

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education General Administration of Training and Education, Jeddah Region	<b>First Question Bank: Third Term</b> The year 1443 H/ 2021-22   وزارة التعليم Ministry of Education	Subject	English
		Stage	Intermediate
		Grade	7 <sup>TH</sup>
		Term	3 <sup>rd</sup>
QUESTION BANK FOR ENGLISH: CH: 10,11 23, BS (unit 6,7)		Teachers	

**Question 1: (Multiple Choices):**

For the questions below, in the answer sheet, shade the circle which represents the correct choice for every question.

 <b>Basic Skills</b>			
<b>SG1-UNIT 6: Is There a View?</b>			
1.	Choose the correct word for the picture: 		
	(A) house	(B) bedroom	(C) dining room (D) kitchen
2.	Choose the correct word for the picture: 		
	(A) house	(B) bedroom	(C) dining room (D) kitchen
3.	Choose the correct word for the picture: 		
	(A) sofa	(B) armchair	(C) nightstand (D) bed
4.	Choose the correct word for the picture: 		
	(A) sofa	(B) armchair	(C) nightstand (D) bed
5.	Choose the correct word for the picture: 		
	(A) sofa	(B) armchair	(C) mirror (D) bookcase
6.	The _____ is in the living room.		
	(A) trees	(B) sinks	(C) armchair (D) bed
7.	The pot is on the _____.		
	(A) yard	(B) stove	(C) bathroom (D) kitchen
8.	The tree is in the _____.		
	(A) yard	(B) stove	(C) bathroom (D) kitchen
9.	_____ a mirror in the bathroom. I can see myself in it.		
	(A) There's	(B) There are	(C) There isn't (D) There aren't
10.	_____ some flowers on the table. They look nice.		
	(A) There aren't	(B) There are	(C) Is there (D) There is
11.	I always sleep _____ the bed. (Write the correct preposition.)		
	(A) on	(B) behind	(C) under (D) in front of

12.	<b>I can't see the lamp because it is _____ the wall. (Write the correct preposition.)</b>			
	(A) on	(B) behind	(C) under	(D) in
13.	<b>The stove is _____ the pot. (Write the correct preposition.)</b>			
	(A) on	(B) behind	(C) under	(D) in
<b>SG1-UNIT 7: Where Do You Live?</b>				
14.	<b>Is there a _____ near here? I'm hungry</b>			
	(A) airport	(B) gym	(C) restaurant	(D) post office
15.	<b>I buy vegetables from the _____ on the corner of Main St. and Elm St.</b>			
	(A) supermarket	(B) bank	(C) subway station	(D) park
16.	<b>I enjoy walking in the _____ on Oak Street.</b>			
	(A) convenience store	(B) park	(C) bus stop	(D) apartment building
17.	<b>Saeed:</b> Is there a place to buy books near here? <b>Ryan:</b> Yes. There's a _____ on Main Street.			
	(A) bookstore	(B) airport	(C) gym	(D) restaurant
18.	<b>Amina:</b> Is there a place with many stores near here? <b>Emily:</b> Yes. There's a _____ in Oakwood.			
	(A) mall	(B) supermarket	(C) bank	(D) bookstore
19.	<b>Judy:</b> Is there a place to get the subway near here? <b>Martha:</b> Yes. There's a _____ next to the park.			
	(A) park	(B) bank	(C) subway station	(D) restaurant
20.	<b>The bank is _____ the post office and the restaurant.</b>			
				
	(A) on	(B) between	(C) far from	(D) across from
21.	<b>The airport is _____ the city.</b>			
				
	(A) far from	(B) next to	(C) between	(D) on

22.	The school is _____ the park.			
				
(A) between		(B) across from		(C) in
23. Anna and Elena live _____ Los Angeles, California.				
(A) on		(B) between		(C) in
24. They live _____ the corner of First Street and Elm Street.				
(A) between		(B) back		(C) up
25. <b>Charles:</b> Is there a museum around here?				
<b>Harry:</b> Yes. Go to the corner and turn _____.				
				
(A) go straight		(B) right		(C) down
26. <b>Greg:</b> Is there an Internet café around here?				
<b>Faisal:</b> Yes. _____ down Main Street. It's on the corner of Main Street and Oak Avenue.				
				
(A) go down		(B) turn		(C) go up
27. Gino's Restaurant has _____ (good) pizza in town.				
(A) better		(B) the best		(C) gooder
28. The supermarket is much _____ (big) than the convenience store.				
(A) small		(B) big		(C) bigger
29. The bookstore is _____ (popular) than the library.				
(A) popularing		(B) more popular		(C) popularer
30. Summer is _____ (hot) time of the year.				
(A) hoting		(B) the hottest		(C) the hot
(D) hotter				

31.	<b>The park is _____ (beautiful) in the spring than in the winter.</b>			
	(A) beautifuler	(B) more beautiful	(C) beautifulest	(D) beautifully
32.	<b>The supermarket is much _____ (big) than the convenience store.</b>			
	(A) biggest	(B) than	(C) bags	(D) bigger
33.	<b>My room is _____ (quiet) room in the house. I can't hear any noise.</b>			
	(A) most quietest.	(B) quieter	(C) the quietest	(D) quieting
	 <b>Grammar:</b>			
	<b>Chapter 10: A Glossary of Usage</b>			
34.	<b>Sara is _____ honest poet.</b>			
	(A) an	(B) a	(C) an a	(D) a an
35.	<b>I made two mind maps for _____ history project.</b>			
	(A) an	(B) a	(C) an a	(D) a an
36.	<b>Megan has _____ told many people the big news.</b>			
	(A) all ready	(B) already	(C) all already	(D) allready
37.	<b>Finally, after much preparation, the bedroom was _____ to be painted.</b>			
	(A) all ready	(B) already	(C) all already	(D) allready
38.	<b>Did you use _____ of curry powder in that dish?</b>			
	(A) al alot	(B) allot	(C) alot	(D) a lot
39.	<b>The potato pancakes _____ ready yet.</b>			
	(A) isn't	(B) ain't	(C) aren't	(D) am not
40.	<b>Will you _____ me a soda, please?</b>			
	(A) take	(B) go	(C) come	(D) bring
41.	<b>After passing the exam, Dave felt very proud of _____.</b>			
	(A) himself	(B) hissself	(C) herself	(D) himselfes
42.	<b>Gerald quickly wandered off by _____.</b>			
	(A) himself	(B) hissself	(C) herself	(D) himselfes
43.	<b>_____ time to do my homework.</b>			
	(A) Its	(B) its'	(C) I'ts	(D) It's

