

# G () A 1.3

## **MANUEL DOS SANTOS**

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Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444





#### MegaGoal 1.3 Student Book

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# Contents



		Scope and Sequence	iv
Unit		Intro	2
Unit	1	Complaints, Complaints	6
Unit	2	I Wonder What Happened	20
Unit	3	If It Hadn't Happened	34
Unit	4	What They Said	48
		<b>EXPANSION Units 1-4</b>	62
		Vocabulary	68
		Irregular Verbs	7'
		Audio Track List	73



# Scope and Sequence

		1	
	Unit Title	Functions	Grammar
	Intro Pages 2–5	Carry out banking transactions Talk about stress	Recycle familiar verb forms, simple present/ narrative, connectors and modifiers, passive forms, would, tag questions, comparatives/ too – enough/ would –hypothesis
1	Complaints, Complaints Pages 6–19	Talk about problems and things that need to be done Ask to have something done Talk about common consumer complaints	Needs to be (done) Have/get something (done) Past participles as adjectives Present perfect simple tense: already, yet, just Verb + gerund; verb + infinitive Subject and object pronouns Imperatives and two-word verbs
2	I Wonder What Happened Pages 20-33	Talk about events that happened in the past before others Speculate about facts and events Expressing enthusiasm with intensifiers and adjectives Express necessity and lack of necessity	Past perfect tense Can't, could, couldn't, must, may, or might Independent clauses with: and, but, so and yet The past with dependent time clauses Conditional sentences with present and future forms
3	If It Hadn't Happened Pages 34–47	Talk about discoveries and inventions and how things would have been different without them Talk about missed opportunities and regrets Expressing ability, permission and requests	Should have + past participle Conditional sentences: hypothetical situations in the past If with could and might Present perfect versus simple past Time expressions with: ago, for, since If + past perfect + be able to
4	What They Said Pages 48–61	Report what people said Discuss famous quotes Relate messages Discussing the environment and natural disasters Expressing agreement and disagreement with: so, neither, either, too	Reported speech Reported questions Word changes in reported speech Reporting verbs Negative questions Relative adverb: Where
	EXPANSION Units 1-4 Pages 62-67	Language Review Reading: The War of the Worlds Project: Report and review a story	







Listening	Pronunciation	Reading	Writing
Listen for specific information/ draw conclusions Listen and identify language functions in discourse	Recycle and use familiar stress, intonation patterns, identify falling/ rising intonation patterns	Teenage Stress	Write about stress and give advice
Listen for specific information about complaints	Stress in compound nouns	Murphy's Law	Write a letter or email of complaint about a faulty product Do a family survey on complaints about products and prepare a poster presentation with your advice (Project)
Listen for general understanding and speculate causes	Word-ending <i>er</i>	Vision 2030 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	Write a description of a vessel, voyage or expedition Collect information and write about a meteor occurrence on Earth and do a poster presentation (Project)
Listen to a radio show for details about regrets	Reductions could have, should have, and would have	Mario's Advice Column	Write a response for an advice column Write the results of a survey about regrets (Project)
Listen for specific information from a speech	Unstressed and stressed that	Quotes, Quotes	Write an email to give information and directions to a place Write about interesting quotations (Project)

**Chant Along:** Could You Help Me Find the Reason? **Writing:** Write a letter of apology



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# Intro

# **Conversation**



Listen and practice reading the conversation in pairs.

Yasmin is in Jeddah, visiting relatives. She and her cousin, Amal, are invited to a wedding reception at the end of the week.

Yasmin: Amal, look at that beautiful, silk gown in the

window!

Amal: I agree. It's very elegant. Would you like to go in

and have a look?

Yasmin: Can we? I'd love to try it on. We don't have much

time, shops will close in less than an hour, so let's

hurry!

**Assistant:** Good morning ladies. How can I help you?

Amal: We'd like to see that gown, please.

**Assistant:** Is it for you?

It's for me, actually. But I need a larger size, don't I? Yasmin:

**Assistant:** I'm not sure you do. I think you should try a

smaller one.

Yasmin: Isn't this small enough?

Assistant: I'm afraid not. It's an XL. Small is the right size for

you. Would you like to try it on?

Yasmin: Yes, please.

Yasmin: What do you think? It's the right size isn't it?

Amal: Yes, it's a perfect fit. It looks great on you. You might

need to have the hem taken up a little.

**Assistant:** We'd be happy to do that for you.

Yasmin: Right! We'll take it! Do you accept this type of credit

**Assistant:** Actually, we'd prefer cash.

Yasmin: Oh, I'm sorry. In that case, we'll have to go to the

bank and get some cash. Could you tell us how to

get to the nearest bank?

**Assistant:** Yes, of course. Walk out the door and turn right.

You'll see some elevators on your right. Go down to the ground floor. The bank is between the elevators

and a large sports store. You can't miss it.

(In the elevator ...)

Amal: By the way. I noticed you were reading the book

that we bought the other day. Are you enjoying it?

Yasmin: I can't put it down. It has an incredible plot. It's full of

> suspense and events are totally unpredictable. It's not like many boring detective novels where you

• Now what's going to happen next without reading.

• It's a good, well-written book. You should read it.

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We don't have much time, shops will close in less than an hour, so let's hurry!

There are too many people waiting in line. We'd better come back later! I need a larger size, don't I? / You need a smaller size.

This is large enough for him.

#### **Directions**

Walk out the door and turn right. You'll see some elevators on your right. Go down to the ground floor. The bank is between the elevators and a large sports store. You can't miss it. Go straight and take the second turning on the left/right. Turn right and right again.

#### Talking about a book/plot

It has an incredible plot.

I can't put it down.

It's full of suspense/surprises.

You don't know what's going to

happen next.

It's unpredictable.

It's an interesting story, based on real facts.

#### **Your Turn**

Role-play a conversation like the one above with a partner.

Decide about the following first:

- which city/town you are in
- · what you are interested in buying
- · what kind of store you are in
- who is with you







# 2 Listening



A. Listen and check true or false.

		true	false
1.	Yasmin can't use this type of credit card		
	because she doesn't have an account.		
2.	Yasmin is interested in opening an account.		
3.	Amal can use the ATM.		
4.	Yasmin will pick up her new gown today.		

Rank	clerk:	Good	morning.	Can I	heln	VOU?
Dalik	CICIN.	OUUU	morning.	Carri	LICIP	you:

Amal: Bank clerk:

Yasmin: No, I'm sorry, I don't. Is that a problem?

Bank clerk: No, not at all. \_

Yasmin: Oh. I see. What do you think Amal? \_\_\_\_\_\_ I'll be back

here, every few months. It would make sense, wouldn't it?

Amal: Whatever you think is best.

Yasmin:

Bank clerk: Of course. \_

Yasmin: Thank you.

Amal: Oh, excuse me. \_\_\_

Yasmin:

Amal: Yes, I do. It's just that I don't use it often enough to

remember! Sorry!

Yasmin: That's fine! I'm glad we'll both be using the same bank. Amal: Oh, look at the number of people waiting at the counter.

\_\_. I forgot to take it this morning.

Yasmin: Please don't worry! I'll wait for you.

Amal: I'm not sure that's a good idea Yasmin. Stores are about

to close for the afternoon. You'd better hurry and pick up

your gown.

Yasmin: You're probably right. Actually, I won't pick it up today. I'd

like them to take the hem up. You'll be alright, won't you?

Amal: Yes, of course. Give me a ring on my cell phone when

vou're ready.

Yasmin: I'll do that. OK. See you soon.





- B. Listen again and write the number of the correct expression in the blank.
  - 1. Just checking; there is no service charge for account holders.
  - 2. In that case, I'd like to open an account please.
  - 3. Yes, please. We'd like to withdraw some cash from this credit card.
  - 4. Do you have an account with us?
  - **5.** Would you like to come this way and fill out some documents?
  - **6.** I'd like to withdraw some money from my account.
  - 7. I wish I had the card for my cash card account. I could use the ATM.
  - 8. Wouldn't it be a good idea to open an account?
  - 9. I didn't realize you had an account at this bank!

# **About You**



Role-play a conversation like the one above with a partner. Use expressions from B.

Decide about the following first:

which city you are in

what you would like to do at the bank, e.g. open an account, deposit money into your account, etc.

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# Pronunciation 😇



**A.** Listen. Note the rising **৴** or **\** falling intonation.

Good morning. Z Can I help you? Z No, not at all.

B. Listen and find more examples for rising or falling intonation in the conversation.

# **5** Reading 📖



#### **Before Reading**

Make a list of things that make you feel stressed. Tell a partner.

# Teenage Stress

#### **Definition**

Stress—the mental and physical strain or the nonspecific response of the body to any demand made upon it. Stress is a chemical reaction that takes place inside the body when there is a basic need to adapt to or resist changing internal or external influences. It is a response meant to return the body and mind to a state of equilibrium and balance.

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#### The Causes of Stress

Although adolescence is often viewed by parents as a carefree period of life, some studies show that teenagers experience the most stress of all people. They can experience stress related to money, family problems, self-esteem, acceptance by their peers, getting accepted into college, choosing a career, and pressure to do well in school, sports, or clubs.

According to experts, one of the main reasons for stress is that childhood has gotten shorter, and the perception of children has changed. Since TV is available to all audiences, children can get messages that were probably meant for adults, and the dividing line between childhood and adulthood is less and less clear. Children do not play as many of their own games as they used to, and most of their games and sports nowadays are those preferred by adults. Youngsters wear similar clothing to that of adults, and they use adult language that was once never to be heard from a child. Young people these days are under tremendous pressure to achieve, to please, and to succeed. They are expected to adjust to social changes that past generations have never had to deal with. The demands made on preteens and teens by modern life have definitely increased the level of stress.

#### **Tips for Dealing with Stress**

All humans experience stress. It is a necessary part of life. The response to stress is what often needs to be controlled. A person's feelings, attitude, and outlook on life affect his or her ability to deal with stress.

You should avoid unnecessary worry. Thinking about a problem in order to arrive at a solution can be positive, but constant worry is not constructive, and it accomplishes nothing. It usually just makes situations more stressful.

- Read and listen to the Qur'an. It will help refresh your heart and mind. Remember that prayer and patience can combat stress and anxiety.
- Be thankful for what you have and start each day on a positive note. Remember that each day is a gift. Thank Almighty for the gift of life and greet the day with optimism and gratitude. Remember that you are not alone.
- Become better organized. Plan activities a step at a time so that parts are accomplished. This gives you more self-esteem and more reasonable deadlines.
- You should be aware of the symptoms of stress.

  Some symptoms are:

  moodiness; insomnia or other sleeping disorders;
  lowered body resistance to colds, flu, or other

- diseases; preoccupation with negative/angry thoughts or feelings; unusual behavior patterns; loss of appetite, or eating disorders such as anorexia or bulimia.
- When you know you have a problem with stress, try to solve it one step at a time. Part of the problem could be trying to do too much at once. You should take it in easy stages.

#### Conclusion

Stress doesn't need to be negative. Some doctors say that you should laugh and smile more frequently to help deal with stress. When you laugh and smile, your body relaxes, and the result is an overall positive reaction. Don't forget that it is the effort that counts more than the result.

#### **After Reading**

- A. Match the words with the meanings.
  - **1.** \_\_\_\_\_ strain
  - **2.** \_\_\_\_ adapt
  - **3.** carefree
  - 4. \_\_\_\_ self-esteem
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ peer
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_ perception
- a. person of the same age group
- **b.** opinion, often based on observation

- c. without worry
- d. worry, anxiety
- e. feeling of personal worth
- f. to change to fit a new situation
- B. List the causes of stress for teens.

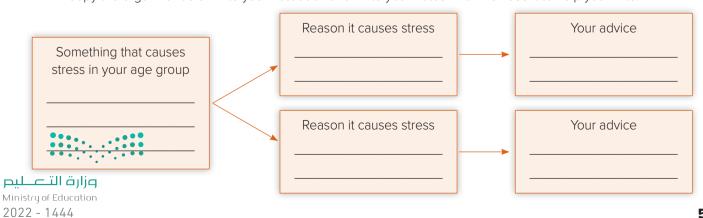
#### **Discussion**

Look at the list you made of things that make you feel stressed. In groups, ask others if the same things stress them out.

# 6 Writing



Write two or more important things that cause stress in your peers. Give some advice for handling these things. Copy the organizer below into your notebook and write your notes in it. Then use it to help you write.



# 1 Complaints, Complaints



# Listen and Discuss 🕡



Read the consumer complaints. Find one sentence in each picture that is a complaint and underline it.

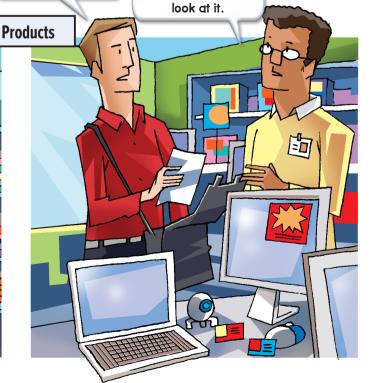
**Consumer Complaints** 







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# **Consumer Awareness**

### What to Be Aware Of

#### Housing



▲ leaky pipe







▲ cracked windshield

#### **Car Repairs**





▲ flat tire ▲ dead battery

▲ dripping faucet







▲ loose windowpane floorboards

-hole

torn

missing button





worn tire

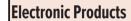
▲ dent in the body

▲ broken doorknob

stain

Clothing

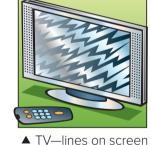




■ air conditioner doesn't get cold







▲ scratched DVD

▲ cell phone—no signal

#### **Quick Check** ✓

- A. Vocabulary. Write down what you think is the worst problem for each category on these pages. Compare your ideas with a partner.
- **B.** Comprehension. Answer the questions about the complaints on page 6.
  - **1.** What's wrong with the apartment?
  - 2. What does the mechanic say he's going to do?
  - .3. What's wrong with the jacket?
- 4. What's wrong with the computer?

