

9U ثاني متوسط

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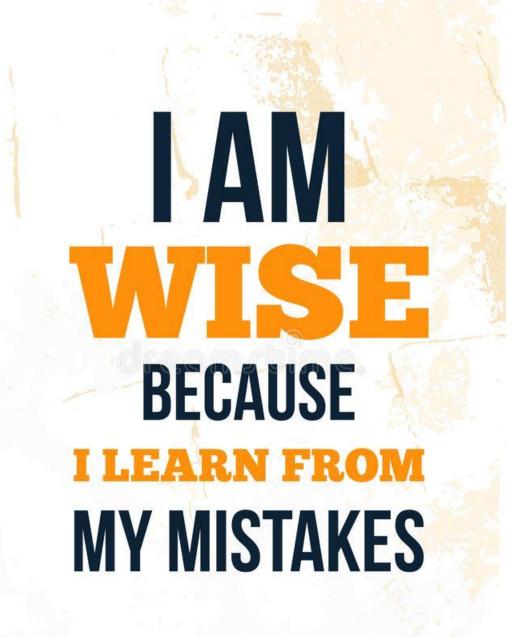
- Avoid gathering!
- We must wear a mask before going out.
- Social distancing is not a choice, it is a must!
- ©Keep a distance of 2 meters to avoid accountability



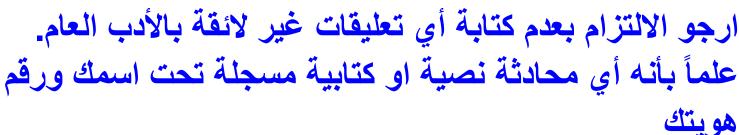
Covid 19



wash hands constantly.







وعلية سيتم معاقبة من لم تلتزم بالذوق العام والسلوك الحسن خلال تواجدك في المنصة او الفصول الافتراضية.

وذلك برفع شكوى وبلاغ رسمي ضدك بما تم كتابته او قولة والتواصل مع ولي الأمر والمسؤولين لاتخاذ الاجراء اللازم مع المخالفة.

ونتمنى وضع صوره في ملفك التعريفي لائقة بالمنصة لتعليمية









Be on time.



Act like you're at school.



Sit in I spot during class.



Keep yourself muted.



Turn off your video.



Raise your hand to talk.



Listen.



No eating during class.



HAVE FUN AND DO YOUR BEST!





9 Let's Go Out

O Unit Goals

Vocabulary

Free-time activities Activities with go Chores

Functions

Talk about free-time activities and chores Make suggestions Express obligation Make excuses

Grammar

Should, Why
don't/doesn't, and
Let's for Suggestions
Go + Verb + -ing
Have to / Had to and
Don't / Didn't have to
Must / Mustn't for
Obligation and
Prohibition

Listening
Listen to ph

Listen to phone conversations for excuses

Pronunciation

have + to

- Reading Someone Has to Do It!
- Writing
 Write about how parents
 and teenagers feel about
 homework
- Project
 Take a survey on common excuses





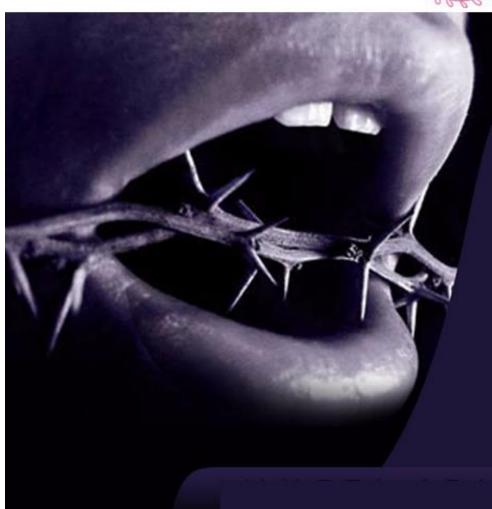
- 1) العثيرك بالله
 - 2) السحر
- 3) قتل النفس التي حرم الله إلا بالحق
 - 4) أكل الربا
 - 5) أكل مال اليتيم
 - 6) التوليوم الزحف
 - 7) قذف المحصنات المؤمنات الغافلات

... عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةً، عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ:

" اجْتَنِبُوا السَّبْعَ الْمُوبِقَاتِ". قَالُوا يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ وَمَا هُنَّ قَالَ " الشَّرْكَ بِاللَّهِ، وَالشَّحْرُ، وَقَتْلُ النَّفْسِ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلاَّ بِالْحَقِّ، وَأَكُلُ الرُّبَا، وَأَكُلُ مَالِ الْيَتِيمِ، وَالشَّحْرُ، وَقَتْلُ الزَّبَا، وَأَكُلُ مَالِ الْيَتِيمِ، وَالنَّوْمُ النَّرْحُفِ، وَقَذْفُ الْمُحْصَنَاتِ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ الْعَافِلاَتِ".