44.	<b>I wonder if ____ going to rain this afternoon.</b>			
	(A) its	(B) its'	(C) I'ts	(D) it's
45.	<b>She knows that she is ____ practice three times a week.</b>			
	(A) suppose to	(B) supposed to	(C) supposed too	(D) suppose too
46.	<b>Ravi will ____ learn the new software.</b>			
	(A) try to	(B) try and	(C) try too	(D) try to and
<b>Chapter 11: Capital Letters</b>				
47.	<b>____ brother came home.</b>			
	(A) my	(B) mY	(C) MY	(D) My
48.	<b>Tomorrow ____ will leave early.</b>			
	(A) i	(B) me	(C) I	(D) my
49.	<b>The short story was set in ____.</b>			
	(A) japan	(B) Japan	(C) jAPAN	(D) JAPAN
50.	<b>____ you see Fiona today?</b>			
	(A) did	(B) Did	(C) DID	(D) dID
51.	<b>Jane traveled through ____ last summer.</b>			
	(A) europe	(B) Europe	(C) eUROPE	(D) EUROPE
52.	<b>Would you like to go to the movies this ____?</b>			
	(A) Friday	(B) friday	(C) FRIDAY	(D) FRIDAY
53.	<b>She will be moving to London in ____.</b>			
	(A) february	(B) FEBRUARY	(C) fEBRUARY	(D) February
54.	<b>The ____ fast during the holy month of ____.</b>			
	(A) Muslims, Ramadan	(B) MUSLIMS, RAMADAN	(C) Muslims, ramadan	(D) muslims, Ramadan
55.	<b>Have you read the entire ____?</b>			
	(A) quran	(B) qURAN	(C) Quran	(D) QURAN
56.	<b>The address was ____, Green Bay.</b>			
	(A) P.O. box 32	(B) P.O. Box 32	(C) p.O. Box 32	(D) p.o. Box 32
57.	<b>We went with ____ Sara to the Art Museum.</b>			
	(A) Mrs.	(B) mrs.	(C) MRS.	(D) mRS.

58.	<b>___ Mark is my dentist.</b>			
	(A) dr.	(B) dR.	(C) Dr.	(D) DR.
59.	<b>___ Adam plays basketball for his university.</b>			
	(A) Mr.	(B) mr.	(C) MR.	(D) mR.
60.	<b>My cousin moved to ____.</b>			
	(A) usa	(B) USA	(C) uSA	(D) uSa
	 <b>SPELLING</b>			
61.	<b>Choose the correct spelling: t/n/e/t/s</b>			
	(A) ntset	(B) tents	(C) entst	(D) netts
62.	<b>Choose the correct spelling: o/d/g/l</b>			
	(A) olgd	(B) dogl	(C) logd	(D) gold
63.	<b>Choose the correct spelling: l/i/m/l</b>			
	(A) illm	(B) mlil	(C) mill	(D) liml
64.	<b>Choose the correct spelling: p/s/c/m/o/s/a</b>			
	(A) compass	(B) scsoapm	(C) pmascos	(D) mossapc
65.	<b>Choose the correct spelling: u/m/t/i/o/n/a/n</b>			
	(A) mountain	(B) nanoiumt	(C) nmutiona	(D) tinanoum
66.	<b>Choose the correct answer: mone__</b>			
	(A) z	(B) a	(C) p	(D) y
67.	<b>Choose the correct answer: Calif__nia</b>			
	(A) er	(B) or	(C) ar	(D) ur
68.	<b>Choose the correct answer: ow__ed</b>			
	(A) q	(B) f	(C) n	(D) v
69.	<b>Choose the correct answer: Chin__se</b>			
	(A) s	(B) e	(C) r	(D) t
70.	<b>Choose the correct answer: m__ll</b>			
	(A) i	(B) u	(C) p	(D) t
71.	<b>Choose the correct answer: st__ries</b>			
	(A) o	(B) u	(C) e	(D) i
72.	<b>Choose the correct answer: far__er</b>			
	(A) a	(B) m	(C) u	(D) n
73.	<b>Choose the correct answer: ca__ps</b>			
	(A) o	(B) h	(C) f	(D) m

74.	<b>Choose the correct answer: elepha_t</b>			
	(A) n	(B) e	(C) m	(D) r
75.	<b>Choose the correct answer: shi_</b>			
	(A) p	(B) f	(C) w	(D) e
76.	<b>Choose the correct answer: clim_ing</b>			
	(A) a	(B) c	(C) d	(D) b
77.	<b>Choose the correct answer: r_ _ky</b>			
	(A) e,u	(B) o,c	(C) c,u	(D) o,o
 <b>VOCABULARY</b>				
78.	<b>The doctor will see you _____.</b>			
	(A) momentarily	(B) population	(C) immigrant	(D) laborious
79.	<b>We are living in a well-organized _____.</b>			
	(A) stuff	(B) civilization	(C) laborious	(D) wilderness
80.	<b>Gold mining is one of the most _____ kind of work.</b>			
	(A) population	(B) compass	(C) laborious	(D) immigrant
81.	<b>She is an _____ from Canada.</b>			
	(A) immigrant	(B) labor	(C) wilderness	(D) sawmill
82.	<b>In 1845, California was a part of _____.</b>			
	(A) England	(B) Mexico	(C) America	(D) Canada
83.	<b>In January 1848, California had a _____ of only 15,000 people.</b>			
	(A) employees	(B) compass	(C) population	(D) trails
84.	<b>The first people who arrived in California are known as _____.</b>			
	(A) farmlands	(B) Forty-Niners	(C) miners	(D) cattle
85.	<b>On January 24, 1848 Marshall was momentarily distracted from his _____.</b>			
	(A) labor	(B) work	(C) mules	(D) makeshift
86.	<b>_____ of many different communities are now separated.</b>			
	(A) constitution	(B) habitation	(C) extent	(D) settlement

## Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY

Match the word with its meaning:

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) owned	(A) housing
2) compass	(B) income
3) laborious	(C) an organized group of citizens
4) rush	(D) number of people
5) stuff	(E) a very short amount of time
6) turn	(F) a high hill
7) profit	(G) go round
8) immigrant	(H) uncommon
9) civilization	(I) exhausting work
10) shelter	(J) a person who moves into a new place
11) rough	(K) things
12) momentarily	(L) illness
13) population	(M) belong to someone
14) remote	(N) cash
15) money	(O) a yellow metal
16) gold	(P) distant
17) sickness	(Q) range
18) mountain	(R) joy
19) mall	(S) place to live
20) settlement	(T) hurry
21) thrill	(U) uneven
21) rare	(V) a shopping center

Match to form complete sentences.

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) She is an immigrant	(A) are now separated.
2) We are living	(B) one of the most laborious kind of work.
3) The doctor will	(C) see you momentarily.
4) Gold mining is	(D) in a well-organized civilization.
5) Settlement of many different communities	(E) from Canada.
	(F) to admit your mistakes.

Match the picture with its word:

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) 	(A) blue jeans
2) 	(B) stories
3) 	(C) wagon train
4) 	(D) climbing
5) 	(E) camps
6) 	(F) ship
7) 	(G) farmer
8) 	(H) mines

### **Question 3: (True or False) Comprehension:**

**Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.**

For seventeen years- ever since leaving his New Jersey home at age eighteen- James Wilson Marshall kept moving farther and farther west in search of better life. In 1845, he went to California, which was part of Mexico then, and things finally seemed to turn around for him. A business man named John A. Sutter gave him a job building a sawmill in a remote wilderness area in northern California. Build it, Sutter told him, and you can run the place for me. Marshall arrived at Sutter's house with some interesting news. Sutter studied the stuff that Marshall had brought and realized it was gold. By 1849, the gold rush was on. People poured into California from all points of the compass. They arrived by ship or overland trails, crossing North America by wagon train, riding horses or mules, and even on foot. The first large wave of people who arrived in 1849, were known as Forty-Niners. Dreaming of gold was easy, but finding it was anything but. Miners faced hours of strenuous work. Some were able to reach out and pick up a gold-filled nugget, but that was rare. Most miners spent hours slamming pickaxes into rocky soil, or scooping up panfuls of riverbed mud and rinsing it to find tiny grains of gold. They lived in rough, makeshift camps far from "civilization," with little shelter from cold mountain winds and rain. What of Sutter and Marshall, the men who started it all? Sutter's workers all quit and poured their efforts into finding gold. When the first Forty-Niners arrived, they overran Sutter's land, wrecked his mills and farmlands, and even killed his cattle for food. Marshall's hope of earning a living by running the mill was destroyed when the workers quit and it was wrecked by treasure seekers. He became a drifter, then a poor farmer.