# 2 Pair Work 🔀



Role-play the problems presented on these pages.

- What's wrong?
- There's a broken windowpane.
- I'll have it fixed right away.
- What seems to be the problem?
- The air conditioning isn't cooling.
- The thermostat needs to be fixed.

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# Complaints, Complaints

# **3** Grammar 👰





#### Need to Be (Done)

The windows need to be cleaned. (= Someone needs to clean the windows.) The car seats **need to be fixed**. (= Someone needs to fix the car seats.)

#### Have/Get Something (Done)

Use have or get, with the past participle, when someone else does the service for you.

The rooms need to be decorated. We're having/getting the rooms decorated. We're going to have/get the roof repaired. The roof needs to be repaired. The house needed to be painted. We had/got the house painted.

#### **Past Participles as Adjectives**

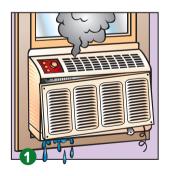
break-broken The windows were **broken**. I fixed the **broken** windows. crack-cracked The vase was **cracked**. I threw away the **cracked** vase. The car was **damaged**. The mechanic fixed the **damaged** car. damage-damaged tear-torn The shirt was **torn**. The tailor sewed the **torn** sleeve.

**A.** Say what is wrong with the following items. Then say how the things should be fixed. Use the words in the box to help you.

dry-clean repair sharpen replace

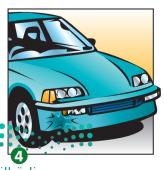
The jacket is stained. It needs to be dry-cleaned.

















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- **1.** Make a list of the problems.
- 2. Say how you're going to solve them.

Problem	Solution
1. Living room:  The windowpane in the living room is broken. It needs to be fixed.	I'm going to have it fixed.
2. Kitchen:	
3. Bedroom:	
<b>4.</b> Bathroom:	
<b>5.</b> Dining room:	

C. Tell your classmates what you had done in the apartment in exercise **B**. Add your own ideas.





Khaled: I \_\_\_\_\_ (1. have) this car for six months, and it gives me all kinds of problems.

What is it this time? Joe:

**Khaled:** It \_\_\_\_\_\_ (2. not start) in the mornings.

Joe: Maybe it's because of the cold, or the battery

\_\_\_ (3. might/be) low.

It probably needs \_\_\_\_\_ (4. recharge).

Khaled: It isn't that. I just \_\_\_\_\_ (5. have/put in)

a new battery\_\_\_\_\_, and it still won't start. I think the starter needs \_\_\_\_\_ (6. repair).

Is there anything else wrong with the car?

Joe:

Khaled: Yes, the exhaust pipe \_\_\_\_\_ (7. fall) off, and

the radiator is leaking.

They both need \_\_\_\_\_\_ (8. fix).

Joe: Is your car under warranty?

**Khaled:** Yes, it is.

**Joe:** Then you shouldn't worry. We'll \_

everything \_\_\_\_\_ (9. have/fix) for you. **Khaled:** That's what you \_\_\_\_\_ (10. say) the

last time.

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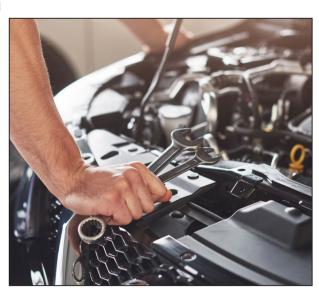












# Complaints, Complaints



# Language in Context

The following silly instructions appeared on product labels. Explain the instructions in your own words. Why are they silly? (You might need to correct the English.)



# Listening



Listen to the guest's complaints. Complete the chart with his problems.

Problems	
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	



# 6 Pronunciation



**A.** Listen. Note the stress on the first noun in the compound nouns. Then practice.

**wind**shield hair dryer meat grinder floorboard **show**er cap **win**dowpane

**B.** Find more words on the previous pages that are made up of two nouns. Practice reading-them aloud by stressing the first part of the first noun.

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# **About You**



In pairs, ask the questions and have your friend answer. Then switch roles.

- 1. Have you ever bought a damaged or defective product? What did you do about it?
- **2.** Have you ever returned something to a store? What was the reaction of the person you talked to?
- 3. Are there organizations that help consumers when they have problems? What do you know about
- **4.** What are the most common consumer complaints you know of?

# 

**Salesperson:** Can I help you, ma'am?

**Customer:** Yes, please, if you could. I'd like to return a

pair of jeans that my son bought—they're

wide-cut with faded colors.

**Salesperson:** It sounds like one of Milo's creations. He

designs loose-fitting clothing, and faded clothes are in style this season. Your son

didn't like them?

**Customer:** No, it's not that. It's the fabric. It's really

flimsy, and...

**Salesperson:** Well, lightweight fabrics are the latest trend.

**Customer:** You don't seem to understand.

Salesperson: Of course, ma'am, I'll try to help. Can you give

me the jeans?

**Customer:** You see, they're torn at the knees, and in

> several other places, and the material is falling apart. I noticed it when I was putting

them in the washer.

#### **Real Talk**

Yes, please, if you could. = polite way to respond to an offer It sounds like = It seems to be

**RETURNS** 

#### **Your Ending**

What do you think was the salesperson's response?

- 1 Those tears are part of the design.
- (2) Would you like another pair?
- **(3**) Would you like a credit to buy something in another department?
- **4**) Your idea: \_

#### **About the Conversation**

In pairs, ask and answer the questions. Then switch roles.

- 1. Was the salesperson helpful?
- 2. What is Milo's latest style?
- •• 3. What was the problem with the jeans

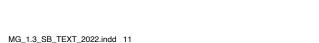
according to the mother?

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#### **Your Turn**

You are a customer. You want to complain about an item you bought. Make a list in your notebook of three things the salesperson says and three things you say. In pairs, role-play the conversation between you and the salesperson.





# 1 Complaints, Complaints



# 9 Reading



#### **Before Reading**

- 1. Have you ever heard of Murphy's Law? Find out if any of your classmates know about it.
- 2. Read the article and underline all the sentences that talk about something that went wrong.
- **3.** Write a sentence to state what the writer is trying to say.

# **MURPHY'S LAW**

You invite your friends over to watch a final football match on TV. There are plenty of juices in the refrigerator, you have bowls filled with your favorite snacks on the table, and you are all set to watch the big match. You turn on the TV set, and all you get are fuzzy images on the screen. Could this be Murphy's Law at work? Murphy's Law states: If anything can go wrong, it might go wrong!



Similar situations occur all the time. When you're in a hurry to open the door and you try several keys on the key ring, the last remaining key is usually the one that works. When you're late meeting your friends and they're all waiting for you at the mall, all the traffic lights are red. When you get in a line at the supermarket, you find you've chosen the slowest one, and it just doesn't move. Is this bad luck or coincidence? According to British physicist Robert Matthews, it's neither one nor

the other. He explains that our selective memories tend to remember the bad episodes more readily than the things that usually work out. Also, the law of probability is more against us than in our favor in many situations. For

example, in the supermarket with five cashiers, the chances of getting the fastest lane are 20 percent, and 80 percent for a slower lane.

Matthews became a popular scientist when he proved that a piece of toast doesn't necessarily fall on the floor on the buttered side. BBC Television gathered 300 people to throw pieces of buttered toast up in the air and observe on which side they fell. Half fell on the buttered side, and half didn't.



Just remember that you cannot blame Murphy's Law for everything that goes wrong. If the hot water runs out while you're taking a shower, it's probably because the hot water heater needs to be fixed. If you miss the bus and are late getting to school, it's probably because you didn't wake up early enough. And if you lose all your files on the computer, let's be honest— it's your fault for not having a backup of your files.



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# Captain Edward A. Murphy

Captain Edward A. Murphy, Jr., was an engineer at Edwards Air Force Base in the United States. In 1949, he was working on a machine to measure the heartbeat and breathing of pilots. But something was malfunctioning in the equipment as the result of human error. Murphy blamed the lab technician and said, "If there is any way to do it wrong, he will." One person's failure can bring a whole project crashing down. And Murphy's view was that some failure or something negative will typically happen. Murphy's phrase became popular in all areas to explain the failures of everyday things.

#### **After Reading**

Answer the questions about the reading.

- **1.** What does the example of the final football match illustrate?
- 2. What does Murphy's Law state?
- 3. According to Robert Matthews, how does the law of probability work against us in the supermarket line?
- **4.** Why did Matthews do the buttered bread experiment? What did it show?

#### **Discussion**

- 1. Give examples of Murphy's Law using your own experience.
- 2. Do you believe in Murphy's Law? Why, or why not?





# Complaints, Complaints

# Writing **//**



- A. 1. Have you ever bought a product that turned out to be faulty or a lot less than you expected? Did you take it back? Why? Why not?
  - 2. Some people complain in writing to make sure that their complaints go on record. Read the complaint letter on the next page and answer the questions.
    - What was the problem with the item that the writer had bought?
    - What was the first thing he did? What was he advised to do?
    - What did he expect the store to do? Why?
    - How do you think he feels about the whole incident? How do you know?
  - 3. Now read the letter again. Circle the paragraph(s) that do the following:



	Paragraph or paragraphs				
Set(s) the scene:	1	2	3	4	5
Express(es) personal feeling/opinion:	1	2	3	4	5
Give(s) an account of the events:	1	2	3	4	5
Provide(s) a conclusion:	1	2	3	4	5

Please note that some of the paragraphs can serve more than one purpose.

- B. 1. Think about a faulty product. It can be a clothing item, an electronic gadget, an appliance, etc.
  - 2. Think about what can go wrong with it. Make notes in the chart.
  - 3. Use your notes to write a letter of complaint to the Customer Service Department of the company or the store where you bought it.

	The item/product you are complaining about:							
		What the instructions/ salesperson promise	What is happening instead	What you would ask/ expect the company that sold you the item to do				
	1							
	2							
میا د تاا قرانه الم	/							

Interelectronica **Customer Service Department** 345 Jackson Road, Baltimore, MD 23770

Date:			

Dear Sir.

- 1 I purchased a set of earphones at your store three days ago. According to your promotional material, any item that is faulty and is returned within 24 hours, is fully refunded and a discount voucher is offered for future purchases, as a courtesy to the customer.
- 2 I attempted to use my earphones the day I purchased them and found out that one of the cables had not been connected. I therefore, called your Customer Service Department and was advised to return the earphones as soon as possible.
- 3 I drove to your place of business immediately and tried to do as advised. Unfortunately, however, I was told by the assistant that the earphones could only be returned if the packaging was intact.
- 4 Allow me to wonder how one is supposed to find out if an item is faulty or not, if it is kept in its packaging. And if that is the case, it would seem fair to include it in your promotional material in large block letters, instead of conveying the wrong message and misleading people.
- 5 I regret to inform you that following this incident, I will refrain from using your retail outlet in future and will have to report you to Consumer Protection.

Yours sincerely,

A displeased former customer

#### **Writing Corner**

When you write an email/letter of complaint:

- Set the scene, in other words, provide background information.
- Give a clear account of expectations and actual events.
- Present the problem clearly and confidently.
- Conclude on a firm but polite note.

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2022 - 1444

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Ministry of Education



15

# Complaints, Complaints

# Form, Meaning and Function

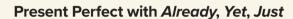


#### **Present Perfect Simple Tense**

Use the present perfect to talk about recently completed actions.

Question Short Answer (+) Short Answer (-) Has he taken out the garbage? Yes. he **has**. No. he hasn't. **Have** they taken the car to the garage? Yes, they **have**. No, they haven't.

Note: Use been to talk about someone who has gone somewhere and he or she has returned. Use *gone* to talk about someone who has left to go somewhere and he or she is still there.



You can use the present perfect to talk about events that happened before now. It is possible that the event happened earlier than expected.

Questions Affirmative (+) Negative (-)

Have you done the dishes **yet**? Yes, I've **already** done them. No, I haven't done them yet. Have you **already** washed the clothes? Yes, I've just washed them. No, I haven't washed them vet.

#### Verb + Gerund

Use the gerund form (which ends in -ing) after the following verbs:

avoid enjoy give up imagine mind stop can't stand finish hate keep miss suggest

He can't stand waiting in line. I don't enjoy sitting in the sun. We **miss being** with our friends. They **stop playing** tennis in the winter.

- A. Work with a partner. Ask and answer about the pictures.
- **A:** Have you done the dishes yet? **B:** Yes, I've already done them.











- B. Make sentences with the words. Use gerunds.
  - dessert / eat / after meals / can't resist / I
  - 1. she / clean / can't stand / the house
  - 2. live / our grandparents / enjoy / in the country
  - 3. the children / hate / their ice cream / share
  - 4. eat / Mom's food / we / miss
  - **5.** my sister / my toothpaste / use / stop / have to
- **6**川 抽象iworkers / paint / the house / finished

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I can't resist eating dessert after meals.	
Ŭ	
	_



#### **Object Pronouns**

Singular			Plural		
Subject	Object	•	Subject	Object	
Pronouns	Prono	uns	Pronouns	Pronouns	
1	me	He knows <b>me</b> .	we	us	They know <b>us</b> .
you	you	l know <b>you</b> .	you	you	They know you.
he	him	I know <b>him</b>	thev	them	We know them

she I know her. her

#### Need/Want/Like + Infinitive

Use the full infinitive (which is to + the base form of the verb) after the following verbs: need, want, like.

She **needs to buy** some snacks.

He doesn't want to do the dishes.

I **like to help** my mother.



#### **Imperatives and Two-Word Verbs**

Two-word verbs are common in English. They have a verb + particle. Object pronouns always come between the verb and the particle.

**Turn off** your cell phone. **Turn** the phone **off**. Turn it off. Clean up the mess. Clean the mess up. Clean it up. Put your clothes away. Put away your clothes. Put them away.

C.	Complete the sentences. Use the correct object pronoun: <i>me, you, him, her, it, us,</i> or <i>them</i> .	The	object
	pronouns can be used once, more than once or not at all.		