Moreyah Alghandt of





7) قذف المحصنات المؤمنات الغافلات

THE DANGERS OF BACKBITING & SLANDERING





To put a feeling, idea, or principle gradually into someone's mind, so that it has a strong influence on the way that person thinks or behaves.





Alhamiya Support for teachers and students Educational link, Free of charge ساند الحاميها للمعلمين والمعلمات للطلاب والطالبات وقف خيري تعليمي بلا مقابل لوالدي رحمه الله والحاميها ولوالدي الغالية أطال الله في عمرها اختكم المعلمة:



9 Let's Go Out









Today: Thursday

Date:

15 -6-1442 H

January 28th \ 2020





SG2 U9 Page 79





How is everything going?

9 Let's Go Out





SG2 U9 Page 79





Read a text about chores



Make a list of what parents & what teens think about chores





Rearrange the following words and phrases to form a meaningful sentence:

playing / feel / is a / waste of / they / time / that العاميها Time that is a waste of playing they feel. Playing is a time they that feel waste of. That they feel playing is waste of time. They feel that playing is a waste of time. is your TICKET to SUCCESS!

Rearrange the following words and phrases to form a meaningful sentence:



https://www.toppr.com/ask/question/rearrange-the-following-words-and-phrases-to-form-a-meaningful-sentenceplaying-feel-is/

Rearrange the words to make a meaningful sentence: ? / whose / is / house / this.

Whose is this house? Whose this house is? Whose house is this? This house is whose?

Rearrange the words to make a meaningful sentence: ? / whose / is / house / this.

- A Whose is this house?
- B Whose this house is?
- c Whose house is this?
- D This house is whose?



Correct Answer

Household Chores

SG2 U9 Page 79



Household Chores





8 Reading





CD1, T7

What kinds of chores do you do at home? Who decides the chores you do?

Make my bed.

My mother.







- 1. What do you think the teen's chores are?
- 2. How are his parents going to feel if they come home in the next few minutes?
- 3. What are they going to say?

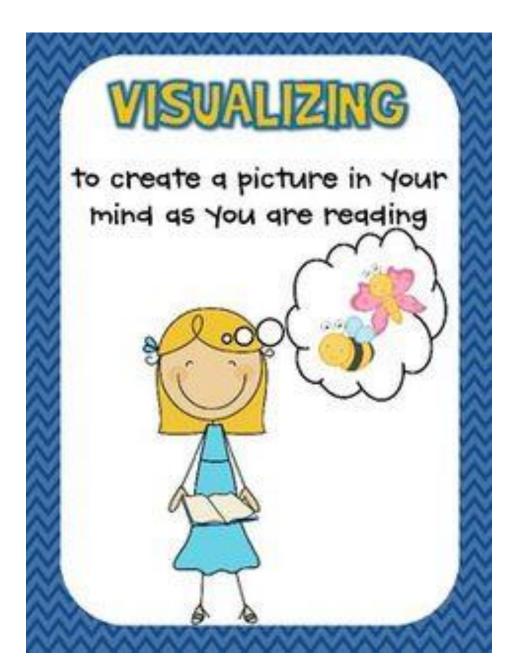
العاميها

Main Idea

The <u>main idea</u> is what a text is mostly about.

- \(\sigma\) Look at the title & pictures.
- OSometimes the main idea is in the first & last sentence.
- Look for clue words repeated over & over.