**From Questions below shade in the letter **T** if the statement is True or **F** if the statement is False.**

<b>1. John A. Sutter was not a businessman.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>2. Sutter asked Marshall to run the sawmill.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>3. Marshall kept moving in search of his lost son.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>4. By 1849, the gold rush was on.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>5. James Marshall's discovery started the gold rush.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>6. Sutter was right to be unhappy when Marshall first discovered gold.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>7. The author does not tell us much about Marshall.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>8. A research report writer puts together information from different sources and presents it.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>

<b>9. The first miners arrived in 1948.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>10. The glint that caught Marshall's eye was gold.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>11. Marshall arrived at Sutter's house with some strange news.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>12. By 1849, people poured in to California from all points of the Compass.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>13. The stuff brought by Marshall was not gold.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>14. People arrived in California by airplanes.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>15. Sutter gave Marshall a job of building a sawmill.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>16. The Forty-Niners are the first group who arrived in California.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>17. Sutter was just hoping to make a living</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>18. California was not part of U.S before the gold rush.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>19. The Forty-Niners had a good life in California.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>20. Marshall became a rich man after the gold rush.</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>F</b>

**Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.**

For seventeen years- ever since leaving his New Jersey home at age eighteen- James Wilson Marshall kept moving farther and farther west in search of better life. In 1845, he went to California, which was part of Mexico then, and things finally seemed to turn around for him. A business man named John A. A Sutter gave him a job building a sawmill in a remote wilderness area in northern California. Build it, Sutter told him, and you can run the place for me. Marshall arrived at Sutter’s house with some interesting news. Sutter studied the stuff that Marshall had brought and realized it was gold. By 1849, the gold rush was on. People poured into California from all points of the compass. They arrived by ship or overland trails, crossing North America by wagon train, riding horses or mules, and even on foot. The first large wave of people who arrived in 1849, were known as Forty-Niners. Dreaming of gold was easy, but finding it was anything but. Miners faced hours of strenuous work. Some were able to reach out and pick up a gold-filled nugget, but that was rare. Most miners spent hours slamming pickaxes into rocky soil, or scooping up panfuls of riverbed mud.

<b>COMPREHENSION</b>				
1.	<b>In _____, he went to California, which was part of Mexico then, and things finally seemed to turn around for him.</b>			
	(A) 1844	(B) 1845	(C) 1846	(D) 1855
2.	<b>A business man named John A. A Sutter gave him a job building a _____.</b>			
	(A) sawmill	(B) compass	(C) house	(D) wagon train
3.	<b>Marshall arrived at Sutter’s house with some _____ news.</b>			
	(A) funny	(B) boring	(C) interesting	(D) silly
4.	<b>They arrived by ship or overland trails, crossing North America by wagon train, riding horses or mules, and even on _____.</b>			
	(A) airplane	(B) foot	(C) car	(D) train
5.	<b>The _____ large wave of people who arrived in 1849, were known as Forty-Niners.</b>			
	(A) second	(B) first	(C) last	(D) fourth
6.	<b>Miners faced hours of _____ work.</b>			
	(A) strenuous	(B) easy	(C) awesome	(D) strong





Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education General Administration of Training and Education, Jeddah Region Al Bayan Model School	<b>Second Question Bank: Third Term</b> The year 1443 H/ 2021-22  	<b>Subject</b>	<b>English</b>
		<b>Stage</b>	<b>Intermediate</b>
		<b>Grade</b>	<b>7<sup>TH</sup></b>
		<b>Term</b>	<b>3<sup>rd</sup></b>
<b>QUESTION BANK FOR ENGLISH: CH: 12,13,14, 24/BS (unit 8,1)</b>		<b>Teachers</b>	

**Question 1: (Multiple Choices):**

For the questions below, in the answer sheet, shade the circle which represents the correct choice for every question.

 <b>Basic skills</b>				
<b>SG1-UNIT 8: What Are You Doing?</b>				
1.	<b>Mona is _____ a cracker.</b>			
	(A) drinking	(B) eating	(C) playing	(D) waiting
2.	<b>Mr. Ali is _____ not a taxi.</b>			
	(A) driving his car	(B) surfing the Internet	(C) waiting in line	(D) reading a book
3.	<b>Thomas is _____ the football game on his radio.</b>			
	(A) listening to	(B) looking at	(C) chatting to	(D) watching
4.	<b>Taki is _____ a newspaper.</b>			
	(A) surfing	(B) chatting	(C) reading	(D) writing
5.	<b>Eun-Ju _____ her parents.</b>			
	(A) is calling	(B) call	(C) calling	(D) am calling
6.	<b>He _____ to the football game.</b>			
	(A) not coming	(B) not is coming	(C) isn't coming	(D) not come
7.	<b>They _____ for the subway.</b>			
	(A) waiting	(B) are waiting	(C) am waiting	(D) is waiting
8.	<b>Max: Is Jack looking for a new job? Jim: No, _____.</b>			
	(A) he isn't	(B) he is	(C) isn't	(D) he
9.	<b>_____? Asma is talking to a friend on the phone. (Write the question.)</b>			
	(A) What is Asma doing?	(B) What Asma is doing?	(C) What Asma doing is?	(D) What is doing Asma?
10.	<b>_____? We are surfing the Internet. (Write the question.)</b>			
	(A) What you are doing?	(B) What are you doing?	(C) What you doing are?	(D) What are doing you?