•	We need to invite our friends. I can ask <u>them</u> .			
1.	He doesn't like the shoes we bought for him. He's going to return to the store.			1
2.	Sandra is never on time. She's going to tell to be more punctual.			
3.	This computer keeps crashing. I'm going to return and ask for a refund.	<b>1</b>		×
4.	Excuse me, we can't find what we are looking for. Could you help	?		
5.	The car windscreen is cracked. Please can you fix?		Je II M	3

**D.** Rewrite each sentence with a two-word verb in two ways.

Please turn on the TV.	Please turn the TV on. Please turn it on.	
<b>1.</b> Put away those toys.		
2. Clean up this mess.		
<b>3.</b> Turn on the cooker.		
<b>4.</b> Please turn off the light.		
<b>5.</b> Please pick up your jacket.		
<b>6.</b> Turn down the radio		
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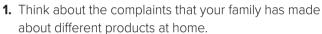
# Complaints, Complaints



# 12 Project







- 2. Interview some of the members of your family to find out more.
- 3. Make notes in the chart.
- **4.** Make a large poster of 3 to 5 products. You can cut out photos of products if you like, or draw them. Remember to include a short description or product specifications.
- 5. Write the complaint about the product in quotes under the picture.
- **6.** Write your advice about how to deal with the problem.



	Person and product	The problem/complaint	Your advice
1			
2			
3	•••		

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# 13 Self Reflection

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Things that I liked about Unit 1:	Things that I didn't like very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 1:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 1:

Unit 1 Checklist	l can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about problems and things that need to be done			
ask to have something done			
talk about common consumer complaints			
use needs to be (done) and use have/get something done			
use past participles as adjectives			
use: already, yet, just			
form constructions with verb + gerund; verb + infinitive			
know about subject and object pronouns			
form imperatives and two-word verbs			

My five favorite new words from Unit 1:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 1:
ارقال	<ul> <li>read through the unit again</li> <li>listen to the audio material</li> <li>study the grammar and functions from the unit again</li> <li>ask your teacher for help</li> </ul>

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# Listen and Discuss

- 1. Look at the pictures and write words for some of the things and actions you see in each picture.
- 2. Match the sentences below with the pictures.













- a. \_\_\_\_ There must have been a hurricane or a tornado.
- **b.** \_\_\_\_ It can't be a real locomotive. It must be an advertisement.
- **c.** \_\_\_\_ He might have teased the bull.
- **d.** \_\_\_\_ The driver must have lost control of the truck.
- e. \_\_\_ It might be a new design of sunglasses.

could have fallen.

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# **Meteorite Hits House**

#### New Orleans, Louisiana USA

When Ray and Judy Fausset arrived home on the afternoon of September 23, 2003, they discovered to their amazement that a meteorite had crashed through their two-story house. Neighbors said that they had heard a terrific noise, and two people had actually seen the fireball when the meteor hit. The meteorite had penetrated

through the Faussets' roof and the house's two floors, and it had ended up in the crawl space under the house, leaving debris and fragments along its path. A total mass of 42.5 pounds (19.3 kilograms) from the meteorite was recovered from the Fausset house. The three largest fragments weighed 6.5 pounds (2.9 kilograms), 2.9 pounds (1.3 kilograms), and 2.2 pounds (1 kilogram).







- **A. Vocabulary.** Underline the expressions in the sentences on page 20 that suggest ideas about what probably happened or what something probably is.
- B. Comprehension. Answer true or false.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ When the Faussets got home, their roof had been smashed.
  - **2.** \_\_\_\_ The crash happened while they were asleep.
  - 3. \_\_\_ The Faussets' neighbors said they hadn't heard anything.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_ The meteorite had left a lot of destruction in its path.
- \_ The largest fragment wasn't as heavy as a وزارة التعطيم tennis ball.

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2 Pair Work



Ask and answer about the photos.

- What might have happened?
- The driver might have hit a car on the road.
- What do you think it is?
- It can't be a house. It must be an observatory.

21

# 2 I Wonder What Happened



# **3** Grammar 👊

#### **Past Perfect Tense**

Use the past perfect tense (*had* + past participle) to indicate an action that happened before another action in the past.

When we arrived at the airport, our flight had already left.

They couldn't get in the house because they had forgotten the key.

Questi	ions (?)		Short	Answers (+	·)	Short	Answers (–)	
Had	you he/she we they	been there before?	Yes,	you he/she we they	had.	No,	you he/she we they	hadn't.

**Note:** The contraction 'd for had—I'd (I + had), you'd (you + had), and so on—can be used with the past perfect.

#### Can't, Could, Couldn't, Must, May, or Might

Use *can't, must, may,* or *might* to make suppositions, to speculate about something, and to draw conclusions.

Use *must* to say we are sure of something.

Use can't or couldn't to say that we think something is impossible.

Use may, might, or could to say that something is possible.

#### Present

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It **can't** be a balloon. Balloons aren't shaped like that. It **might** be a glider. But gliders don't fly vertically.

It must be a helicopter.

#### Past

It **couldn't** have been a balloon. Balloons aren't shaped like that. It **might** have been a glider.
But gliders don't fly vertically.

It **must** have been a helicopter.

<b>A.</b> (	omplete the sentences using the verbs in parentheses. Use the simple past and the past perfect forms.
1	I (feel) much better after I (see) the results of my test.
2	It had been raining, but by the time we (arrive), the rain (stop).
3	Dinosaurs (be) extinct for millions of years before the first humans
	(appear).
4	I (never, travel) outside my country until I (go) to Disney World
	last summer.
5	We wanted to get a picture of the meteorite, but when we (arrive), the police
	(already, take) it away.
	No, Your Honor, I (never, see) that man before the night he (break into)
مرارت التعليم Ministry of Education	my apartment.



1. You haven't eaten all day. You \_\_\_\_\_\_ be starving.

**2.** Pat's joking. She \_\_\_\_\_\_ be serious.

3. Ahmed has been studying all afternoon. He \_\_\_\_ be tired by now.

**4.** I'm not sure of the way there. Let's ask my father. He \_\_\_\_\_ drive us there.

5. I can't find my keys anywhere. I \_\_\_\_\_ have lost them.6. Who's at the door? It \_\_\_\_\_ be Mariam. She is abroad with her parents.

C. Look at the pictures, and explain what you think *must have* happened, might have happened, and could have happened.

He must have slept late.

He might have forgotten to set his alarm clock. He could have stayed up late last night.









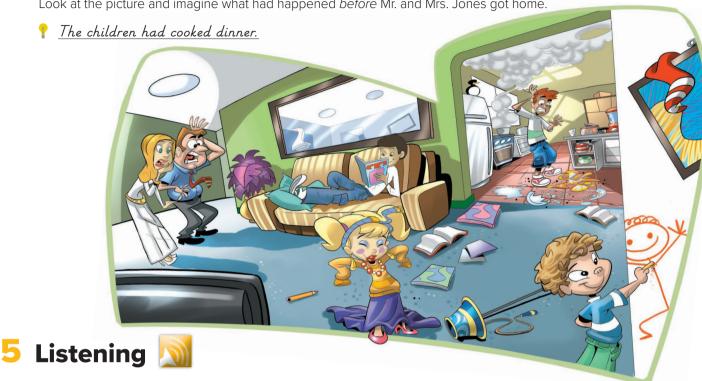
Ministry of Edu 2022 - 1444

# I Wonder What Happened



# 4 Language in Context

Look at the picture and imagine what had happened before Mr. and Mrs. Jones got home.



A. Listen to the two strange events, and complete the chart. Write the strange events in the What Happened? column.

	What happened?	Speculation/possibility
Erika's house		
Fred and Mildred's ranch		

B. Write your own idea about why it happened in the Speculation/Possibility column. Compare ideas with other students.

# 6 Pronunciation 😇



Listen. Note the **er** ending in the following words. Then practice.

crater driver recov**er** water discover

# About You 🔀



• In pairs, askethe questions and have your friend answer. Then switch roles.

1. Have you ever seen a meteorite?

مراع المالية 2 2 المالية ministry of Ed 🎗 at Have you ever seen a puzzling sight like those on page 20? Talk about your experience. 2022241444

# 



Find and underline examples of er at the end of words and practice reading the conversation in pairs.



Samir: Excuse me. What's going on?

Greg: When I got to the park, a crowd had

already gathered around that weird thing

over there.

Samir: Gee! I wonder what it is.

Greg: Beats me! It must have fallen from the sky.

Do you have any idea what it might be?

Samir: Whatever it is, it's man-made. It looks like

part of a satellite to me.

Greg: Or it might be the remains of a weather

balloon.

Samir: No, it can't be. I've seen weather

balloons before, and that's not the type of

equipment they have.

You see those lights flashing? And there's Greg:

a humming sound coming from it. It must

be a communications satellite.

Samir: Or maybe one of those UFOs.

You never know.

#### **Real Talk**

Excuse me. = a way to start a conversation with a stranger

Gee! = an exclamation to express surprise

Beats me! = I have no idea!

You never know. = Anything is possible.

#### **About the Conversation**

- 1. What had happened before Greg got to the park?
- 2. What does Samir think the object could be?
- 3. What does Greg think it might be?

**Your Ending** 

What does Greg say?

- 1 Yeah. We'd better call the police.
- (2) It might be a time bomb. Let's get out of here.
- (3) I'm going to stick around to see what happens.
- (4) Your idea:



UFO = Unidentified Flying Object

#### **Your Turn**

**A.** Role-play the conversation with a partner. Speculate about the object found in the park.

**B.** Imagine you are a reporter. Give a report about what happened at the park.

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Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

5/3/22 9:37 PM



# I Wonder What Happened







- 1. Think about the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in 2030. How do you think education, healthcare, employment, culture and business will change?
- 2. Read the text and highlight the information about:
  - · education, healthcare, and culture
  - business and employment

Compare with your ideas.



The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is blessed with a great amount of natural resources and amazing opportunities for economic growth and development. However, the Kingdom's most valuable asset is its Islamic, family-oriented society.

#### The People

The Kingdom's 2030 Vision will provide the support and opportunities that this society needs in order to develop its potential. The members of the Kingdom's society will enjoy a secure and happy life in a secure and sustainable environment. They will have social support, health care and high quality education. They will be able to raise their children according to Islamic values and help develop their talents and abilities.

Culture and entertainment projects will contribute to the quality of life and celebrate the nation's faith, national identity, culture and heritage. Libraries, galleries, and museums will be established in different areas. Higher education will address real needs and provide the knowledge and training that people need for employment and professional development. The Kingdom is honored to welcome and serve an increasing number of pilgrims and visitors, from across the globe, every year. The expansion of the Two Holy Mosques and

the upgrading of services and facilities had helped to cater for 15 million visitors from its development until 2020. These improvements will continue to ensure that all pilgrims are well looked after when they visit.

#### The Economy

The Kingdom's economy will grow and expand into new sectors. A dynamic business environment with upgraded services and facilities will offer opportunities for investment and attract large and small businesses from different countries.

The Kingdom's geographical position will help make it an international trade and transportation center that connects Europe, Africa, and Asia.

Telecommunications and information technology will be updated and made available in urban and rural areas. This will provide additional access to information and employment opportunities for citizens who live in remote areas.

Government services will be streamlined to support the establishment and operation of new enterprises in different sectors. The renewed and streamlined business environment will increase opportunities for citizens and attract investors from all over the world.

Adopted from the text of the Vision Programs at https://vision2030.gov.sa/en and from the text that was drafted by the Council of Economic and Development Affairs as instructed by the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Salman.

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#### **After Reading**

- A. Match the words with the meanings.
  - **1.** asset
  - 2. \_\_\_ sustainable
  - 3. \_\_\_ upgraded
  - **4.** \_\_\_ dynamic
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_ urban
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_ rural
  - **7.** \_\_\_\_ remote
  - **8.** streamlined
  - **9.** \_\_\_\_ enterprise

- a. of or relating to the country
- **b.** a useful or valuable quality, skill or person
- **c.** replaced by newer, better procedures, equipment, etc.
- d. always active, changing, developing
- e. a business organization
- f. lasting, not destroying natural resources
- g. made simpler, more effective and productive
- **h.** far away
- i. of or relating to cities or towns
- **B.** Complete the sentences about the reading with your own words.
  - 1. The citizens of the Kingdom will have
  - 2. Higher education will provide
  - 3. In order to cater for 15 million visitors by 2020
  - 4. Upgraded business services and facilities will
  - **5.** The Kingdom will become a trade and transportation center that
  - **6.** Government services will support



#### **Discussion**

- - Places you can visit
  - Activities



• How you can get to places

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27



## I Wonder What Happened



# Writing



- A. 1. How many remote controls do you have at home? What kind of devices are they used for?
  - 2. Read the article and identify the different stages that remote controls went through.

People involved	Main characteristics	Functions
	People involved	People involved Main characteristics

WEEKLY EDITION

THE DAILY READING JOURNAL

SECTION A

We tend to think of remote controls as 'new' devices. However, what we now take for granted at home or at work has been developed over a very long time.

One of the earliest examples of remote control was developed in 1898 by Nikola Tesla, who demonstrated a radio-controlled boat to the public during an electrical exhibition at Madison Square Garden. In 1903, Leonardo Torres Quevedo presented the Telekino at the Paris Academy of Science. It consisted of a robot that executed commands transmitted by electromagnetic waves and was a pioneer in the field of remote control. The first remote-controlled model airplane flew in 1932 and by

the late 1930s, several radio manufacturers offered remote controls for some of their more exclusive models.

The first television remote control was developed in 1950. It was called "Lazy Bones", and was connected to the television set by a wire. A wireless and then an ultrasound remote control were developed in the mid-50s but neither was reliable.

More sophisticated television remote controls were introduced in the late 70s, but they had a limited number of functions, sometimes as few as three: next channel, previous channel, and volume/off. Remote controls, with a wider range of functions, were finally launched in the 80s and became an immediate

success. For the first time, viewers no longer watched programs just because they did not want to get up to change the channel. They could also channel surf during commercials, or turn the sound off.