San Principles

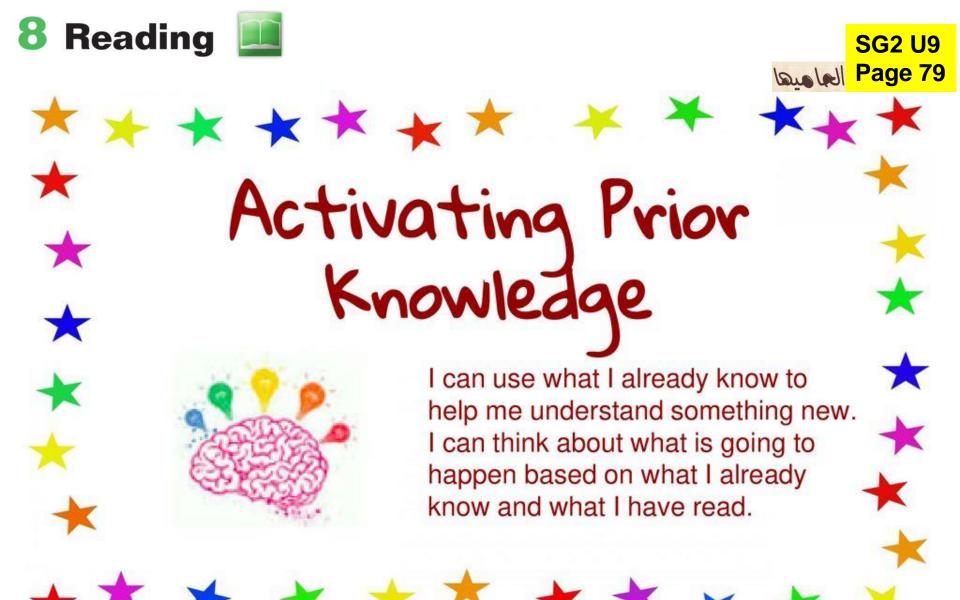


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العاميها

SG2 U9 Page 79

Junderstand
what I read.



K

W

L

What I know

Introduce the topic and brainstorm with the class. Note down responses.

What I **w**ant to know

Record any questions the class has about the topic and/or turn textbook subheadings into questions.

What I want to What I learned

After reading or listening record what students say they have learned.

Note any W questions that were answered.



READING STRATEGY Using prior knowledge

K-W-L

SG2 U9 Page 79

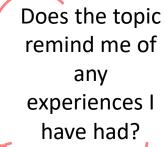
8 Reading

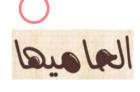


What do I already know about this topic?

Have I seen this topic on Television or in a movie?

Have I read about this topic in a book

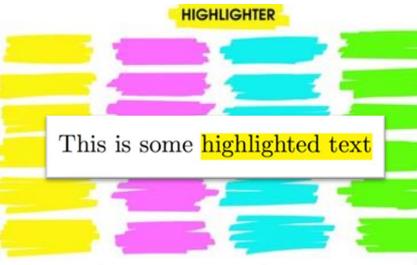




What would
I like to
learn about
this topic?











artistic work

suc cès fou (s cess, esp. financ.

suc-cess (sak ses

1 orig., result; ou result b) somethin.

wealth, fame, rank,

oss-ful (-fal) ad









Feedback

Evaluative information derived a response or reaction to a part about the result of a process of company uses customer feedb to improve a product, perform

8 Reading



the meaning of text evidence.

Text is written work.

Evidence is proof.

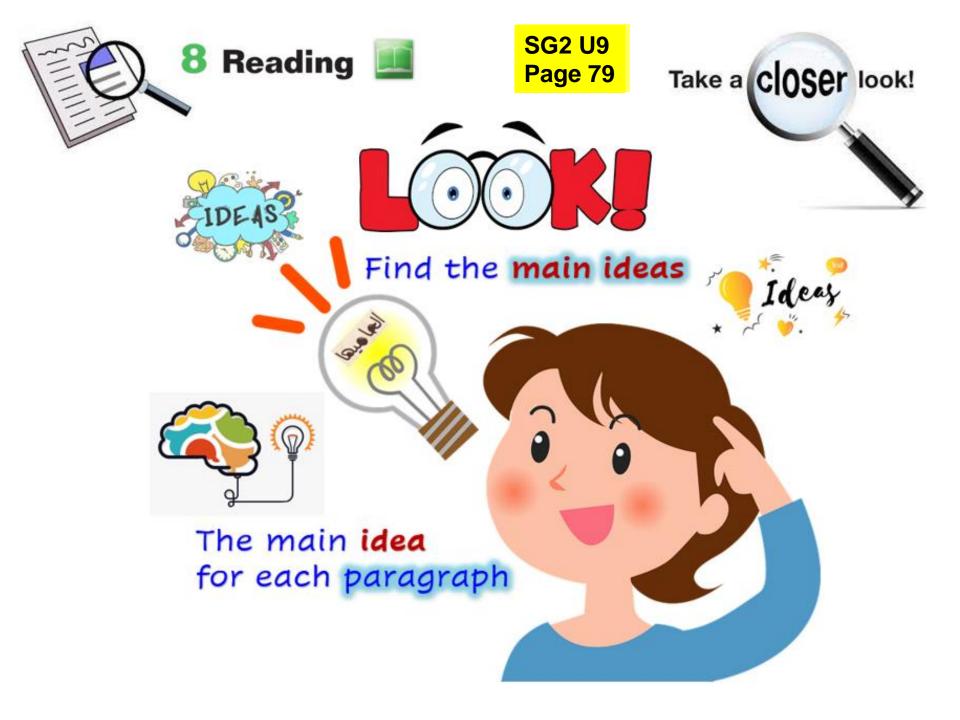
Text + Evidence is citing proof in the reading.





