION Units 5–8

- a. a feeling of love, liking, or caring
- b. in accordance with, in agreement with, suitable
- submerged into liquid and raised up again
- d. supply the goods/product that a customer has ordered
- e. a mixture of different things or a variety
- f. people who make/sell candy, cakes, chocolates, etc.

Look at the picture. Take notes on how this boy feels and what has happened (actions) to make him feel that way. Use the words you listed to write sentences.



F	eelings eelings
	A -4:
	Actions
	Actions
	Actions
	Actions

4	
1	

Complete the sentences with the superlative and the present perfect.

That was ______the funniest ____ (funny) joke I _____ have ever heard ____ (hear / ever).

1. It's _____ (big) house they _____ (see / ever).

2. That was ______ (irritated) Randy ______ (feel) in years.

3. He is ______ (annoying) person Bill _____ (meet / ever).

4. That's _____ (cool) car I _____ (see / ever).

5. It's ______ (uncomfortable) couch we _____ (own).

6. It must be ______ (bad) sitcom that _____ (be / ever) on TV.

7 This is ______ (tired) I ______ (be) in a long time.

p________ (frustrated) | _______ (see / ever) them.

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EXPANSION Units 5–8

^{2.} _____

^{3.}

M WRITING

Write a description of an important holiday in your culture. Answer the following questions in your essay:

- •What is the name of the holiday?
- •When do people usually celebrate it?
- ·What do people do to celebrate it?
- · What do people usually wear?
- · What do people usually eat?
- 1. First, make notes in the word map.
- Now use your word map to help you write your essay. Be sure that the body of your essay supports your topic sentence.