By the early 2000s, the number of remote controls increased along with the number of electronic devices. Consumers needed a remote for each device. This led to the development of universal remote controls that can be used with different devices. Imagine controlling everything around you with the touch of a button on one single remote control! Is it wonderful or scary?

3. Dig you find any new information in the article? What did you learn?

4. Read the article again and decide what the focus/topic of each paragraph is. Work in pairs and compare your answers. Then report in class.

5. Read the last lines of the article. What do you think? Is it wonderful or scary? Why?

- **B. 1.** Look at the picture of the *Kon-Tiki*. Does it remind you of a contemporary sailboat that you have seen in a picture or in real life?
  - 2. Find out about the Kon-Tiki or choose another vessel, well-known voyage or expedition. Use the Internet, or search for information in your school library to find out as much information on your chosen subject as you can.
  - 3. Make notes in the chart.
  - **4.** Use your notes to write a short description of your vessel, voyage expedition.



29

A model of the Kon-Tiki, the boat used by Norwegian explorer Thor Heyerdahl to prove that pre-Inca people could have sailed from South America to the islands in the Pacific.

I am researching	
What is it?	
Why is it special?	
Who was involved in it?	
What is the vessel made of?	
Where did the voyage or expedition take place?	
Was it successful?	

Copy the chart in your notebook. Allow plenty of space for your notes.

#### **Writing Corner**

When you write a description of an event:

- Research/Collect all the information you need
- Make clear, organized notes that can be read at a glance
- Organize your information in paragraphs, bullet points, charts, etc.
- Use past tenses and passive forms to relate history

• Include your own and/or others' views on the event

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## 2 I Wonder What Happened





# 11 Form, Meaning and Function

#### Independent Clauses with And, But, Or, So, and Yet

An independent clause expresses a complete thought and can stand alone as a sentence.

A meteorite crashed through their two-story house.

Two or more independent clauses can be combined with coordinating conjunction words, such as: *and, but, or, so,* and *yet.* When a sentence includes two independent clauses joined by a coordinating conjunction, use a comma before the coordinating conjunction.

Neighbors said they hear a terrific noise, yet no-one reported it to the police.

Mr. and Mrs. Fausset's house was destroyed, so they moved.

#### The Past with Dependent Time Clauses

We can talk about a past event using a time clause with *when, as soon as, before, after, while, until,* and *since.* When the time clause comes before the main clause, use a comma between the two clauses.

When they arrived home, they discovered to their amazement that a meteorite had crashed through the roof.

#### **Expressing Enthusiasm with Intensifiers and Adjectives**

	Gradable Adjectives		Non-Gradable Adjectives
very really quite	scary good interesting small big	absolutely really quite	terrifying amazing fascinating tiny massive

**Note:** We can use *really* with both kinds of adjectives. It means *a lot*. But when we use *quite* before a gradable adjective it means *a little*. When we use *quite* before a non-gradable adjective, it means *completely*.

A. Complete the witness report with the correct form of the verb in the past. Compare with a partner.

	<u>alking     </u> (1. walk) to work, I <u> </u>		-
	(4. hear) a humming sound. When I		
	already		
	(7. fell) out of the sky. People		
	never (9. see)	anything like that before. Some peop	le
	(10. call) the police and some other	people (11. run) a	way. Before
saw that the ob	oject was man-made, I	(12. think) the object was a UFO*.	When I saw
hat the object v	vas made from metal, I	(13. realize) that it	(14. be)
probably part of	a weather balloon or a satellite.		(0
Mitteran acception	of an event you have witnessed. Use	time clauses conjunctions adjective	5
	Then tell your story to the class.	time clauses, conjunctions, adjectives	° 5

#### **Conditional Sentences with Present and Future Forms**

Use conditional sentences with *if* to talk about real causes and results. In these cases you can also use *when* in place of *if*.

#### **Present Facts**

Use the simple present tense in both clauses.

When a meteoroid **enters** the earth's atmosphere, chemical interactions and gasses **cause** it to heat up and **form** a fireball.

#### **Future Facts**

Use the simple present in the if-clause and the future with will in the result clause.

If you don't leave now, you will be late.

#### May/Might

Use *may/might* in the result clause to suggest something is possible, but not certain.

If you see a meteorite falling through the sky, it **may be** a stony meteorite or it **might be** an iron meteorite. The third type of meteorite is a stony-iron meteorite, but these are very rare.



#### **Express Necessity and Lack of Necessity:**

What should I do if I see something strange in the sky?

You **need to** video or photograph the object, if you have a camera phone.

You have to call an expert to get their opinion.

You **don't need to (needn't)** worry. Strange things fall out of the sky on a regular basis all around the world!

C.	Complete the	sentences	Use the simple	e present tense ar	nd <b>will. ma</b> v	<b>v</b> or <b>miaht</b> in	the second	clause

1.	when you.	(rieal) water to 100 degrees Ceisius, it	(DOII).
2.	If they	(climb) up to 4,000 meters, they	(need) oxygen.
3.	If you	(see) a "falling star," it	(be) a meteorite.
4.	If we	(get) this HD television, we	(see) the game better.
5.	When you	(mix) flour and water, you	(end up) with batter.

- D. Read a college professor's notes on what to do if you find a meteorite. Write his advice in full sentences using modals to express necessity or lack of necessity.
  - If you think you have found a meteorite, you must photograph it.

What should you do if you find a meteorite?

photograph the rock

describe the exact location

measure the rock if possible

report the find to the Meteoritical Institute

don't panic — it's very common for rocks to fall

from outer space onto Earth



2022 - 1444

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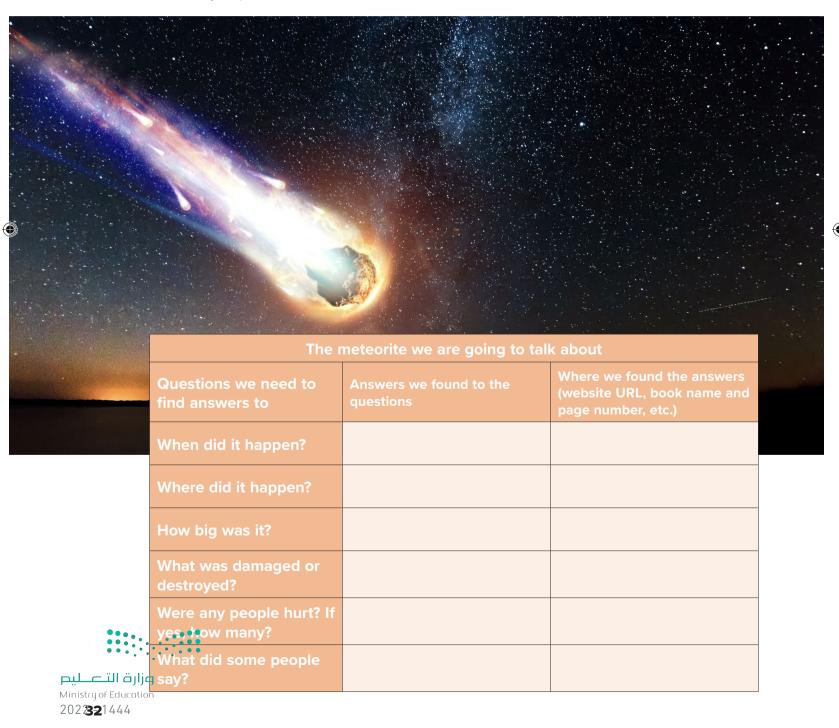
# I Wonder What Happened



# Project 🎎



- 1. Work in groups. Research and find information about meteorites that landed on Earth. Use the Internet, your school library, or other sources.
- 2. Choose one of the meteorite incidents and complete the chart with the information in note-form. Select pictures/photos.
- **3.** Use your notes and pictures/photos to prepare a poster presentation.
- **4.** Design and make your poster. Then share the information and stages of the presentation.
- **5.** Present your poster in class.



# 13 Self Reflection



Things that I liked about Unit 2:	Things	that I didn't like	very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 2:	Things	that I found diffi	cult in Unit 2:
Unit 2 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about events that happened in the past before others			
speculate about facts and events			
use the past perfect tense in the affirmative and negative and in questions and short answers			
use can't, could, couldn't, must, may, or might			
Independent clauses with: and, but, so and yet			
The past with dependent time clauses			
Conditional sentences with present and future forms			
Expressing enthusiasm with intensifiers and adjectives			
Express necessity and lack of necessity			
My five favorite new words from Unit 2:	If you're s from Unit	still not sure abou : 2:	ut something
	<ul> <li>read through the unit again</li> <li>listen to the audio material</li> <li>study the grammar and functions</li> </ul>		

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33

5/3/22 9:37 PM

from the unit again • ask your teacher for help



# 3 If It Hadn't Happened

### Listen and Discuss



- 1. Look at the pictures and write as many words as you can think of for each.
- 2. Read each paragraph and underline the words that name something in the picture.



Inventions and Discoveries That Changed History

We often wonder if things might or could have been different. Would the world be a better place? What are the advantages or disadvantages of different inventions?



#### The Wheel

If the Sumerians hadn't invented the wheel in 5000 B.C.E., they couldn't have moved heavy loads. Six thousand years later, the Mayans and Incans in the Americas used the round shape in their architecture, but they had no wheels.



### Airplanes \*

If the Wright brothers hadn't invented the first successful airplane, people might still be traveling long distances on ships, and there wouldn't be as much contact among people on different

continents. The Wright brothers first flew in an engine-propelled الكالية أن الكالية أن

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#### Oil A

If people hadn't discovered a lot of sources of oil, cars that run on gasoline wouldn't have become so common. The first commercial oil well drilled in North America was in Oil Springs, Ontario, Canada in 1858.

#### Computers >

If we didn't have computers, a lot of work would still be done with paper and pencil, and people in their homes wouldn't be able to be in contact with the entire world. The first PC was introduced by IBM in 1981.

### Electricity A

If electricity hadn't been discovered, people would probably still be using candles or gaslights. Thomas Edison developed the first incandescent electric light bulb in 1879.



#### Penicillin

If Dr. Alexander Fleming hadn't discovered penicillin in 1928, millions of people would have died from infections. However, the widespread use of penicillin as an antibiotic did not begin until the 1940s, during World War II.



### **Life's Regrets**

At one time or another, we all look back and wish we had done things differently in our lives. The following are some typical situations. Mark the ones you've said or done. Discuss with a partner.

- 1.  $\square$  If I'd studied harder, I would have passed that test.
- 2.  $\square$  I should have said what I thought about her hairstyle, but I didn't want to hurt her feelings.
- 3. 

  I should have bought that thing last year; now prices have gone up.
- **4.**  $\square$  If I had been more careful. I would have avoided the accident.
- **5.**  $\square$  I should have told the security guard that I saw someone breaking the lock.
- **6.** □ If I'd known the trip was going to take so long, I would have taken another route.
- **7.** Other after-thoughts?



### Quick Check 🗸

A. Vocabulary. Match to form new words and expressions.

**1.** oil \_\_\_\_

a. guard

**2.** heavy \_\_\_\_

**b.** style

**3.** hair \_\_\_\_

4. electric \_\_\_\_

c. load

**5.** security \_\_\_\_

d. bulb e. well

B. Comprehension. Answer true or false.

- **1.** \_\_\_\_ The Sumerians couldn't have carried heavy loads without the wheel.
- 2. \_\_\_\_ If it weren't for Fleming, many people would have died from infections.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ If it hadn't been for candles, there wouldn't be any electricity.
- People would still be traveling on ships if it • weren't for airplanes.
- \_ The man who is unloading the truck should وزارة التعطو have studied harder.

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### 2 Pair Work 🖼



- A. Ask and answer.
  - What is your biggest regret?
  - I should have been a more serious student.
  - What would have happened if the Sumerians hadn't invented the wheel?
  - They wouldn't have been able to move heavy loads.
  - What would you have done if you'd seen the thief?
  - I would have called the police immediately.
- B. If you could go back and do things over, what mistakes would you try to avoid? Write down a list and compare with a partner.

### If It Hadn't Happened



### Grammar 👊



#### **Should Have + Past Participle**

Use should have + past participle to talk about regrets. Use this form to talk about things you wish you had done or hadn't done.

I **should have said** I was sorry. (... but I didn't say I was sorry)

I **shouldn't have done** that. (... but I did that)

### Conditional Sentences: Hypothetical Situations in the Past

Use if + past perfect + would have + past participle to talk about things that didn't happen in the past and had a result in the past or to talk about things you would have done differently.

If I hadn't found my book, I would have been in trouble. (I found my book, so I wasn't in trouble.) If I had studied harder, I would have passed the exam. (I didn't study hard, so I didn't pass the exam.)

Use if + past perfect + would + (not) base verb/be + -ing to talk about things that didn't happen in the past and have a result in the present.

If I hadn't learned English, I wouldn't understand you. (I learned English, so I understand you.) If we had won, we would be celebrating. (We didn't win, so we aren't celebrating.)

**Note:** l'd = l + had or l + would

If I'd (= I had) been more careful, I'd (= I would) have avoided the accident.

#### If with Could and Might

Use if and could/might + past perfect to talk about possibilities and missed opportunities.

If I had gotten a job last summer, I could have saved more money.

If she had left work earlier, she might have avoided traffic.

- **A.** Read the situations, and make sentences using **should have**/**shouldn't have**.
  - 1. Jan lent April some money, but she never paid her back.
  - **2.** Brad forgot his key, so he broke the window to get into the house.
  - 3. Rita didn't feel well, but she didn't want to go to the doctor.
  - **4.** Emilio was upset because they didn't ask him to go out with them.
  - **5.** We went to Gino's Restaurant, but the food wasn't good.
  - 6. Mr. Johnson missed a really important meeting last night.



**B.** Now tell the class what you would have done in the situations in exercise **A**.

Ministry of Edulatia If I'd been April's friend, I would have asked her for my money.