It is helpful to read through the text independently and then together. That way struggling readers will be able to hear words that they may not have understood or read correctly.

Answer the question using prior knowledge and inferences.





What is a main idea?

- The main idea of a story tells you what the entire story is about. You should be able to sum up the main idea in one sentence.
- You can also think of the main idea as the reason a story was written.

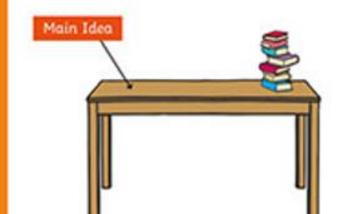




Main Idea

The main idea is the most important point of a text.

Good readers determine the main idea by looking for details in the text.



Supporting Details

These details describe or explain the main idea of the text.

These details are important to the text and support the main idea.



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Main Idea



Main Idea and Details



Main idea is what the story or passage is mostly talking about.

Details are facts that support the main idea.





Emotional Map Strategy







- The vacuum cleaner makes a lot of noise.
- **©** vacuum the floors

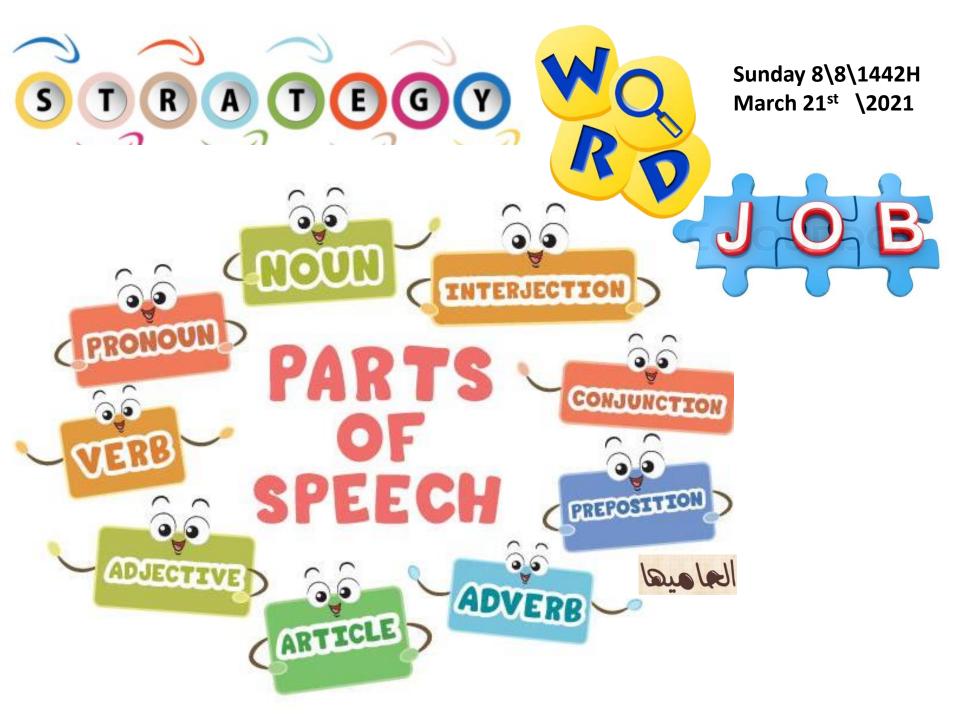
What do you think?

Give a sentence describing the picture:

I don't like it
It is not fun.
I have to do it.

What do you feel?