11.	<b>What would you like to eat? I'd _____.</b>			
	(A) like to eat a pizza.	(B) like eat to a pizza.	(C) to like eat a pizza.	(D) like eat a pizza to.
12.	<b>What would like to drink? I'd _____.</b>			
	(A) to like drink a tea.	(B) like to drink a tea.	(C) like drink to a tea.	(D) like drink a tea to.
13.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: playing / is / Ali / football.</b>			
	(A) Ali is playing football.	(B) is Ali playing football.	(C) football Ali is playing.	(D) football is playing Ali.
14.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: an email / She / writing / is.</b>			
	(A) She is writing email an.	(B) She is writing an email.	(C) writing She is an email.	(D) She an is writing email.
15.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: online / are / chatting / They</b>			
	(A) They chatting are online.	(B) are They chatting online.	(C) chatting They are online.	(D) They are chatting online.
<b><u>SG2-UNIT 1: Where Do You Live?</u></b>				
16.	<b>Ali is a _____. He serves food at a restaurant.</b>			
	(A) cameraman	(B) taxi driver	(C) waiter	(D) carpenter
17.	<b>Jack is a _____. He makes furniture.</b>			
	(A) carpenter	(B) taxi driver	(C) waiter	(D) carpenter
18.	<b>Bill is a _____. He drives a taxi.</b>			
	(A) cameraman	(B) taxi driver	(C) teacher	(D) nurse
19.	<b>Brian is a _____. He films the news.</b>			
	(A) cameraman	(B) photographer	(C) teacher	(D) nurse
20.	<b>Hameed is a _____. He works at a clinic.</b>			
	(A) doctor or nurse	(B) photographer	(C) teacher	(D) cameraman
21.	<b>Samantha is a _____. She teaches English.</b>			
	(A) doctor	(B) photographer	(C) teacher	(D) taxi driver
22.	<b>Ahmed is a _____. He takes photos for a magazine.</b>			
	(A) doctor	(B) photographer	(C) teacher	(D) cameraman

23.	<b>David is a _____ . He designs websites.</b>			
	(A) graphic designer or website designer	B) taxi driver	(C) teacher	(D) nurse
24.	<b>Matt is a chef. He _____ food in a restaurant.</b>			
	(A) drives	(B) cooks or makes	(C) takes photos	(D) teaches
25.	<b>I am a taxi driver. I _____ a taxi.</b>			
	(A) cooks	(B) takes photos	(C) drive	(D) teaches
26.	<b>Fahad: _____ do you do? Paul: I'm a reporter.</b>			
	(A) When	(B) Which	(C) Where	(D) What
27.	<b>Sabah: What _____ your father do? Amal: He's a bus driver.</b>			
	(A) did	(B) does	(C) do	(D) done
28.	<b>Mohammed: What do your parents _____ ? Don: My dad's a salesperson and my mom's a teacher</b>			
	(A) did	(B) does	(C) done	(D) do
29.	<b>I want to be a science teacher _____ I love to do experiments.</b>			
	(A) do	(B) because	(C) so	(D) what
30.	<b>We're studying _____ we have a test in history tomorrow.</b>			
	(A) did	(B) when	(C) because	(D) so
31.	<b>The car has a problem, _____ the mechanic is checking it out.</b>			
	(A) what	(B) so	(C) because	(D) where
32.	<b>Khalid likes to take photos, _____ he wants to be a photographer.</b>			
	(A) do	(B) so	(C) because	(D) done
33.	<b>Mr. Penn _____ for a magazine.</b>			
	(A) cooks	(B) writes	(C) sells	(D) teaches
34.	<b>John _____ cameras in a store.</b>			
	(A) drives	(B) cook	(C) writes	(D) sells
35.	<b>A: What _____ your cousin do? B: He's a salesperson. He works in a store.</b>			
	(A) done	(B) do	(C) does	(D) doing

## Grammar:

### Chapter 12: Punctuation: End Marks, Commas

36.	What a cute kitten that is ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
37.	Please don't drop it ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
38.	When does the bus come ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
39.	Have you seen my shell collection ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
40.	Leslie's mother collects driftwood ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
41.	Tracy made her bed ____ hung up her clothes, and took out the trash.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
42.	The plane stops at Chicago ____ Atlanta, and Miami.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
43.	Bicycle safety is important ____ so learn the rules.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
44.	Drivers can't always see you __ but you can usually see them.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
45.	Are you going to carry it ____ or will you wear it?			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
<b>CH 13 Punctuation: Apostrophes</b>				
46.	_____ were interesting.			
	(A) Children books	(B) Children's books	(C) Children' books	(D) Childrens' books
47.	_____ are new.			
	(A) Women's cars	(B) Cars women	(C) Womens' cars	(D) Women' cars
48.	_____ is lost.			
	(A) Coat Mona	(B) Monas' coat	(C) Mona' coat	(D) Mona's coat

49.	<b>The _____ were destroyed.</b>			
	(A) ducks nests	(B) ducks's nests	(C) ducks' nests	(D) duckss' nests
50.	<b>_____ read her poems to the class.</b>			
	(A) Let us'	(B) Let' us	(C) Let's	(D) Letus
51.	<b>What a fine poem _____ chosen!</b>			
	(A) you've	(B) you'e	(C) you' have	(D) you have'
52.	<b>_____ she a poet from Latin America?</b>			
	(A) Was n'ot	(B) Was'not	(C) Wasno't	(D) Wasn't
53.	<b>_____ reading a biography of Gabriela Mistral.</b>			
	(A) I'm	(B) Ia'm	(C) I'am	(D) I am'
54.	<b>Max _____ know she had won a Nobel Prize.</b>			
	(A) didnt	(B) did'not	(C) didn't	(D) didnt'
55.	<b>_____ also known for her teaching.</b>			
	(A) shei's	(B) she's	(C) she'is	(D) sheis'
<b>Chapter 14: Spelling</b>				
56.	<b>il + logical =</b>			
	(A) logicalli	(B) ill ogical	(C) illogical	(D) illogical
57.	<b>pre + view =</b>			
	(A) pview	(B) prepreview	(C) preview	(D) viewpre
58.	<b>mis + spell =</b>			
	(A) misspell	(B) misspell	(C) spellmis	(D) mspell
59.	<b>over + react =</b>			
	(A) overreact	(B) overreact	(C) reactover	(D) oreact
 <b>SPELLING</b>				
60.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: c/y/r/l/e/e/c</b>			
	(A) ryclee	(B) rycele	(C) recycle	(D) rececly
61.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: x/o/i/t/c</b>			
	(A) tocix	(B) toxic	(C) xoitc	(D) toicx
62.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: p/e/l/r/a/e/c</b>			
	(A) realcep	(B) caerpeal	(C) reclape	(D) replace

63.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: r/s/h/t/a</b>			
	(A) harst	(B) shtar	(C) trash	(D) shart
64.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: l/t/c/i/p/a/s</b>			
	(A) sticpla	(B) plastic	(C) citplas	(D) plactis
65.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: inci__era__ors</b>			
	(A) f, k	(B) t, i	(C) n, t	(D) d, p
66.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: conve__ien__e</b>			
	(A) t, f	(B) n, c	(C) r, m	(D) u, l
67.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: gene__at__rs</b>			
	(A) l, s	(B) t, s	(C) f, c	(D) r, o
68.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: dec__m__ose</b>			
	(A) o, p	(B) e, l	(C) d, l	(D) y, m
69.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: dis__osal</b>			
	(A) i	(B) u	(C) p	(D) t
70.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: r__use</b>			
	(A) p	(B) o	(C) e	(D) n
71.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: elec__ri__ity</b>			
	(A) d, w	(B) t, c	(C) r, l	(D) w, k
72.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) food	(B) fodo	(C) fdoo	(D) doof
73.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) waste	(B) waset	(C) wsate	(D) wte
74.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) praks	(B) pkars	(C) parks	(D) prkas
75.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) landfill	(B) lnadflil	(C) ldanfill	(D) lndfaill
76.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) hamrufl	(B) hurmfal	(B) harmful	(D) hrmaful
	 <b>VOCABULARY</b>			
77.	<b>We live according to our _____.</b>			
	(A) pour	(B) kick	(C) convenience	(D) kind
78.	<b>Electricity _____ power for doing something.</b>			
	(A) just	(B) same	(C) finds	(D) generates