- **C.** Match the two parts of the sentences.
  - 1. If I had known it was going to rain, \_\_\_\_
  - 2. If they had asked me for advice, \_\_\_\_
  - 3. If I had had enough money, \_\_\_\_
  - **4.** If you had been home, \_\_\_\_
  - **5.** If they had told the truth, \_\_\_\_
  - **6.** If I hadn't passed the test, \_\_\_\_
  - 7. If the referee hadn't made a bad call, \_\_\_\_
- a. I would have told them not to buy that TV set.
- **b.** they wouldn't be in so much trouble now.
- **c.** their team wouldn't have won the game.
- d. I would be taking it again.
- e. I would have taken an umbrella.
- f. I would have visited you.
- g. I would have bought a plane ticket.
- **D.** Now use the first part of the sentences in exercise **C** and add your own endings. Compare your answers with a partner.
- **E.** Work with a partner. What **would**, **could**, or **might** you have said or done in the following situations? Compare your ideas with other pairs.



- 1. It was late at night when Ken remembered he hadn't taken the garbage out. He was already in his pajamas, but he wasn't going to get dressed again just for that. So he went outside quickly, threw the bags into the trash can, and rushed back to the house. When he got to the front door, he realized he had locked himself out. He was busy trying to break into the house when a police officer saw him.
- **2.** You saw an old friend at the airport that you hadn't seen in years. You went up to him or her, greeted the person, and started talking about old times. Suddenly you realized that you had made a mistake.
- **3.** Salim borrowed his friend's car and dented it. He returned it, but he didn't say anything about it. The following day, when they went out, his friend noticed the dent and thought that someone in the parking lot had bumped into his car.

\*i. It was a special occasion, and you wanted to celebrate. You invited a friend to go out to a fancy restaurant. The meal was wonderful, and you enjoyed the evening. When the waiter brought the check, you realized you had forgotten your wallet at home.

37

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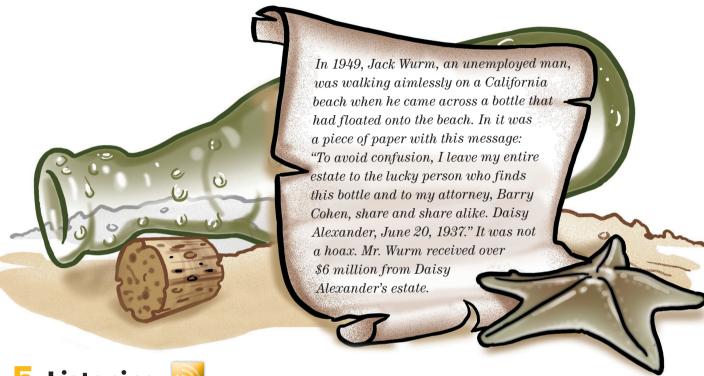
### If It Hadn't Happened



### Language in Context



The following talks about a message that was found in a bottle. Imagine you found the message. Discuss with a partner what you would have thought if you had found the bottle and what you would have done with the money.



### Listening 🔊



Listen to the people on the radio show, and complete the chart.

Name	Regret	Reason
J. Springfield		
Saeed		

### 6 Pronunciation



A. Listen. Note the reduction of **could have**, **should** have, and would have. Then practice.

I could have traveled. He **should have** studied harder. He would have been really happy.

Find and underline examples of could have, should have, and would have in Life's Regrets on page 35. مراحتا تاریظ Eractice reading the sentences aloud.

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About You



In pairs, ask the questions and have your friend answer. Then switch roles.

- **1.** What mistakes have you made in your life?
- 2. What things do you regret having done in your life? What do you regret not having done?
- 3. Talk about the best or worst thing that has ever happened to you.
- **4.** Have you ever been in an embarrassing situation or a predicament? Talk about it.

### 8 Conversation @



Read the conversation. Find and underline examples of could have, should have, and would have. Practice reading the conversation in pairs.

Faisal: So do you have any regrets about

things in your life?

**Ibrahim:** You mean, things I should or shouldn't

have done? Yeah. I guess there are a

few. How about you?

Faisal: I wish I had done things differently.

> I missed some good opportunities because I was too immature. I should have listened to my parents. They wanted me to go to college, and I

actually had the grades, but I wanted to go get a job and go out into the

**Ibrahim:** Well, you did very well for yourself. You have your own business, and you

don't have a boss breathing down your neck.

Faisal: But I have lots of responsibilities. I wish I'd taken a course in business

management. Now I have to employ someone to do the work I could be

doing.

**Ibrahim:** Well, it's never too late. You can still go back to school. As for me, I got

my master's degree, and I had my mind set on a career. But then I got

married and had children.

Faisal: So you had to choose between the job and family?

**Ibrahim:** No, I work hard and I am able to take care of my family.

#### **Real Talk**

You mean = an expression used to confirm what someone else has said go out into the world = start to be on one's own and independent breathing down someone's neck = constantly checking As for (me) = an expression used to introduce a new subject/topic have one's mind set on something = be firmly decided

### **About the Conversation**

- **1.** List Faisal's regrets.
- 2. In your own words, write about Ibrahim's life.



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### **Your Turn**

Role-play with a partner. Pretend you are talking to Faisal or Ibrahim. Talk about the things you would have done differently.



### Reading



### **Before Reading**

- 1. Do you ever read advice columns in newspapers and magazines?
- 2. What kind of help do they give?

Page 28

THE DAILY READING JOURNAL

TUESDAY



# MARIO'S

### **ADVICE COLUMN**

Dear Mario,

I am writing to tell you a story. It's too late for you to tell me what to do now. but maybe you could tell me what I should have done. Your advice might be useful to others in similar situations.

My best friend borrowed some money from me when we were shopping at the mall, two weeks ago. I was happy to let him have it, as I had saved my allowance over a few weeks and had more than I needed. He wanted to buy a DVD. Then later I loaned | decided to call him when

him some more money because we decided to eat at a pizza restaurant. The total, including the DVD, came to \$25. I don't mind helping out a friend, if I can, so I didn't think much of it.

Last week, we were at the mall and I needed to buy some shoes. They were rather expensive and I asked him if he could give me some of the money I had loaned him. He gave me a very funny look, threw a twenty-dollar bill at me, and walked away.

I was really upset. So, I

I got back. He told me that he never wanted to have anything to do with me again. He said I had embarrassed him at the shop and that I shouldn't have asked him for the money in public. thought I had done it on purpose because I didn't trust him.

I am really devastated. I've lost my best friend over \$25. What do you think I should have done? Should I have just not said anything? Would that have been the right thing to do?

–A Confused Friend

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### MARIO'S

Dear Mario,

I'm a limo driver, and people leave all kinds of things in my limousine scarves, packages, and even shoes. Last Saturdau night I picked up this wealthu man at his hotel and drove him to a prestigious charity awards ceremony. The man must have been a millionaire, judging by the way he was dressed. The next day, when I was cleaning the inside of the car, I noticed something shining.

The man's gold and diamond pocket watch must have fallen out of his pocket, and it slipped behind the seat.

So I called the hotel where the man was staying, explained what had happened, and arranged to return the watch. The man was extremely grateful. He told me that it was a valuable family heirloom, given to him by his grandfather, and he went on to praise my honesty. Then he opened his wallet,

#### **ADVICE COLUMN**

took out a ten-dollar bill, and gave it to me. I refused, but he insisted. Ten bucks! Can you believe it?

I should have kept the watch. Since then I've been thinking of what I could have done with the money. I could have bought my own limousine or started my own business.

Did I do the right thing?

—Honest But Wondering Why

### **After Reading**

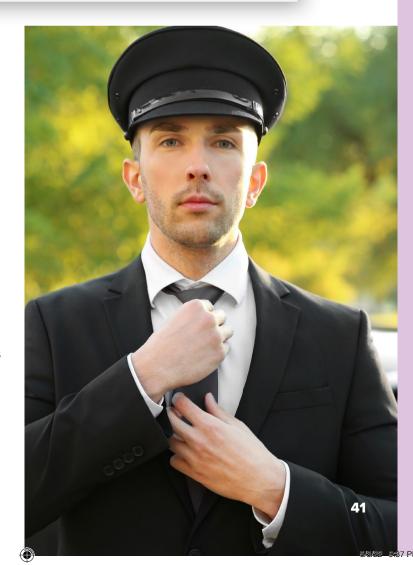
Answer the questions about the letters.

- 1. What happened at the mall two weeks ago?
- 2. What does the letter writer wish he hadn't done?
- 3. What did the limo driver find?
- 4. What did he do?
- **5.** What does the limo driver think he should have done?

#### **Discussion**

- 1. What should the writer's friend have done?
- 2. What should the limo passenger have done?
- **3.** Discuss the most common problems that people write about to advice columns or to help sites on the Internet.
- **4.** Discuss whether advice from advice columns is really helpful or not.





### 3 If It Hadn't Happened



### 10 Writing



- A. 1. Do you like sharing things with your friends? Why? Why not?
  - 2. Read the advice column and answer the questions.
    - Why was Sabah sad?
    - What happened with her friend? Why?
    - · What is the column writer's advice?
  - 3. Do you agree with the column writer? Why? Why not?
  - **4.** What would you have done if your friend had wanted to borrow something new that belonged to you?



#### **Ask Mariam**

### Friendship is more important

Dear Sabah,

I am sorry you feel so sad about falling out with your best friend.
I understand that she wanted to borrow your new bag before you had the chance to use it yourself. But as you say, she was invited to a wedding and she could not buy a new bag.

I understand that it is difficult, maybe even unfair, to let someone else use something that you have just bought or been given. But surely, friendship is more important, even if it requires some sacrifices. So I am afraid I will agree with what you think, you should have let her borrow the bag. She would have been happy and grateful to you and you would still be on good terms with your friend.

You say you do not like sharing your things with people because they might damage them. You could have asked her to be careful with your bag. The point is, however, to put things into perspective. What is more valuable to you, your friend or your new bag?

I would call and say I am sorry. I am sure she will understand and if she has not already been to the wedding, offer her the bag. You will both be happier.

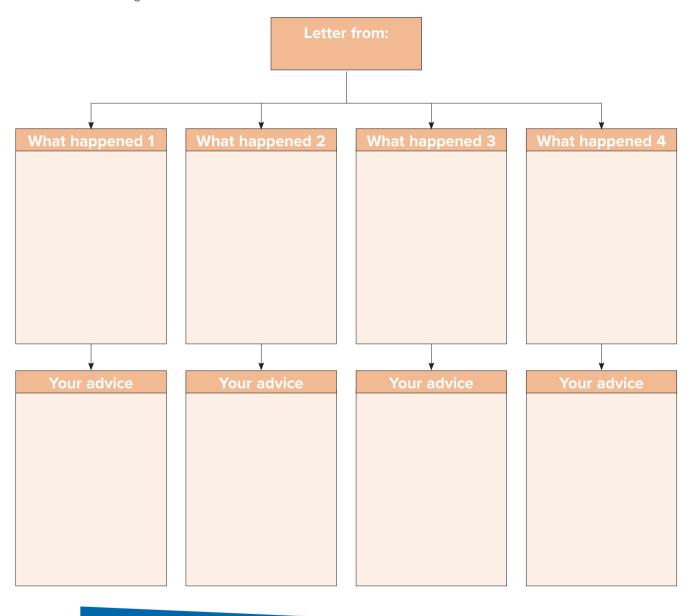
I hope it all works out.

-Mariam

5. Read the advice again. Notice the first part of each paragraph. Why do you think the writer has chosen to address the issue in this manner? What is the effect? Is the letter reprimanding or friendly? How would you feel if you were Sabah?



- **B.** 1. Choose one of the letters in the unit to write an answer to.
  - **2.** Read the letter again and make notes in the organizer. Include notes with our own advice.
  - **3.** Be the advice column writer and write the answer.
  - 4. Exchange letters in class.



### **Writing Corner**

When you write a letter of advice:

- Get all the facts and refer to them/summarize them in your letter
- Think about different viewpoints/sides
- · Do not be judgmental or patronizing
- • Be understanding but do not lie
- Suggest rather than tell people what to do

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### Form, Meaning and Function

#### **Present Perfect Tense versus Simple Past**

Use the present perfect to talk about an action that happened in the past when the exact time isn't known or important. Use the past tense when the exact time is given.

**A:** Have they discovered life on another planet yet?

**B:** Yes, they have.

A: When did IBM introduce the first PC?

B: It was introduced in 1981.

#### Time Expressions: Ago, For and Since

Use the simple past tense when the exact time is given: yesterday, two days ago, last week/month/year. Use the present perfect simple tense with for to indicate the duration of the action: for two months, for a year, for a long time. Use the present perfect simple with since to indicate when the action began: since yesterday, since last June.

#### **Simple Past**

**In 1908**, a small asteroid **exploded** over Siberia. We moved to Muscat three years ago. She didn't call her mother last night.

#### **Present Perfect**

He has worked as a scientist for many years. We have lived in Muscat since May. We haven't used our car for a long time.

A. Work with a partner. Write sentences about the inventions.

Invention	Date	Invention	Date
credit card	1951	electric lightbulb	1879
canned food	the early 1800s	film making	1895
wristwatch	1910	paper clip	the 1890s
radio	1901	airplane	1903
toothpaste	1841	ballpoint pen	1888

### People have had credit cards since 1951 / for about 70 years. (have)

1.	(eat)	6.	 (watch)
2.	(wea	r) <b>7.</b>	(use)
3.	(liste	n) <b>8.</b>	(travel)
4.	(use)	9.	 (use)
5.	(have	e)	

- B. Have you used any of the inventions in exercise A? How long have you used them? Ask and answer questions with a partner. Add other inventions.
- 📍 A: Have you ever been on a plane?
  - B: Yes, I have. I traveled by plane when I went on vacation last summer.
  - A: Do you have a credit card?
  - B: Yes, I've had a credit card for two years. OR I've had one since I was 18.