I vacuum once a week.



Unit:9

Thursday 23\4\1444H 17th November 2022





What is the words job?

العاميها

paragraph	line	word	Part of speech	meaning
6.	2	compromise	noun	an agreement to accept something
2	5	conflict	noun	disagreement between people with opposing opinions
1 2 3 4	3 2 2-4 2	chore	noun	-a job or piece of work that is often boring -a small job that you have to do regularly



Reading

Let's Go Out

SG2

page 79



Anticipation guide

Reading



3	\blacksquare	\checkmark		
Can Stock Photo			•	•

Before	e Reading	Statement		After Reading	
Agree	Disagree		Agree	Disagree	
		Make a list of chores each week will organize the time.			
		"No chores, no money". It makes teens irresponsible.			
		Teens and parents have to reach a compromise			
		Parents are always nagging and complaining.			

https://www.liveworksheets.com/jy3265558bp

T. Noureyah Alghamdi





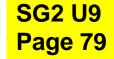




Someone Has to Do It!







Parents often complain that they always have to tell their teenage children to do their chores. Parents think their kids are irresponsible. On the other hand, teens feel **their** parents are always nagging and complaining.

A major problem is that parents think that teens need to do the chores on **their** schedule, while the teens think, "Why do I have to do it now, when I can do it later?" **This** usually leads to unnecessary conflict between teens and their parents.

The general questions parents usually ask about chores are the following: Should teens have them? Should teens and parents agree on a list of chores together? Should teens have freedom to decide when to do **them**?

One mother says, "My daughter and I make a list of chores each week. That way she can organize her time for schoolwork, housework, and free time, too." Another

parent only gives his son pocket money after he has done all his chores around the house. **He** says, "No chores, no money. It makes teens responsible for earning their money, rather than just simply giving **them** an allowance." Some teenagers complain, "My friends don't have to do chores, so why should !?"

Normally parents expect their teenage sons and daughters to help around the house. But parents and teens have to agree on the kind of chores and when the teens have to do them. One mom's son wants to do his chores after he goes out with his friends, but then he's usually too tired. Another mother only lets her daughter see her friends after she finishes all the housework. But housework never ends! So what's the solution?

Teens and parents have to reach a compromise. There has to be common sense on both sides, don't you think?







Unit:9

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Thursday 23\4\1444H 17th November 2022

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Acipation guide

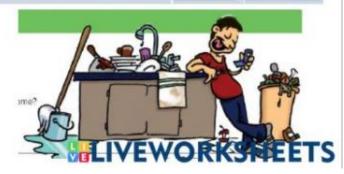
Reading



Before Reading	Statement		After Reading	
Agree Disagree		Agree	Disagree	
	Make a list of chores each week will organize the time.			
	"No chores, no money". It makes teens irresponsible.			
	Teens and parents have to reach a compromise			
	Parents are always nagging and complaining.			

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T. Noureyah Alghamdi









Someone Has to Do It!

antecedent





SG2 U9 Page 79

Pronoun Reference

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makes money, an allov "My frie should Nor sons ar But par

The fell and Carla book picked(it pronoun

kind of chores and when the teens have to do them. One mom's son wants to do his chores after he goes out with his friends, but then he's usually too tired. Another mother only lets her daughter see her friends after she finishes all the housework. But housework never ends! So what's the solution?

Teens and parents have to reach a compromise. There has to be common sense on both sides, don't you think?





READING STRATEGY Reading for main idea





Read the first paragraph for the main idea.











8 Reading

Someone Has to Do It!



SG2 U9 Page 79

have to tell their teenage children to do their chores. Parents think their kids are irresponsible. On the other hand, teens feel **their** parents are always nagging and complaining.

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One mother says, "My daughter and I make a list of chores each week. That way **she** can organize her time for schoolwork, housework, and free time, too." Another parent only gives his son pocket money

house. **He** says, "No chores, no money. It makes teens responsible for earning their money, rather than just simply giving **them** an allowance." Some teenagers complain, "My friends don't have to do chores, so why should I?"

Normally parents expect their teenage sons and daughters to help around the house. But parents and teens have to agree on the kind of chores and when the teens have to do them. One mom's son wants to do his chores *after* he goes out with **his** friends, but then he's usually too tired. Another mother only lets **her** daughter see her friends *after* she finishes all the housework. But housework never ends! So what's the solution?

Teens and parents have to reach a compromise. There has to be common sense on both sides, don't you think?