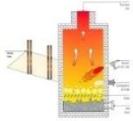
79.	<b>Smoking is _____ to our health.</b>			
	(A) munch	(B) locks	(C) roast	(D) toxic
80.	<b>Trash is burnt in _____.</b>			
	(A) blocks	(B) incinerators	(C) containers	(D) garbage
81.	<b>Bacteria _____ the waste material.</b>			
	(A) damp	(B) enjoy	(C) decompose	(D) join
82.	<b>There should be a proper way for the _____ of wastes in our houses.</b>			
	(A) disposal	(B) throw	(C) stunt	(D) stop
83.	<b>America is a _____ society.</b>			
	(A) recover	(B) joint	(C) throwaway	(D) business
84.	<b>recycle, remade, replace, toxic. Pick the odd one out.</b>			
	(A) toxic	(B) replace	(C) remade	(D) recycle
85.	<b>bottles, aluminum cans, plastic, food. Pick the odd one out.</b>			
	(A) aluminum cans	(B) plastic	(C) food	(D) bottles

**Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY**

**Match the word with its meaning:**

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) recycle	(A) container
2) replace	(B) furnaces for burning trash
3) trash	(C) bring to use again
4) plastic	(D) trash
5) bottles	(E) waste, rubbish
6) aluminium	(F) current, power
7) garbage	(G) synthetic
8) landfill	(H) land used to throw trash
9) electricity	(I) a light, silver colored metal used in making pans
	(J) to put in place of another

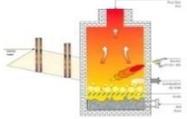
**Match the picture with its word:**

Column (1)		Column (2)
1) disposal		(A) personal comfort
2) convenience		(B) dark
3) generates		(C) furnaces for burning trash
4) toxic, fatal		(D) removal
5) incinerators		(E) to decay or rot
6) decompose		(F) poisonous
		(G) produces
		(H) synthetic
		(I) container
		(J) trash

**Match each word with its antonym:**

Column (1)		Column (2)
1) convenience #		(A) non poisonous
2) generates #		(B) decay
3) toxic #		(C) degenerate
4) reuse #		(D) non-toxic, harmless
5) decompose #		(E) discard
6) disposal #		(F) compose
7) poisonous #		(G) retention
		(H) synthetic
		(I) inconvenience
		(J) produces

**Match the picture with its word:**

Column (1)		Column (2)
1) 		(A) remade
2) 		(B) incinerators
3) 		(C) paper
4) 		(D) fruits
5) 		(E) toxic
6) 		(F) aluminum cans
		(G) landfill
		(H) trash
		(I) recycle
		(J) plastic

**Match each sentence to its complement.**

Column (1)		Column (2)
1) There should be a proper way		(A) non poisonous
2) We live according		(B) inconvenience
3) Electricity generates		(C) toxic to our health.
4) Smoking is		(D) the waste material.
5) Trash is		(E) for the disposal of wastes in our house
6) Bacteria decompose		(F) power for doing something.
		(G) to our convenience.
		(H) burnt in incinerators.
		(I) useful to the health
		(J) furnaces for burning trash

### Question 3: (True or False) Comprehension

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.

#### Garbage Crisis

The only real solution to the garbage crisis is for Americans to reduce the amount of trash they throw away. There are two methods of doing this. One is recycling—reusing garbage. Bottles can be washed and reused. Aluminum cans can be melted down and remade. Currently in the U.S., only 11 percent of solid waste is used again as something else. . . .

We must also reduce the amount of garbage we produce in the first place. We should use less plastic, which is hard to recycle and does not in landfills. Much garbage is useless packaging. Consumers should buy foods and goods that use less packaging. We also should buy reusable products rather than things that are used once and thrown away. . . .

A woman in California was asked about garbage. She replied, “Why do we need to change anything? I put my garbage out on the sidewalk and they take it away.” Attitudes like hers must be changed. We have to face the inevitable question posed by Ed Repa, manager of the solid waste program at the National Solid Waste Management Association: “How do you throw something away when there is no ‘away’?”

**From Questions below shade in the letter **T** if the statement is True or **F** if the statement is False.**

1) One of the methods of reducing the trash is recycling.	T	F
2) Consumers should buy goods that use less packaging.	T	F
3) Aluminum cans can be washed and reused.	T	F
4) Much garbage is useful packaging.	T	F
5) The pronoun 'they' in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> line refers to the Americans.	T	F
6) Aluminum cans can be melted down and remade.	T	F
7) We should use less plastic, which is hard to recycle.	T	F
8) The synonym for recycling is reusing.	T	F
9) The synonym for trash is packaging.	T	F
10) The antonym for useless is useful.	T	F

7. Cross out the odd words:

- a. recycle, remade, reuse, replace, dispose.
- b. trash, garbage, landfill, plastic, waste.
- c. bottles, aluminum cans, plastic, food.
- d. generate, toxic, poisonous, harmful.
- e. farms, parks, homes, bottles.

America is a “throwaway” society. Each year Americans throw away 16 billion disposable diapers, 1.6 billion pens, and 220 million tires. For the sake of convenience, we tend to throw these and other used goods away rather than repair or recycle them. The average American household generates 350 bags, or 4,550 gallons, of garbage per year. This comes out to a total of 160 million tons of garbage a year. We have to change our throwaway lifestyle before we are buried in it. We are running out of places to put all the garbage we produce. About 80 percent of it is now

1) America is a “throwaway” society.	T	F
2) We don't have to change our throwaway lifestyle so we are not buried in it.	T	F
3) There will be more landfills within the next five to ten years.	T	F
4) The synonym for generates is produces.	T	F
5) The synonym for garbage is recycle.	T	F
6) <b>Aluminum is hard to recycle.</b>	T	F





Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education General Administration of Training and Education, Jeddah Region Al Bayan Model School	<b>Final Question Bank: Third Term</b> The year 1443 H/ 2021-22   وزارة التعليم Ministry of Education	Subject	English
		Stage	Intermediate
		Grade	7 <sup>TH</sup>
		Term	3 <sup>rd</sup>
QUESTION BANK FOR ENGLISH: CH: 12,13,14, 23,24/BS (unit 2,3)		Teachers	

**Question 1: (Multiple Choices):**

For the questions below, in the answer sheet, shade the circle which represents the correct choice for every question.