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### **Expressing Ability, Permission and Requests**

#### **Ability**

Use can to express ability in the present.

Can the robot do my homework for me? No, it can't. You can do it yourself!

Use could to express ability in the past.

**Could** people travel long distances before the airplane was invented? Yes, they could. They traveled by ship.

#### **Permission**

Use *may* and *can* to express permission.

May I leave early today? Yes, you may. / No, you may not. Can I have another soda? Yes, you can. / No, you can't.

#### **Requests**

Use can and could to make polite requests. Could is more formal.

**Could** you fill in this form, please? Yes, of course.

Can you help me? Sure. / Not now. I'm busy.

**Could** you open the window? Certainly. / Sorry, I can't.



#### If with Past Perfect and Would Be Able/Would Have Been Able

Use if + past perfect and be able to talk about ability and missed opportunities.

If I had studied computer science, I **would be able** to invent a cutting-edge robot. (present ability)

If Dr. Fleming had discovered penicillin sooner, doctors **would have been able** to save more lives during

World War I. (past ability)

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	Complete the sentences	With <b>can</b>	collia and mav	and the Vern Ir	i narentneses

- **1.** Ahmed, \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ (help) me with this box, please?
- **2.** Excuse me, may I open the window? Yes, you \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not/meet) tomorrow afternoon. I'm going to the dentist.
- 4. Mr. Sawyer \_\_\_\_\_ (not/see) you now. I'm afraid he's very busy.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (swim) when you were a child? No, I couldn't.
- **6.** Imad \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) very long. His friends are waiting for him.
- D. Work with a partner. Talk about some past inventions and speculate what we would not be able to do now or in the past if things had been different. Use if + past perfect + be able.
- ↑ If Alexander Bell had never invented the telephone, we would not be able to...

If the wheel had not been invented, we wouldn't have been able to...



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### If It Hadn't Happened

### 12 Project



- 1. Do a class survey.
- 2. Find out what the most common regrets are. Ask your classmates and make notes in the chart.
- **3.** Repeat the survey with people outside class. Ask questions and make notes in the chart.
- **4.** Compare the results of the two surveys.



Students inside the classroom		People outside the classroom		
Name of the student	What they regret	Name of the person	What they regret	



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### 13 Self Reflection

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Things that I liked about Unit 3:	Things that I didn't like very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:
Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:
Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:
Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:
Things that I found easy in Unit 3:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 3:

Unit 3 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
talk about discoveries and inventions and how things would have been different without them			
talk about missed opportunities and regrets			
use should have + past participle			
use conditional sentences for hypothetical situations in the past			
use if with could and might			
use the present perfect and past simple with: ago, for, since			
use if + past perfect + be able to			
express ability, permission and requests			

My five favorite new words from Unit 3:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 3:
	<ul> <li>read through the unit again</li> <li>listen to the audio material</li> <li>study the grammar and functions from the unit again</li> <li>ask your teacher for help</li> </ul>

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# 4 What They Said

And now we would like to bring you the news of the day.

Listen and Discuss



Read what each person said and how it is reported. Examine the differences.



I will build a sports complex, and I will not raise taxes.

The candidate for mayor said he would build a sports complex, and he would not raise taxes.



The on-the-scene reporter said that the powerful storm the night before had knocked down many trees, and some areas of the city were still without power.



The powerful storm last night knocked down many trees, and some areas of the city are still without power.

According to recent studies, pomegranate juice is healthy because it lowers blood pressure, and pumpkin seeds seem to improve memory.

The doctor said that, according to recent studies, pomegranate juice was healthy because it lowered blood pressure, and pumpkin seeds seemed to improve memory.

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Professor Marvin, does intelligent life exist elsewhere in the universe?

The interviewer asked the professor if intelligent life existed elsewhere in the universe. The professor answered that there wasn't intelligent life elsewhere in the universe. He said that the positive proof was that no other life form had bothered to make contact with us.

Mr. Hollyfield, can you tell us about the results of the exam?

They scanned my head and found nothing.



No, there isn't intelligent life elsewhere in the universe. The positive proof is that no other life form has bothered to make contact with us.

The interviewer asked Mr. Hollyfield, the famous TV presenter, if he could tell us about the results of his exam. He replied that the doctors had scanned his head and had found nothing.

### **Quick Check** ✓

**A. Vocabulary.** Match the words and the meanings.

**1.** \_\_\_\_ proof

a. make the effort

**2.** candidate

**b.** get an image with a computer

**3.** \_\_\_\_ scan

c. evidence

**4.** \_\_\_\_ bother

d. person trying to be elected

### B. Comprehension. Answer true or false.

1. \_\_\_\_ The candidate said that he wouldn't raise taxes.

2. \_\_\_\_ The doctor said that pumpkin seeds helped fight cancer.

The professor said that there was no life on other planes because no one had contacted us.

Mr. Hollyfield told the interviewer that the doctors

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### 2 Pair Work 🔀



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Find sentences that are reported in the texts you read. Make questions for those reports and ask them to your friend. See the example below.

What did the reporter ask the professor?

He asked him if there was intelligent life elsewhere in the universe.

### What They Said



### **3** Grammar 👊



#### **Reported Speech**

**Direct Speech Reported Speech Simple Present** Simple Past

"I have a brother and a sister." He said (that) he **had** a brother and a sister. "I don't like mangoes." She said (that) she didn't like mangoes.

**Present Progressive** ► Past Progressive

"I'm talking to Mary." She said she was talking to Mary.

Simple Past ► Past Perfect

"I learned English in Canada." He said he had learned English in Canada.

**Present Perfect** Past Perfect

"I haven't seen the film yet." She said she hadn't seen the film yet.

**Modals** 

"I'll see you later." She said she **would see** them later. "I can't come to the meeting." He said he **couldn't come** to the meeting. "I have to/must go to the doctor." She said she had to go to the doctor.

"We may be late." I said that we might be late.

**Note:** The word *that* may be omitted after *said*.

### **Reported Questions**

How old are you? He asked how old I was.

Where were you last night? She wanted to know where we **had been** the night before.

**Note:** If there is no question word (how, where, when, etc.), if is used.

Are you a student? He asked if Tom was a student.

**Did** you **enjoy** the dinner party? She asked if they had enjoyed the dinner party.

### **Word Changes in Reported Speech**

In reported speech, some words may be different from those in the original sentence.

"I did my homework already." Todd said that **he** had done **his** homework already. "The plane is arriving **now**." Mary said that the plane was arriving **then/at that time**.

**Note:** The following time expressions change in reported speech.

now  $\rightarrow$  at that time tomorrow → the day after/the next day

today  $\rightarrow$  (on) that day yesterday  $\rightarrow$  the day before

#### **Reporting Verbs**

A variety of verbs with different shades of meaning can be used in place of say.

"Yes, it's a good idea." My friend agreed it was a good idea.

"Of course, I did my homework." Tom **assured** the teacher that he had done his homework.

An indirect object is always used after tell.

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**A.** These messages were left on the family's answering machine. Report what the people said.

? Ahmed asked Adel if he was going to the gym that day.

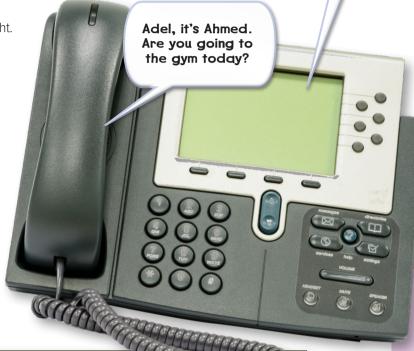
**1.** Hello, Asma. I may work late tonight. I have to finish a report.

**2.** Majid, this is Fahad. The game starts at eight. I'll pick you up at seven.

**3.** Yahya, this is Ali. What is the math assignment for tomorrow?

- **4.** Noura, this is Maha. We had a wonderful time in Abu Dhabi with our family. I'm going to come by your house sometime to show you the video.
- **5.** Adel, it's Hussain. Is the game still on for tonight?
- **B.** Hameed took a message for his brother Abdullah.
  - **1.** Complete what he wrote down, using the correct form of the verbs.
  - **2.** Then write the possible telephone conversation between Hameed and Abdullah's friend, Saeed.

You have reached 789-555-6543. Please leave a message after the beep.



### Hi Bro,

That friend of yours, Saeed, (1. call) this morning. He asked where you
(2. be) and why you (3. not call) him last night. He said he
(4. leave) a message on your cell phone yesterday afternoon.
I (5. tell) him it (6. not be) any of my business what you did.
I think he felt bad. He apologized, and I told him it $\_\_\_$ (7. be) OK. Anyway, he
asked me to tell you that he (8. have) a surprise for you and that he
(9. will come) to our house at five o'clock tonight. He also said you should
wear something warm because he (10. will take) you to a mountainous place.
He said that he (11. cannot call) you during the day because he
had to work.
Your brother,
Hameed

c. Look at the examples on page 50 again. Read and mark how each pair of sentences is different.

ارتا قاراً Which words change in the second sentences?

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2022 - 1444

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### 4 Language in Context



Read what each person said and how it was reported. Write some sentences about global issues and have a partner report them to the class.

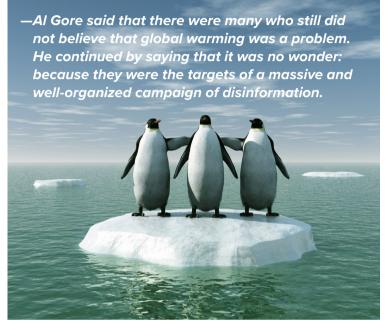
### Al Gore, on global warming

"There are many who still do not believe that global warming is a problem at all. And it's no wonder: because they are the targets of a massive and well-organized campaign of disinformation lavishly funded by polluters..."

### **Japanese Fishing Industry** to the media

"We're fishing whales for research purposes."

— The Japanese Fishing Industry assured the media that they were fishing whales for research purposes.



### 5 Listening



### 6 Pronunciation



The presidential candidate made three mistakes during his speech. What did he say that was wrong? Listen and write them down.

1.	 	 	
2.			
_			

A. Listen. Note the difference in the pronunciation of that. Then practice.

Unstressed that	Stressed that (used as a pronoun)
He said <b>that</b> he would help.	He didn't say <b>that</b> .
My friends said <b>that</b> the football game was at ten.	Why did they say <b>that</b> ?

**B.** Find all the sentences that have the word **that**. Read the sentences aloud stressing the right one.

### About You



In pairs, ask the questions and have your friend answer. Then switch roles.

- **1.** Have you ever made a mistake and said something you shouldn't have said? What did you say?
- **2.** What was one of the most interesting quotes or

••• sayings that you heard?

• 3. Are there any sayings that are specific to your country or culture? Which ones do you like or think are memorable?

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- **4.** What kinds of messages do you receive or leave on friends' answering machines or cell phones?
- **5.** Do you and your friends gossip about other people?
- **6.** Have you ever had a telemarketing person call you? What did he/she want to sell? What did he/she say? What did you answer?

### 8 Conversation 🚇

Underline **that** in the conversation.

Practice reading the conversation with a partner.

Faisal: I really think that telemarketing shouldn't be

allowed.

**Khaled:** Yes, I totally agree with you. Telemarketers

are a real nuisance.

Faisal: Yesterday a man called me up. He said he

was from the Dollar Bank, and he asked if

he could talk to me for a minute.

**Khaled:** What did he want?

Faisal: He said that someone had given them my name and that

he was calling to offer their services.

**Khaled:** What services?

Faisal: He tried to persuade me to open an account with them.

> So I told him I already had an account elsewhere and that I wasn't interested. But he insisted and was very pushy. In

the end, I lost my patience and hung up.

Khaled: Well, I got a call from a man who said he was from a

travel agency. This man said I had won a free trip to the Bahamas and that he was calling me to give me the good

Faisal: Had you entered a contest or anything like that?

Khaled: No. It turned out that everything was for free, but I'd first have to pay a huge amount of

money to become a member of the Jet Set Club. Big hoax!

Faisal: I hate that!

#### **Real Talk**

really/totally = used to make a statement stronger In the end = used to introduce a statement with the final event or result or anything like that = or other similar things; used so that the speaker doesn't have to give a complete list or explain things in more detail

hoax = a plan that is designed to trick someone else

### **About the Conversation**

- **1.** What are Faisal and Khaled complaining about?
- 2. What did the man on the phone with Faisal want?
- 3. What did Faisal do?
- 4. Why did the man call Khaled?
- 5. What would Khaled have to do in order to go to



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#### **Your Turn**

Role-play the following conversations with a partner:

- 1. The one that might have taken place between Faisal and the man on the phone.
- 2. The one between Khaled and the man on the phone.

### What They Said

### Reading

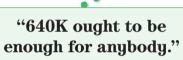


Do you know any famous quotes? Write them down, and compare with a partner.

# Quotes, Quotes

"My primary goal is to be an exemplary and leading nation in all aspects, and I will work with you in achieving this endeavor."

King Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al Saud (Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques)



Bill Gates (Founder of Microsoft) in 1981, talking about computer memory

"It is a terrible thing to see and have no vision."

Helen Keller (American author, activist, and lecturer. She was the first deaf and blind person to graduate from college.)

"Half the world is composed of people who have something to say and can't and the other half who have nothing to say and keep on saying it."

Robert Frost (American poet)

"Never let formal education get in the way of your learning."

Mark Twain (Writer)

"Who is wise? He that learns from everyone. Who is powerful? He that governs his passions. Who is rich? He that is content. Who is that? Nobody."

Benjamin Punklin (American writer, diplomat, scientist, and inventor)

"How could anyone govern a nation that has 246 different kinds of cheese?"

Charles de Gaulle (French president)

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An archaeologist is the best husband a woman can have. The older she gets, the more interested he is in her.

Agatha Christie (Writer)

"Wise men talk because they have something to say; fools talk because they have to say something."

Plato (Greek philosopher)

## "Make yourself necessary to somebody."

Ralph Waldo Emerson (American writer)

"Everything that can be invented has been invented."