8 Reading







SG2 U9 Page 79

Underline the parts of the text that provided them with answers.

After Reading

Write two lists: (1) What parents think about teens' chores, and (2) What teens think about their chores.



1. Parents complain that they have to tell teens to do their chores. They think that kids are irresponsible and don't want to do the chores. They want them to do chores on a schedule.

Some think that teens should not get an allowance until they do their chores.

2. Teens feel that their parents are always nagging them about chores. They think they can do the chores later, and not on a schedule.

Discussion

In your opinion, how can teens and parents reach a compromise about chores?



Compromise means to reach an agreement where both sides accept less than they want.

A compromise is a way of settling differences by everybody making concessions.

If you want to stay out until 10 and your parents want, you to stay out until 7 p.m.

9 is a good compromise.



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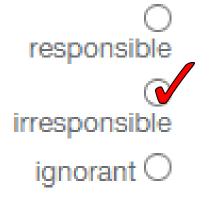


ا مدرستي Platform

نوع السؤال: إختيار من متعدد

:Parents often think their kids are

واجب المنصة للتذكير



9 Let's Go Out

Workbook



بعد حل الواجب يتم ارسال صورة لذلك في قسم الأنشطة على المنصة

No Homework Today



Let's Go Out

أتمنى الاهتمام بمتابعة الدروس في قنوات عين الرسمية من وزارة التعليم



T.Noureyah Alghamdi

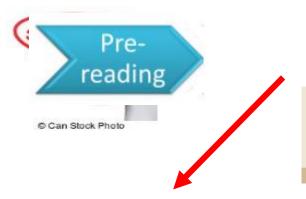
The end





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Anticipation guide







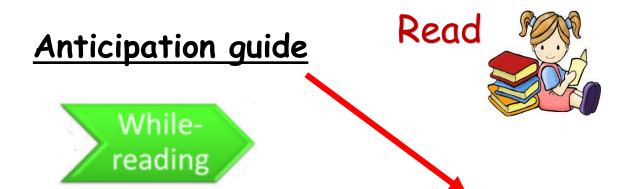


Before Reading		Statement	After Reading	
Agree	Disagree		Agree	Disagree
J	×		J	×
√		Make a list of chores each week will organize the time.		
✓		"No chores, no money". It makes teens irresponsible.		
✓		Teens and parents have to reach a compromise.		



Before Reading		Statement	After Reading	
Agree √	Disagree ×		Agree √	Disagree x
		Make a list of chores each week will organize the time.		
		"No chores, no money". It makes teens irresponsible.		
		Teens and parents have to reach a compromise.		



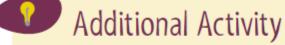


Before Reading		Statement	After Reading	
Agree	Disagree		Agree	Disagree
J	×		J	X
		Make a list of chores each week will organize the time.	✓	
		"No chores, no money". It makes teens irresponsible.		✓
		Teens and parents have to reach a compromise.	✓	



Teaching Tip

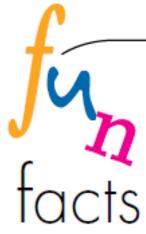
Make sure all students participate equally. Have weaker students do easier tasks; for example, reading aloud lines from a conversation. Save the more challenging tasks for the stronger students; for example, answering questions about meaning.



Have students role-play the conversation on page 6, changing the suggestion and the excuse.

Project: Suggest Activities

Organize students into groups. Assign each group a person or group of people to spend the day with and entertain; for example: your cousins, ages 10 and 12; your grandparents; a visitor from the U.S.; etc. Students suggest places to go and things to do, and plan the day, doing research on the activities as necessary. One member from each group reports to the class how they spent the day.



According to a recent survey conducted in the U.S., the average amount of money kids get for an allowance per week is \$10 for 12-year olds, \$15 for 15-year olds, and \$30 for 17-year olds.

Irregular Verbs

Base Form	Simple Past
be	was/were
become	became
buy	bought
come	came
cut	cut
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fight	fought
find	found
get (up)	got (up)
give	gave
go	went
hang	hung
have	had
hear	heard
know	knew
leave	left
lend	lent
make	made

mean	meant
meet	met
read	read
ride	rode
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sell	sold
send	sent
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
spend	spent
sweep	swept
swim	swam
take	took
teach	taught
think	thought
understand	understood
wake (up)	woke (up)
wear	wore
write	wrote