

الفصل الدراسي الثالث SG3 Units (9 to 12)

Revision of Term3 1444 SG3 U9_U10 _U11 and U12

<u>I*Grammar</u>: Choose the correct words:

Grammar (1 to 22)

1 The man liv	ved next door to me was	called Tamil						
		c who	d- which					
	I liked best in scho		a willeri					
a. who		c. when	d. where					
	ng for us when we got of	f the train						
		c. been	d. <mark>was</mark>					
	hile the children							
	b. was playing		d. is playing					
5- Anna was finishing h	er speech when I	in	1 / 3					
	b. walking		d. walks					
	lunch, the phone rang							
a- were making		c-is making	d-am making					
7- I haven't had break			·					
a-since	b-just	c-already	d- <mark>yet</mark>					
8- Has Rana opened he								
a-for	b- <mark>yet</mark>	c-just	d-already					
9- Laura has arriv	ved home from work.							
a-since	b-yet	c- <mark>just</mark>	d-already					
10- She has just	the report.							
	b-to write	c-wrote	d- <mark>written</mark>					
11- I can't imagine	in that big house.							
a- <mark>living</mark>	b-to live	c-lived	d-lives					
12- I enjoy l								
	<u> </u>	c-learns	d-learned					
13- Here is a list of thi	ngs you should avoid							
a-eats		c- <mark>eating</mark>	d-eat					
	London than Paris.	T	T					
	l .	c-visited	d- <mark>visit</mark>					
15-We would rather	to the cinema ton	ight.	T					
a- <mark>go</mark>	b-went	c-going	d- goes					
•	r, ita solid.		T					
a-becoming	b- <mark>becomes</mark>	c- became	d- to become					
•	et, I what you							
a-buying	b- buy	c- <mark>will buy</mark>	d- bought					
18- Can you th		T	T					
a-ridden	b-rode	c- riding	d- <mark>ride</mark>					
19-May I my		T	<u> </u>					
a-takes	b- <mark>take</mark>	c- took	d- to take					

20. It'shot day today.										
a-such an b-so c- such a d- so many										
21. She hadchildren to look after.										
a-so much	b- <mark>so many</mark>	c- such a	d- such an							
22. Don't putsugar in my cup, please!										
a. such an	b. such a	c. so many	d. <mark>so much</mark>							

II*Vocabulary: Choose the correct words: Vocabulary (23 to 37)

23. Don't pour too much. The tea mightover.											
a. drink b. eat c. <mark>spill</mark> d. clean											
24. According tosources, she's actually dead											
a. <mark>reliable</mark> b. silly c. typical d. pessimistic											
25.The was sent to prison by the police.											
a. guard	b. minister	c. <mark>thief</mark>	d. firefighter								
26.I'm going to the chickens.											
a. say b. read c. drive d. feed											
27.He will from the university next year.											
a. escaped	b. accepted	c. <mark>graduate</mark>	d. looked								
	but now he is siler										
a. serious	b. efficient	c. pessimistic	d. <mark>talkative</mark>								
29.Water is a											
	b- gas	c- plasma	d- <mark>liquid</mark>								
	eps to prevent air										
a. ecosystem	b. <mark>pollution</mark>	c. conservationist	d. environment								
31.She used	to <mark>cut</mark> off his shirt.	,									
		c. hairbrush	d. toothbrush								
32.I don'tr	nath as hard as English.										
a. push	b. play	c. <mark>study</mark>	d. force								
33water over	r his face, it'll help to wo	ike him.									
a. Feed		c. Suggest	d. Mind								
	raditionally used for eat	ing in China.									
a. <mark>Chopsticks</mark>	b. Forks	c. knives	d. Straw								
35.I'd like to	riyal to dollars,										
a. <mark>exchange</mark>		c. spear	d. comment								
36.I'm so sorry to	into you.										
	b. fix	c. cry	d. <mark>bump</mark>								
37.Clean the off the shelf.											
a. leaves	b. <mark>dust</mark>	c. stone	d. wind								



B * Match:

Pairing Question (1 to 13)

1	She has a preference for blue.	J	Α	a person who steals
2	Bill may be a thief .	Α	В	to take or use with the promise to return
3	She had to take <u>care</u> of her sister.	٥	С	to take something without the permission
4	You really annoy me.	K	D	to look after
5	I think you're <u>lazy</u> .	F	Е	the son of your brother or sister
6	Wash the dye out with shampoo.	Ι	F	the antonym of hardworking
7	Fake friends never care about you.	L	G	academic study
8	Can I borrow your pen for a minute?	В	Η	the antonym(opposite) of generous
9	Their <u>nephew</u> was missing.	Е	Ι	a substance that you use to wash your hair
10	She is very <u>selfish</u> in class.	Н	J	to like or a thing preferred
11	I didn't <u>steal</u> your wallet.	C	K	to make someone angry
12	You're our guest for the week.	M	L	not real
13	She is always <u>punctual</u> .	Ν	М	someone who is visiting you
		Ν	the synonym of on time	