Attributed to Charles H. Duell (Commissioner, U.S. Office of Patents), 1899 "I'm not afraid to die. I just don't want to be there when it happens."

Woody Allen (American director)

"Those who do not complain are never pitied."

Jane Austen (Writer)

55

### **After Reading**

- A. Answer true or false.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ Robert Frost said half the people in the world don't say what they want to say.
  - 2. \_\_\_\_ Gates believed that more than 640K memory was unnecessary.
  - **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ Jane Austen thought that people had no sympathy for those who complain.
  - **4.** Mark Twain said that people shouldn't let formal education stop them from learning.
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ De Gaulle thought that it was easy to govern France because people wanted the same thing.
  - 6. \_\_\_\_\_ Helen Keller said that having no insight or understanding was worse than being blind.
- B. Report what they said. Use your own words.
  - 1. Emerson about people: \_\_\_
  - 2. Plato about fools: \_
  - 3. Woody Allen about death:
  - 4. Charles Duell about inventions: \_\_\_

#### **Discussion**

- 1. Which quote or quotes do you like the best? Why?
- 2. Which quotes do you find humorous? Explain why.
- 3. What famous quotes do you know? Who said them and what do they mean?



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### 4 What They Said



### 10 Writing 🗾

- A. 1. Look at the scene in the picture. Who do you think these people are? How are they feeling?
  - **2.** Read the text and answer the questions.
    - Why did she call her brother?
    - What was he doing when she called? Was he pleased?
    - What was the problem? What had she already done about it?
    - · How did he react to the news?



She called her brother at work. She knew he didn't like to be interrupted but she didn't know what else to do. Their mother's condition was deteriorating.

He sounded annoyed when he answered the phone; he was probably in the middle of a meeting. She apologized and stressed that she wouldn't have called if she hadn't thought it was urgent. His tone changed instantly. He asked her what was happening and if everything was all right. He wanted to know if the doctor had been notified and when he would be coming to see their mother. He sounded very stressed and worried.

She tried to reassure him by telling him that the nurse was at home looking after their mother and their aunt and that

everything was under control. He asked her to wait for a minute while he took care of something. She heard him speak to some people, probably clients. She heard the words "family emergency" and "health" and realized he was excusing himself. Then there was some noise of chairs being pulled, people moving, and a door opening and then closing. He came back and explained that he had had to interrupt the meeting and reschedule it for another day. She thanked him for having done that and before she had a chance to ask, he interrupted and asked her to hang up so he could be on his way home as soon as possible.

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Who is the patient?		
Where is the patient?		
What happened to the patient?		
Who is looking after the patient?		
Who is with the patient now?		

**4.** Read the information on the hospital website below:



#### How to find us:

Head southwest on Bloom Street toward Main Ave Turn left onto Main Ave

Take the 2nd right onto Hinsdown Street

Continue on Hinsdown Street for 3.1 miles toward North Ave Enter the hospital grounds from North Avenue and take the first right for the emergency entrance

Patients can be dropped off at the door

#### Address

Well Hospital, 200 North Avenue NY 12345

#### Parking:

Well Hospital has an underground ramp garage adjacent to the hospital. It is open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Rates are charged on an hourly and daily basis. Purchase an exit ticket from the cashier before you leave.

**B.** Write an email to your uncle and aunt. Tell them what has happened and give them directions on how to reach the hospital.

### **Writing Corner**

When you write an email to report an event and give information or directions:

- check facts/content and report accurately.
- write as if you were speaking to the person, i.e. use contracted forms and informal language.
- pmperatives to give directions, for example: Take a ..., Turn ..., Go straight down ... and so on.
- open and sign off in an appropriate way: Hi/Hello/Dear ... Best/ See you soon ... and so on.

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### Form, Meaning and Function

#### **Words Connected with the Environment and Natural Disasters**

Some words that we commonly use when we talk about environmental problems and natural disasters are:

global warming flood damage erosion earthquake threaten air pollution tornado rescue water pollution tsunami protect over fishing volcanic eruption hit deforestation forest fire research



News Reporter: Al Gore said that there were many who still did not believe that **global warming** was a problem. The Japanese Fishing industry assured the media that they were **fishing** whales for **research** purposes. The National Weather Service has reported that a tornado will hit the West Coast at 4 p.m. today.

### **Negative Questions**

We can use negative questions to check information or express surprise.

**Isn't** there something we can do?

**Aren't** you going to help?

Don't you want to know what happened?

**Haven't** you seen the news?

**Didn't** you ask them about the damage?

Weren't you there to offer support?



Α	1. Interview your partner about a natural disaster they have read about, heard about, or witnessed.	Then report
	their account to the class. Use some reporting verbs and vocabulary words from above.	

1.	What happened?
2.	When did it happen?
3.	Where did it happen?
4.	How many people were affected?
5.	Your question:
6	Vour question:

- **B.** Write negative questions for the following situations.
- You just bought a new cell phone. Your friend is still deciding about whether to buy one. Aren't you going to buy one too?
  - 1. You recognize an old friend at the mall. The friend doesn't recognize you.
  - 2. Your friend is eating popcorn and is not offering you any.
  - 3. You are playing a board game. You want your friend to play the game too.
  - 4. Someone came and joined your group, greeted everyone, but forgot you.

511 Glasses start at eight o'clock. It's 8:30, and your brother is still in bed.

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#### Relative Adverb: Where

That's the school where I attended as a child. Dubai is the place **where** I want to go on vacation. That's the place where I grew up. Home is where the heart is.

#### **Indirect Questions**

Use indirect questions when you ask for information. There is no inversion of the subject and verb in indirect auestions.

**Direct Questions Indirect Questions** 

What's the name of the street? Do you know what the name of the street is? Where is the nearest bank? Do you know where the nearest bank is? When does the store open? Do you know when the store opens?

Could you tell me where I can get good pizza? Where can I get good pizza?

### Expressing Agreement with So, Neither, Either, Too

Use so and too when you agree with an affirmative statement. Use neither and either when you agree with a negative statement.

**Affirmative (+)** 

A: I ate at the new pizza restaurant.

B: So did I. / I did too.

A: I will visit my family on the weekend.

B: So will I. / I will too.

Negative (+)

A: I don't know the answer.

B: Neither do I. / I don't either.

A: I won't go to school tomorrow.

B: Neither will I. / I won't either.

### **Expressing Disagreement**

A: I didn't like the pizza. A: **I've** been to Muscat.

A: I can rollerblade. A: I am not very tall.

B: I did. B: I haven't. B: I can't. B: I am.



What time does the bus arrive? Do you know what time the bus arrives?

**1.** Where is the main post office?

2. How often do the buses come?

**3.** What time does the bank open?

**4.** Where is the nearest pharmacy?

**5.** When does the gas station close?

**6.** What is the name of the highway to town?

**D.** Read the statements below and write your response. Compare with a partner.

I don't like fast food. Neither do I. (OR I don't either) I like fast food. I don't.

I went to Dubai on vacation. So did I. (OR I did too) I don't like vacations. I do!

59

**1.** I can swim.

2. I will play football on the weekend.

3. I have three sisters.

4. I didn't go to school until I was six years old.

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### What They Said



### 12 Project



- **1.** Find interesting quotations by famous people in business, education, science, history, and so on.
- 2. Make notes in the organizer.
- **3.** Present your findings to the class.









Category	The Quote	Who said it	Explanation of quote
1 Science			
2 History			
3 Business			
4 Education			







### 13 Self Reflection

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Things that I liked about Unit 4:	Things that I didn't like very much:
Things that I found easy in Unit 4:	Things that I found difficult in Unit 4:

Unit 4 Checklist	I can do this very well.	I can do this quite well.	I need to study/ practice more.
report what people said			
discuss famous quotes			
relate messages			
use reporting verbs and ask reported questions			
use reported speech and make word changes			
form negative questions			
use the relative adverb: Where			
talk about the environment and natural disasters			
express agreement and disagreement with: so, neither, either, too			

My five favorite new words from Unit 4:	If you're still not sure about something from Unit 4:
	<ul> <li>read through the unit again</li> <li>listen to the audio material</li> <li>study the grammar and functions from the unit again</li> <li>ask your teacher for help</li> </ul>

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## **EXPANSION** Units 1-4

### **Language Review**



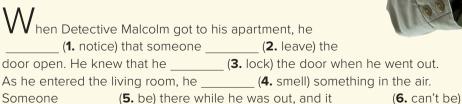
- A. Rewrite the sentences as conditionals. Follow the example.
- We lost the game because we didn't play well.

If we'd played better, we wouldn't have lost/we would have won.

- **1.** Khaled had a car accident because he answered his cell phone.
- **2.** My mother didn't know we were coming, so she didn't make any lunch.
- **3.** He didn't finish his homework because he went to see the football game.
- **4.** Ahmed didn't greet his boss because he didn't see him.
- B. Write sentences to speculate about the situations. Use can't, could, couldn't, must, may, or might in your sentences.
- You see lights in the sky at night.

They might be the lights of an airplane.

- 1. You hear a noise in your house early in the morning.
- 2. Your friend passed you by and didn't say hello.
- 3. Someone rings the doorbell.
- **4.** The team looks sad as they are returning home from the baseball game.
- **C.** Complete the story with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Remember to use the past perfect where necessary.



the cleaning person. It wasn't his day. He knew at once that someone (7. break) into his apartment. He (8. move) quietly toward the

bedroom. He \_\_\_\_\_ (9. hear) the sound of water coming from the bathroom. Malcolm opened the door and \_\_\_\_\_ (10. stare) at the man who was lying

in a robe on the floor of the bathroom. Was he dead?

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- **D.** Report what people said.
  - 1. Qassim to Hameed: "I'll meet you at seven tomorrow."
  - 2. Mr. Jenkins to Mr. Taylor, an employee: "You must arrive on time."
  - 3. Robert to his teacher: "I didn't catch my usual bus."
  - **4.** The customer to the salesperson: "Does this jacket come in a bigger size?"
  - **5.** Mr. Timms, the witness, to the judge: "I've never seen that man before."
  - 6. The captain to the co-pilot: "It may be a falling star."
- E. Imagine you make contact with extraterrestrial beings. Write down five questions that you would ask and the ETs' answers. Report the questions and answers to a partner.

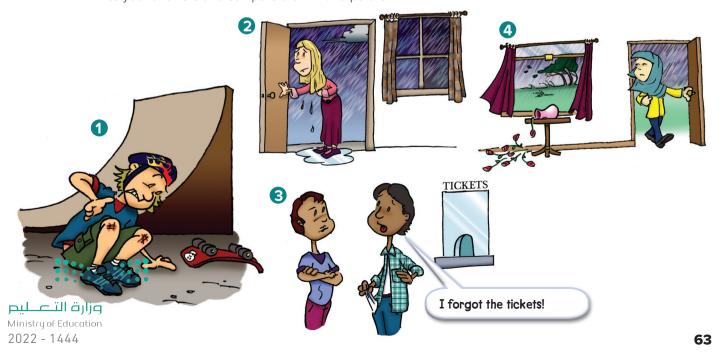


P How fast can you travel?

I asked how fast extraterrestrial beings could travel.

They said that extraterrestrial beings could travel faster than the speed of light.

**F.** What should the person have done or said in the following situations? Write your answers and compare them with a partner.



### **EXPANSION** Units 1-4

### 2 Reading



### **Before Reading**

- 1. Read the title and write as many words as you can think of about it.
- 2. Read the text and underline the main event in each paragraph.

### THE WAR OF THE WORLDS

- 1 On October 30, 1938, CBS Radio interrupted a live radio program to deliver an important announcement. It said that astronomers had detected blue flames shooting up from the surface of Mars. The broadcast returned to its program, but it was soon interrupted again. This time the news said that a strange meteor had fallen on a farm near Grover's Mill in New Jersey, and then CBS Radio switched over to continuous live coverage of the eerie scene around the meteor crash.
- 2 As the event unfolded, the terrified audience discovered that the meteor was actually some kind of spaceship. The reporter on the scene described the emergence of an alien from the spacecraft. "Goodness, something's wriggling out of the shadow like a gray snake," he said, in an appropriately dramatic tone of voice. "Now it's another one, and another. They look like tentacles to me. There, I can see the thing's body. It's as large as a bear, and it glistens like wet leather. But that face. It . . . it's indescribable. I can hardly force myself to keep looking at it. The eyes are black and gleam like a serpent. The mouth is V-shaped with saliva dripping from its rimless lips that seem to quiver and pulsate ... The thing is rising up. The crowd falls back. They've seen enough. This is the most extraordinary experience. I can't find words. I'm pulling this microphone with me as I talk. I'll have to stop the description until I've taken a new position. Hold on, will you please, I'll be back in a minute."
- 3 The alien Martian crawled back into the crater, but re-emerged soon afterwards in a gigantic three-legged death machine, and quickly killed the 7,000 armed soldiers surrounding the crater. Then it proceeded across the landscape, joined by other Martians, blasting people and objects with heat rays, while releasing a poisonous black gas against which gas masks proved useless.
- 4 Listeners all over the United States began to panic. People filled the roads, hid in cellars, loaded guns, and even wrapped their heads in wet towels as protection from the Martians' poisonous gas. People desperately wanted to defend themselves against aliens. Although the radio broadcast had warned listeners four times that this was a dramatized version of H.G. Wells's story, The War of the Worlds, performed by Orson Welles and the Mercury Theater, people simply ignored those announcements. However, by the time the night was over, most people had learned that they were actually listening to a radio play. The fact is that the

broadcast had reached approximately six million people and had produced a huge national scare at a time of the growing tension

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### **After Reading**

- A. Find words in the reading that mean:
  - **1.** mysterious and frightening (paragraph 1)
  - **2.** creature from another world (paragraph 2)
  - 3. twisting and turning your body like a snake (paragraph 2)
  - 4. causing an explosion (paragraph 3)
  - **5.** to talk about something dangerous that might happen (paragraph 4)
- B. Answer the questions about the reading.
  - 1. What did the broadcast first say about the meteor? What did the meteor turn out to be?
  - 2. What was the alien like?
  - 3. How did the Martians move on Earth?
  - **4.** What weapons did they use?
  - **5.** What was the listeners' reaction?
  - 6. What would you have done if you'd heard the news on the radio?