 <b>Basic Skills</b>				
<b>SG2-UNIT 2: What's School Like?</b>				
1.	<b>The adjective in this sentence (Ali drives a new car.) is:</b>			
	(A) Ali	(B) new	(C) car	(D) drive
2.	<b>The adjective in this sentence (Sara has short hair.) is:</b>			
	(A) short	(B) Sara	(C) hair	(D) has
3.	<b>The adjective in this sentence (The children are smart.) is:</b>			
	(A) smart	(B) children	(C) are	(D) the
4.	<b>Sue: Is geography difficult? Mariam: No, it isn't. It's _____.</b>			
	(A) tall	(B) easy	(C) difficult	(D) intelligent
5.	<b>Faisal: Is history boring? Hussain: No, it isn't. It's _____.</b>			
	(A) interesting	(B) athletic	(C) tall	(D) smart
6.	<b>Mark: Is computer club fun? Ali: No, it isn't. It's _____.</b>			
	(A) easy	(B) health	(C) boring	(D) intelligent
7.	<b>Ahmed: Is Saeed short? Faris: No, he isn't. He's _____.</b>			
	(A) thin	(B) tall	(C) long	(D) strict
8.	<b>Claude _____ English. He speaks French.</b>			
	(A) doesn't speak	(B) don't speak	(C) not speak	(D) no speak
9.	<b>I _____ history. I teach math.</b>			
	(A) don't teach	(B) doesn't teach	(C) not teach	(D) no teach
10.	<b>They _____ cars. They have bicycles.</b>			
	(A) doesn't has	(B) doesn't have	(C) don't has	(D) don't have

11.	<b>Brian: _____ you like math? Hameed: Yes, I do.</b>			
	(A) Do	(B) Does	(C) Is	(D) Am
12.	<b>Ivan: _____ Matt like science? Gus: No, he doesn't.</b>			
	(A) Do	(B) Does	(C) Are	(D) Am
13.	<b>Badriya: Does Mona wear glasses? Karen: Yes, she _____.</b>			
	(A) do	(B) does	(C) are	(D) am
14.	<b>Jay: Do they play football? Jack: No, they _____.</b>			
	(A) don't	(B) doesn't	(C) isn't	(D) am not
15.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: study / you / do / French/?</b>			
	(A) Do French you study?	(B) Do study you French?	(C) Do you French study?	(D) Do you study French?
16.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: Mr. Lee / Science / teach / does/?</b>			
	(A) Does Mr. Lee science teach?	(B) Does Mr. Lee teach science?	(C) Does teach Mr. Lee science?	(D) Does Mr. Lee teach science?
17.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: long / hair / has / she/.</b>			
	(A) She has long hair.	(B) She long has hair.	(C) She long hair has.	(D) She has hair long.
18.	<b>Put these words in the correct order: laptop / new / has / Omar / a/.</b>			
	(A) Omar new has a laptop.	(B) Omar has a laptop new.	(C) Omar has a new laptop.	(D) Omar a new laptop has.
19.	<b>Choose the correct missing letter for the word: dra_a</b>			
	(A) a	(B) g	(C) m	(D) s
20.	<b>Unscramble the following word: m/a/e/t</b>			
	(A) team	(B) taem	(C) maet	(D) mtea
21.	<b>Choose the correct missing letter for the word: a__t</b>			
	(A) y	(B) q	(C) b	(D) r
<b>SG2-UNIT 3: What Time Do You Get Up?</b>				
22.	<b>I usually _____ at 10:00 P.M.</b>			
				
	(A) go to work	(B) brush my teeth	(C) go to bed	(D) check my email

23.	<b>I sometimes _____ my bike to work.</b>			
	(A) ride	(B) get up	(C) go	(D) drive
24.	<b>Mr. Kim always _____ in the morning.</b>			
				
	(A) eats dinner	(B) eats breakfast	(C) checks email	(D) breakfast
25.	<b>Mr. Ali always _____ at 6:30 in the morning. After that, he goes to work.</b>			
				
	(A) gets up	(B) goes to bed	(C) goes home	(D) drives up
26.	<b>Tara: What time is it?</b> <b>Penny: It's not six thirty yet. It's _____.</b>			
	(A) six fifty-five	(B) six forty-five	(C) six twenty-five	(D) six thirty
27.	<b>Jim: What time is it?</b> <b>Hameed: It's _____. Everyone is sleeping.</b>			
	(A) 5 o'clock	(B) noon	(C) midnight	(D) morning
28.	<b>John _____ his teeth in the morning.</b>			
	(A) brushes always	(B) brush always	(C) always brushes	(D) always brush
29.	<b>I _____ my bike to school.</b>			
	(A) sometimes ride	(B) sometimes rides	(C) ride sometimes	(D) rides sometimes
30.	<b>They _____ dinner before 6 P.M.</b>			
	(A) never eating	(B) never eat	(C) eat never	(D) eats never
31.	<b>Ariel usually checks her email _____ breakfast.</b>			
	(A) then	(B) on	(C) in	(D) before

32.	<b>She goes to bed _____ 11:00 P.M. every night.</b>			
	(A) at	(B) on	(C) in	(D) under
33.	<b>Abdullah goes to football practice _____ Mondays and Wednesdays</b>			
	(A) at	(B) on	(C) in	(D) under
34.	<b>Dan does his homework _____ the afternoon.</b>			
	(A) at	(B) on	(C) in	(D) under
35.	<b>Nawal _____ her homework at the moment.</b>			
	(A) does	(B) is doing	(C) do	(D) did
36.	<b>Look! The children _____ in the lake.</b>			
	(A) swam	(B) swim	(C) are swimming	(D) are swim
37.	<b>The moon _____ around the Earth .</b>			
	(A) is going	(B) goes	(C) go	(D) going
38.	<b>The bank usually _____ at nine.</b>			
	(A) are opening	(B) opens	(C) open	(D) opening
39.	<b>Jasem has a part-time job, but he _____ today.</b>			
	(A) works not	(B) isn't working	(C) aren't working	(D) work not
40.	<b>_____ in your country in the winter?</b>			
	(A) Is it snowing	(B) snow	(C) Snows	(D) Does it snow
41.	<b>_____ to come to the mall with us?</b>			
	(A) Does	(B) Want you	(C) Do you want	(D) Are you wanting
42.	<b>Choose the correct missing letter for the word: tra__fic</b>			
	(A) f	(B) m	(C) o	(D) c
43.	<b>Choose the correct missing letter for the word: foot__all</b>			
	(A) s	(B) b	(C) v	(D) o
44.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) banq	(B) banke	(C) pank	(D) bank

## Grammar:

### Chapter 12: Punctuation: End Marks, Commas

45.	What a cute kitten that is ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
46.	Please don't drop it ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
47.	When does the bus come ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
48.	Have you seen my shell collection ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
49.	Leslie's mother collects driftwood ____			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
50.	Tracy made her bed ____ hung up her clothes, and took out the trash.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
51.	The plane stops at Chicago ____ Atlanta, and Miami.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
52.	Bicycle safety is important ____ so learn the rules.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
53.	Drivers can't always see you __ but you can usually see them.			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
54.	Are you going to carry it ____ or will you wear it?			
	(A) .	(B) ?	(C) !	(D) ,
<b>CH 13 Punctuation: Apostrophes</b>				
55.	_____ were interesting.			
	(A) Children books	(B) Children's books	(C) Children' books	(D) Childrens' books
56.	_____ are new.			
	(A) Women's cars	(B) Cars women	(C) Womens' cars	(D) Women' cars
57.	_____ is lost.			
	(A) Coat Mona	(B) Monas' coat	(C) Mona' coat	(D) Mona's coat
58.	The _____ were destroyed.			
	(A) ducks nests	(B) ducks's nests	(C) ducks' nests	(D) duckss' nests