الرجاء الالتزام بالمنهج في الكتاب وهذه مراجعه للتدريب ولزيادة الفهم ومعالجة مستوى التدني والصعوبات في مادة اللغة الإنجليزية

C*Orthography: Fill in the missing letters:

Orthography (38 to 51)

38	Please be p_	_lite to our gu	ests.	41	Some people can't stnd losing.					
a- c)	b-i	c-u	a -i		b- <mark>a</mark>	C-0			
39	An eitor d	oes the cuttir	ng of film.	42	He saw himself in the mrror.					
a -k		b- <mark>d</mark>	с-р	a -u		b-e	c- <mark>i</mark>			
40	You can't alw	ays aoid pr	oblems.	43	I've got a cmplaint.					
a -b		b- <mark>v</mark>	c-k	a - <mark>o</mark>		b-e	c-a			



III-Comprehension: Read the passage then answer questions:

We all enjoy a good chew now and then, but did you know that chewing gum was first made by the Indians? The chewing gum that was bought and sold in America in the nineteenth century was originally made by the Indian tribe. They chewed a substance called chicle, taken from a big tree, as a way to stop thirst or fight hunger. It is extracted from the tree, where Farmers make a cut in the trunk of the tree and the liquid that comes out is collected and then dried. Then the gum goes through another process by adding different flavors to make the gum taste better. At that time, only kids and single women were allowed to chew it in public. Married women and widows could chew it privately to freshen their breath, while men could chew it in secret to clean their teeth. Chewing gum was then brought to Europe at the beginning of the twentieth. Due to the huge demand, chewing gum was produced in factories, using the same method as the Indian tribe did. These days, chewing gum is flavored in countless flavors, most common are mint or strawberry. It is sold and enjoyed everywhere, and it is bought by both young and old alike. But be careful it is rude to chew gum with your mouth open.

A-Choose the correct answer :											
1-The passage is about \ The main idea is about											
a-India is a big country b- Chewing Gum c-The factories											
2- They in line 3 refers to											
a- Indian tribe b- Chinese tribe c- American tribe											
3-the opposite of \neq (small) is											
a-dry	b-cold	C- <mark>big</mark>									
4-The most common flavor	s are mint or										
a- chocolate	b- <mark>strawberry</mark>	C- vanilla									
5-Put (T) or (F) :											
1- Farmers make a cut in the leaves of the tree (F)											
2- Only kids and single women were allowed to chew it in public. (T)											

IV-Writing:

سؤال مقالي (التعبير) Guide words\ Use the following words: (مرأ مقالي)
كتابة موضوع التعبير
تم التدريب على جميع
المواضيع خلال الحصص





الاحد ٢٥ رمضان ١٤٤٤ ٢٠٢٣ ابريل ٢٠٢٣ إجازة رمضان والعيد (ابها)

Choices

1	(A)	B	0	0	11	A	8	0	0	2	1	(A)	(8)	0	0	3	1	(A)	B	0	0
2	(A)	B	0	0	12	A	B	0	0	2	2	(B	0	0	3	2	(A)	(8)	0	0
3	(A)	B	0	0	13	(A)	B	0	0	2	3	(A)	(B)	0	0	3	3	(A)	B	0	0
4	(A)	B	0	0	14	A	B	0	0	2	4	(A)	B	0	0	3	4	(A)	B	0	0
5	(A)	B	0	0	15	A	B	0	0	2	5	(A)	(B)	0	0	3	5	(A)	B	0	0
6	(A)	(B)	0	0	16	A	8	0	0	2	6	(A)	(B)	0	0	3	6	(A)	(B)	0	0
7	(A)	B	0	0	17	A	8	0	0	2	7	(A)	(8)	0	0	3	7	(A)	B	0	0
8	(A)	B	0	0	18	A	(B)	0	0	2	8	(A)	B	0	0	3	8	(A)	B	0	0
9	A	B	0	0	19	A	(B)	0	0	2	9	A	B	0	0	3	9	A	(B)	0	0
10	A	B	0	0	20	A	(B)	0	0	3	0	(A)	B	0	0	4	0	(A)	(B)	0	0

1	1	(F)	5	T	F	9	1	E	13	1	E	17	1	(F)	
2	1	(F)	6	1	E	10	1	E	14	1	(F)	18	T	(F)	
3	1	E	7	1	E	11	1	E	15	1	E	19	1	(F)	
4	1	E	8	1	E	12	1	F	16	1	E	20	1	(E)	

Match

Objective

0 .25 .5 .75 1 2 3 4 5 6 7