59.	<b>_____ she a poet from Latin America?</b>			
	(A) Was'not	(B) Was'ot	(C) Wasn't	(D) Was't
60.	<b>If we _____ ready, the others will wait.</b>			
	(A) aren't	(B) are'n	(C) are'not	(D) are't
61.	<b>_____ reading a biography of Gabriela Mistral.</b>			
	(A) I'm	(B) Ia'm	(C) I'am	(D) I am'
62.	<b>Max _____ know she had won a Nobel Prize.</b>			
	(A) didnt	(B) did'not	(C) didn't	(D) didnt'
63.	<b>_____ also known for her teaching.</b>			
	(A) Shei's	(B) She's	(C) She'is	(D) Sheis'
<b>Chapter 14: Spelling</b>				
64.	<b>The correct spelled word for (il + logical) is:</b>			
	(A) logicalli	(B) ill ogical	(C) ilogical	(D) illogical
65.	<b>The correct spelled word for (pre + view) is:</b>			
	(A) pview	(B) prepreview	(C) preview	(D) viewpre
66.	<b>The correct spelled word for (un + natural) is:</b>			
	(A) uatural	(B) unnatural	(C) unatural	(D) natural
67.	<b>The correct spelled word for (over+ react) is:</b>			
	(A) overreact	(B) overeact	(C) reactover	(D) ovreact
68.	<b>The correct spelled word for (slow + ness) is:</b>			
	(A) sloness	(B) slowness	(C) slownness	(D) slow
69.	<b>The correct spelled word for (quick + ly) is:</b>			
	(A) quicklly	(B) quickkly	(C) quickly	(D) quick
70.	<b>The correct spelled word for (friend + ly) is:</b>			
	(A) friendly	(B) frienddly	(C) friendlly	(D) friend
71.	<b>The correct spelled word for (live + ing) is:</b>			
	(A) liveing	(B) living	(C) liveeing	(D) live
72.	<b>The correct spelled word for (drive + er) is:</b>			
	(A) drivr	(B) driveer	(C) driver	(D) drive
73.	<b>The correct spelled word for (play + ed) is:</b>			
	(A) played	(B) plaied	(C) plaed	(D) play

74.	<b>The correct spelled word for (speak + er) is:</b>			
	(A) speakeer	(B) speakker	(C) speaker	(D) speak
75.	<b>The correct spelled word for (swim + ing) is:</b>			
	(A) swiming	(B) swimming	(C) swimiing	(D) swim
76.	<b>The correct plural form for (apple) is:</b>			
	(A) apples	(B) apple	(C) appless	(D) apple
77.	<b>The correct plural form for (car) is:</b>			
	(A) car	(B) cars	(C) cares	(D) car
78.	<b>The correct plural form for (beach) is:</b>			
	(A) beach	(B) beachs	(C) beaches	(D) beach
79.	<b>The correct plural form for (boy) is:</b>			
	(A) boyes	(B) boys	(C) boies	(D) boy
80.	<b>The correct plural form for (child) is:</b>			
	(A) childes	(B) childs	(C) children	(D) child
81.	<b>The correct plural form for (man) is:</b>			
	(A) man	(B) men	(C) mans	(D) mens
82.	<b>The correct plural form for (fish) is:</b>			
	(A) fish	(B) fishhes	(C) fishs	(D) fishes
	 <b>SPELLING</b>			
83.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: c/y/r/l/e/e/c</b>			
	(A) ryccee	(B) rycecle	(C) recycle	(D) rececly
84.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: x/o/i/t/c</b>			
	(A) tocix	(B) toxic	(C) xoitc	(D) toicx
85.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: p/e/l/r/a/e/c</b>			
	(A) realcep	(B) caerpeal	(C) reclape	(D) replace
86.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: r/s/h/t/a</b>			
	(A) harst	(B) shtar	(C) trash	(D) shart
87.	<b>Choose the words with the correct spelling: l/t/c/i/p/a/s</b>			
	(A) sticpla	(B) plastic	(C) citplas	(D) plactis
88.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) stories	(B) sttoris	(C) storise	(D) storys

89.	<b>Choose the correct answer: far_er</b>			
	(A) a	(B) m	(C) u	(D) n
90.	<b>Unscramble the following word: m/a/s/p/c</b>			
	(A) capms	(B) camps	(C) spacm	(D) pascm
91.	<b>Choose the correct answer: elepha_t</b>			
	(A) n	(B) e	(C) m	(D) r
92.	<b>Choose the correct answer: shi_</b>			
	(A) i	(B) u	(C) p	(D) t
93.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: r_use</b>			
	(A) p	(B) o	(C) e	(D) n
94.	<b>Choose the correct missing letters for the word: elec__ri__ity</b>			
	(A) d, w	(B) t, c	(C) r, l	(D) w, k
95.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) food	(B) fodo	(C) fdoo	(D) doof
96.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) waste	(B) waset	(C) wsate	(D) wte
97.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) praks	(B) pkars	(C) parks	(D) prkas
98.	<b>Choose the correct spelling:</b>			
	(A) landfill	(B) lnadflil	(C) ldanfill	(D) lndfaill
99.	<b>Choose the correct answer: clim_ing</b>			
	(A) a	(B) c	(C) d	(D) b
 <b>VOCABULARY</b>				
100.	<b>The doctor will see you _____.</b>			
	(A) momentarily	(B) unfocused	(C) rough	(D) sawmill
101.	<b>We are living in a well-organized _____.</b>			
	(A) population	(B) civilization	(C) immigrant	(D) trails
102.	<b>Gold mining is one of the most _____ kind of work.</b>			
	(A) easy	(B) momentarily	(C) laborious	(D) civilization
103.	<b>She is an _____ from Canada.</b>			
	(A) immigrant	(B) labor	(C) wilderness	(D) sawmill
104.	<b>Bacteria _____ the waste material.</b>			
	(A) damp	(B) enjoy	(C) decompose	(D) join

105.	<b>There should be a proper way for the _____ of wastes in our houses.</b>			
	(A) disposal	(B) throw	(C) stunt	(D) stop
106.	<b>America is a _____ society.</b>			
	(A) recover	(B) joint	(C) throwaway	(D) business
107.	<b>recycle, remade, replace, toxic. Pick the odd one out.</b>			
	(A) toxic	(B) replace	(C) remade	(D) recycle
108.	<b>bottles, aluminum cans, plastic, food. Pick the odd one out.</b>			
	(A) aluminum cans	(B) plastic	(C) food	(D) bottles

**Question 2: (Pairing Questions) VOCABULARY**

**Match the word with its meaning:**

Column (1)		Column (2)
1) recycle		(A) container
2) replace		(B) furnaces for burning trash
3) trash		(C) bring to use again
4) plastic		(D) trash
5) bottles		(E) waste, rubbish
6) aluminium		(F) current, power
7) garbage		(G) synthetic
8) landfill		(H) land used to throw trash
9) electricity		(I) a light, silver colored metal used in making pans
		(J) to put in place of another

Match the word with its meaning:

<u>Column (1)</u>		<u>Column (2)</u>
1) owned		(A) hurry
2) compass		(B) income
3) laborious		(C) an organized group of citizens
4) rush		(D) number of people
5) stuff		(E) a very short amount of time
6) turn		(F) a high hill
7) profit		(G) go round
8) immigrant		(H) uncommon
9) momentarily		(I) exhausting work
10) population		(J) a person who moves into a new place
11) remote		(K) things
12) money		(L) illness
13) gold		(M) belong to someone
14) sickness		(N) cash
15) mountain		(O) a yellow metal
16) mall		(P) distant
		(Q) range
		(R) shopping center

**Match each word with its antonym:**

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) convenience #	(A) non poisonous
2) generates #	(B) decay
3) toxic #	(C) degenerate
4) reuse #	(D) non-toxic, harmless
5) decompose #	(E) discard
6) disposal #	(F) compose
7) poisonous #	(G) retention
	(H) synthetic
	(I) inconvenience
	(J) produces

Column (1)	Column (2)
1) 	(A) blue jeans
2) 	(B) stories
3) 	(C) landfill
4) 	(D) trash
5) 	(E) camps
6) 	(F) ship
7) 	(G) farmer
8) 	(H) plastic

### Question 3: (True or False) Comprehension

Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.

For seventeen years- ever since leaving his New Jersey home at age eighteen- James Wilson Marshall kept moving farther and farther west in search of better life. In 1845, he went to California, which was part of Mexico then, and things finally seemed to turn around for him. A business man named John A. Sutter gave him a job building a sawmill in a remote wilderness area in northern California. Build it, Sutter told him, and you can run the place for me. Marshall arrived at Sutter's house with some interesting news. Sutter studied the stuff that Marshall had brought and realized it was gold. By 1849, the gold rush was on. People poured into California from all points of the compass. They arrived by ship or overland trails, crossing North America by wagon train, riding horses or mules, and even on foot. The first large wave of people who arrived in 1849, were known as Forty-Niners. Dreaming of gold was easy, but finding it was anything but. Miners faced hours of strenuous work. Some were able to reach out and pick up a gold-filled nugget, but that was rare. Most miners spent hours slamming pickaxes into rocky soil, or scooping up panfuls of riverbed mud

and rinsing it to find tiny grains of gold. They lived in rough, makeshift camps far from "civilization," with little shelter from cold mountain winds and rain. What of Sutter and Marshall, the men who started it all? Sutter's workers all quit and poured their efforts into finding gold. When the first Forty-Niners arrived, they overran Sutter's land, wrecked his mills and farmlands, and even killed his cattle for food. Marshall's hope of earning a living by running the mill was destroyed when the workers quit and it was wrecked by treasure seekers. He became a drifter, then a poor farmer.

From Questions below shade in the letter **T** if the statement is True or **F** if the statement is False.

1) John A. Sutter was a businessman.	T	F
2) Sutter asked Marshall to run the sawmill.	T	F
3) Marshall kept moving in search of his lost son.	T	F
4) By 1849, the gold rush was on.	T	F
5) James Marshall's discovery started the gold rush.	T	F
6) Sutter was right to be unhappy when Marshall first discovered gold.	T	F
7) The author does not tell us much about Marshall.	T	F

**Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.**

America is a “throwaway” society. Each year Americans throw away 16 billion disposable diapers, 1.6 billion pens, and 220 million tires. For the sake of convenience, we tend to throw these and other used goods away rather than repair or recycle them.

We have to change our throwaway lifestyle before we are buried in it. We are running out of places to put all the garbage we produce. “We are running out of places to put all the garbage we produce. About 80 percent of it is now buried in landfills. There are 6,000 landfills currently operating, but many of them are becoming full. The Environmental Protection Agency estimates that one-half of the remaining landfills will run out of space and close within the next five to ten years. Can we simply build new landfills to replace the old ones? The answer is no. For one thing, we are running out of space. We cannot afford to use up land that is needed for farms, parks, and homes. In addition, many landfills contain toxic chemicals that can leak into and pollute underground water supplies. In New York City, over seventy-five wells had to be closed because of such toxic waste poisoning.”

<b>COMPREHENSION</b>				
1.	<b>America is a _____ society.</b>			
	(A) lifestyle	(B) throwaway	(C) recycling	(D) poisoning
2.	<b>About 80 percent of it is now buried in _____.</b>			
	(A) flowers	(B) landfills	(C) garbage	(D) burn
3.	<b>The number of currently operating landfills is _____.</b>			
	(A) 600	(B) 4000	(C) 6000	(D) 2000
4.	<b>We are running out of _____.</b>			
	(A) air	(B) space	(C) food	(D) landfill
5.	<b>Land is needed for farms, _____, and homes.</b>			
	(a) ash	(B) trash	(C) parks	(D) food
6.	<b>Many landfills contain _____.</b>			
	(A) space	(B) reduce	(C) perfumes	(D) toxic chemicals
7.	<b>In New York City, over _____ wells had to be closed because of such toxic waste poisoning.</b>			
	(A) seventy-five	(B) covered	(C) reusing	(D) hundred
8.	<b>We have to change our throwaway _____ before we are buried in it.</b>			
	(A) replace	(B) lifestyle	(C) underground	(D) closed

**Use the information in the passage to answer the questions below.**

In addition, many landfills contain toxic chemicals that can leak into and pollute underground water supplies. In New York City, over seventy-five wells had to be closed because of such toxic waste poisoning. One suggested alternative to landfills is to burn the trash. In some states, large incinerators are used to burn garbage, and the heat that is generated is used to produce electricity. But this has drawbacks. Burning trash pollutes the air with dioxin and mercury, which are highly poisonous. Furthermore, burning does not completely solve the landfill problem. Leftover ash produced by burning is often highly toxic, and it still has to be buried somewhere. The only real solution to the garbage crisis is for Americans to reduce the amount of trash they throw away. There are two methods of doing this. One is recycling—reusing garbage. Bottles can be washed and reused. Aluminum cans can be melted down and remade. Currently in the U.S., only 11 percent of solid waste is used again as something else.

<b>1.</b>	<b>Landfills contain _____ and thus leads to pollution.</b>			
	(A) useful	(B) toxic chemicals	(C) precious	(D) almonds
<b>2.</b>	<b>One alternative to landfills is to _____ the trash.</b>			
	(A) burn	(B) fly	(C) tear	(D) drown
<b>3.</b>	<b>Burning trash pollutes the air with dioxin and, _____ which are highly poisonous.</b>			
	(A) chlorine	(B) fluoride	(C) mercury	(D) oxygen
<b>4.</b>	<b>Burning does not completely solve the _____ problem.</b>			
	(A) landfill	(B) pollution	(C) water	(D) recycle
<b>5.</b>	<b>Leftover _____ produced by burning is often highly toxic, and it still has to be buried somewhere.</b>			
	(A) air	(B) paper	(C) crumbs	(D) ash
<b>6.</b>	<b>The only real solution to the garbage crisis is for Americans to _____ the amount of trash they throw away.</b>			
	(A) replace	(B) abort	(C) reduce	(D) throw
<b>7.</b>	<b>One of the methods of recycling is _____ garbage.</b>			
	(A) throwing	(B) reusing	(C) counting	(D) naming
<b>8.</b>	<b>_____ can be washed and reused.</b>			
	(A) Paper	(B) Oil	(C) Cards	(D) Bottles
<b>9.</b>	<b>Aluminum cans can be _____ down and remade.</b>			
	(A) washed	(B) melted	(C) thrown	(D) cooled