Do you believe there is intelligent life in other galaxies? Write reasons for and against. Discuss them with your classmates.

### 3Project 🍱

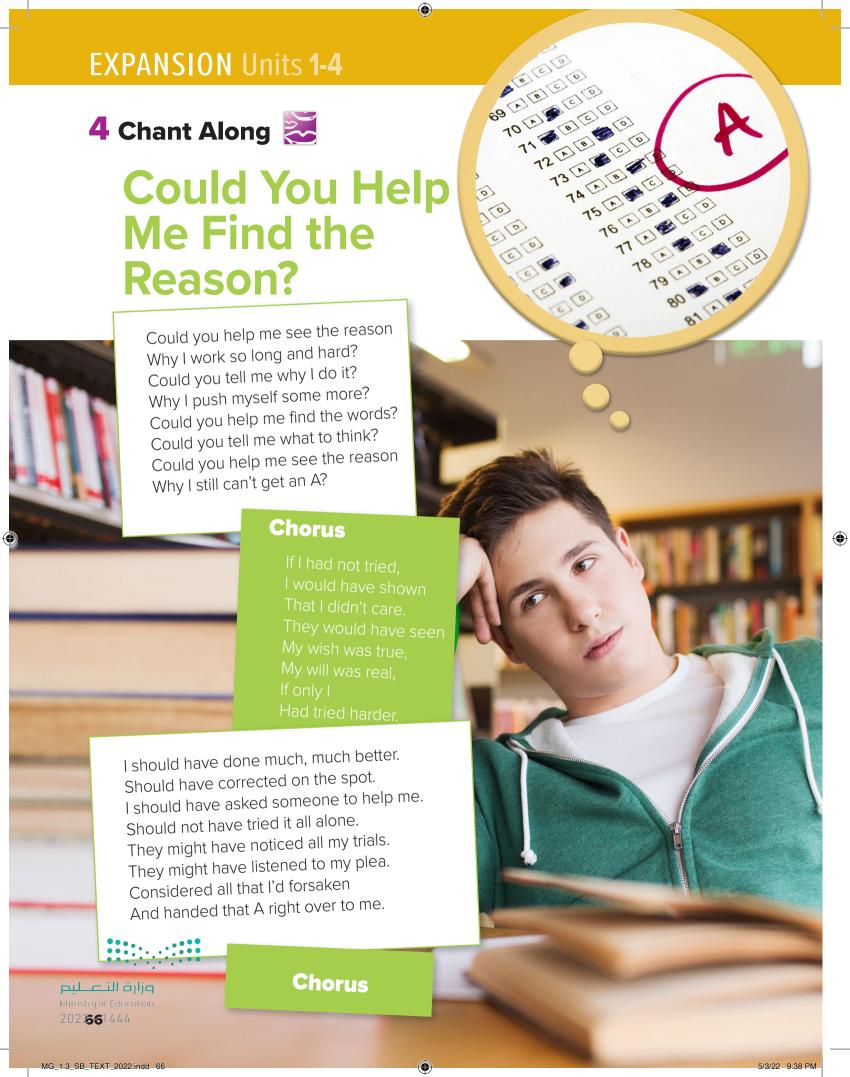


- 1. Think about an interesting short story that you have read. Complete the organizer with information from the short story.
- 2. Use your completed organizer to give your class a report about the story.

Title of the story:	
Who is in the story?	Where and when does the story take place?
What happened in the story?	
How did the story end?	
Why I liked or disliked the story.	







### Vocabulary

Find words and expressions in the chant that mean:

1.	to see, realize	
	·	

- 2. immediately
- 3. difficulties, tests
- **4.** request
- **5.** to renounce or abandon

### Comprehension

- A. Answer true or false.
  - 1. \_\_\_\_ The young man is regretful about his past actions.
  - **2.** \_\_\_\_ He is not sure about his choices.
  - 3. \_\_\_\_ He knows what he has done wrong.
  - **4.** \_\_\_\_ He doesn't think he should have asked for help.
  - **5.** \_\_\_\_ He is not satisfied with his performance.
  - **6.** \_\_\_\_\_ If he'd tried harder, he'd have gotten an A.
- B. List three things that the young man says he should have done.

  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_

### **Discussion**

In a group, tell each other when it is good to forgive, to plead, and to forsake.

### 5 Writing 🚺



- 1. Think about something you did that upset a friend of yours.
- 2. Make notes in the organizer. Then use your notes/organizer to write a letter to your friend apologizing for what you did.

shouldn't have done My apology

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# Vocabulary

### 1 Complaints, Complaints

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Nouns

button hole signal complaint housing sleeve consumer packaging stain dent pipe technician doorknob refund warranty engine repair windowpane fabric retail outlet faucet screen

#### **Verbs**

check
crash
dry-clean
purchase
refrain (from –ing)
repaint
repair
sew
sharpen

#### **Adjectives**

broken filthy missing cracked flat scratched damaged intact sewn dead leaky stained dripping loose torn faded loose-fitting

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Idiom**

Don't worry.

#### Real Talk

it sounds like Yes, please, if you could.

### 2 | I Wonder What Happened

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Nouns

bull meteorite
crater orbit
debris pioneer
device remote control
fireball time bomb
fragment tornado
hurricane volcano
locomotive

#### **Verbs**

crash
explode
gather
lose control
penetrate
smash
stick around
tease

#### **Adjectives**

sophisticated weird

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

### Idiom

channel surf

#### **Real Talk**

Beats me. Excuse me. Gee!

You never know.



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#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

advantage infection antibiotic load candle oil well course penicillin disadvantage regret distance source

#### **Verbs**

drill guess

#### Verb phrases to express regret

could have might have should have

#### **Adjectives**

commercial devastated embarrassed heavy immature incandescent widespread

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Idioms**

be on good terms fall out with (someone) miss an opportunity

#### **Real Talk**

as for (me) breathing down someone's neck go out into the world have one's mind set on something you mean

## What They Said

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

blood pressure candidate nuisance politician power proof pumpkin seed result sports complex telemarketing

#### Verbs

bother complain deteriorate improve interrupt knock down lower persuade raise reschedule scan

#### **Adjectives**

annoyed healthy powerful pushy

#### Adverb

elsewhere

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### **Real Talk**

hoax in the end or anything like that really totally وزارة التعطيم

Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

69

## Vocabulary

## **EXPANSION Units 1-4**

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### **Nouns**

alien landscape panic anxiety astronomer plea broadcast scare spacecraft coverage surface crater emergence tension flame tentacle gas mask trial

#### **Verbs**

blast pulsate
crawl quiver
detect re-emerge
force (oneself) switch (over)
forsake unfold
glisten warn
proceed wriggle

#### **Adjectives**

continuous eerie indescribable terrified useless

#### Adverb

desperately

#### **EXPRESSIONS**

#### Idiom

on the scene



# Irregular Verbs

Base F	orm	Simple Past	Past Participle
be		was/were	been
becc	ome	became	become
brea	k	broke	broken
buy		bought	bought
com	е	came	come
cut		cut	cut
do		did	done
drink	(	drank	drunk
drive	è	drove	driven
eat		ate	eaten
fall		fell	fallen
feed		fed	fed
fight		fought	fought
find		found	found
fly		flew	flown
get		got	gotten
give		gave	given
go		went	gone
have	<u>)</u>	had	had
hear		heard	heard
hold		held	held
hurt		hurt	hurt
knov	V	knew	known
leave		left	left
lend		lent	lent
lose		lost	lost
make	e	made	made
mea		meant	meant
mee	t	met	met
pay		paid	paid
put		put	put
read		read	read
ride		rode	ridden
run		ran	run
say		said	said
see		saw	seen
sell		sold	sold
senc	1	sent	sent
sew		sewed	sewn
sing		sang	sung
sit		sat	sat
slee	O	slept	slept
spea		spoke	spoken
sper		spent	spent
steal		stole	stolen
swim		swam	swum
take		took	taken
teac	h	taught	taught
tear		tore	torn
think		thought	thought
throv		threw	thrown
	e (up)	woke (up)	woken (up)
wear		wore	worn
win		won	won
write	<u>,                                     </u>	wrote	written

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## MEGAGOAL 1.3 Audio Track List

CD1 Track	Unit	Stı	udent Book Section
2 3 4 5	Intro Intro Intro Intro	1 2 4 5	Conversation Listening Pronunciation Reading
6 7 8 9 10 11	Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1	1 2 5 6 8 9 10	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2 Unit 2	1 2 5 6 8 9	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Unit 3	1 2 5 6 8 9	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Unit 4 Unit 4 Unit 4 Unit 4 Unit 4 Unit 4 Unit 4	1 2 5 6 8 9	Listen and Discuss Pair Work Listening Pronunciation Conversation Reading Writing
34 35	EXPANSION Units 1–4	2 4	Reading Chant Along







**73** 





## **MEGA**

# G () A 1.3

WORKBOOK

## MANUEL DOS SANTOS ELI GHAZEL - DANAE KOZANOGLOU



**(** 





#### MegaGoal 1.3 Workbook

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# Contents

Unit	1	Complaints, Complaints	79
Unit	2	I Wonder What Happened	89
Unit	3	If It Hadn't Happened	99
Unit	4	What They Said	109
		EXPANSION Units 1–4	119
		Writing Checklists	126



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Write a sentence to describe each problem.



1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_



3. \_\_\_\_\_



4.



5.



6.



7



مرارت التعليم Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

В	Write the	past participle	for	each	verb
---	-----------	-----------------	-----	------	------

1.	break			

**6.** tear \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** sew

7. repair

**3.** damage \_\_\_\_

**8.** paint \_\_\_\_\_

4. scratch

9. clean

**5.** stain \_\_\_\_\_

**10.** fix

What needs to be done? Complete the sentences with **need** + **to be** + a past participle. For each past participle, choose a verb from the box.

repaint	sharpen	dry	cut
wash	repair	dry-clean	sew





2. The pencils

3. His hair and clothes \_\_\_\_\_

**4.** The grass

**5.** The wall in my bedroom \_\_\_\_\_

**6.** Her face and hands \_\_\_\_\_

**7.** That car \_\_\_\_\_













Salim bought a house. What needs to be done before he can move in? Write two sentences about each photo.









repair / roof

The roof needs to be repaired.

He's going to have the roof repaired.

- 1. clean / kitchen
- 2. living room / decorate
- Look at the picture. Write sentences about what needs to be done.
  Use the words in the box to make past participles.

repair wash <del>do</del> pay eat feed



1	TL.	dishes		4_	4 -	1
100	i n.e.	ausnes	n.e.e.a.	10	ne.	a.on.e.

- 1. cabinet door \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. clothes \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. delivery man \_\_\_\_\_



Ministry of Education 2022 – 1444

Unit 1

Write the conversations. Use the words provided. Then ask Why? Use the verb in parentheses to answer the question.



#### get / house / paint (chip)

- A: We're getting the house painted.
- B: Why are you getting the house painted?
- A: The old paint is chipped.



- 2. get / sidewalk / fix (crack)
- 3. have / roof / replace (damage)
- 4. have / doorknob / check (break)
- **5.** get / window / fix (break)



وزارة التعطيم



#### **G** READING

Read the article.

Are you thinking of buying a used car? It isn't as easy as you might think. There are a few things you should know about and do before you spend any money. When you get to the car dealership, check the label on the car's window and read the price of the car. Check to see if they give you any other information about the car. Was it in an accident? Does it need to be repaired? If something goes wrong during the first six months, will the dealership fix it for you? These are very important questions to consider.



You need to look for other things, too. Did the previous owner take care of the car? Check to see how much oil is in the car right now. And most important, take the car for a ride. How does it drive on the city streets? How does it drive on the highway?

If you can, have a mechanic look at the car before you buy it. He will be able to tell you if there are any problems that need to be fixed before you buy it.

The last thing you need to do is read the contract very carefully before you sign it. If you aren't sure about something it says, ask the salesperson what it means. Make sure you get everything they promise to give you in writing. After you do all these things, you will be ready to buy the car. Oh yes, one last thing, remember to keep copies of everything you sign.

Answer the questions.

1.	What do you need to do before you buy a car?
2.	What are two things you need to check?

- **3.** What is the most important thing you need to do when shopping for a car?
- **4.** Where do you need to test drive your car?
- 5. What should you have a mechanic do?



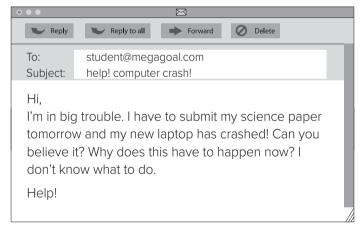
<del>صلحتاا قرااح</del> Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

**(** 

You bought these items over the Internet. When they arrive at your home, something is wrong with each one. Write what is wrong.

shoes	The shoes are too big.
1. pants	
2. memory stick	
<b>3.</b> TV	
4. shirt	
<b>5.</b> sunglasses	
-	
6. jacket	
7. hair dryer	
8. novel	

Write short replies to your friends' emails. Use **need** + **to be** or **get/have** + a past participle.



To: friend@megagoal.com need help for job interview  Hi, I have an interview for a summer job at the library in the morning and my jacket sleeve is torn. This is the only conservative jacket that I have. I don't want to miss the interview, but I want to look presentable.  Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are open now. Any ideas?		
Hi, I have an interview for a summer job at the library in the morning and my jacket sleeve is torn. This is the only conservative jacket that I have. I don't want to miss the interview, but I want to look presentable. Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are		
I have an interview for a summer job at the library in the morning and my jacket sleeve is torn. This is the only conservative jacket that I have. I don't want to miss the interview, but I want to look presentable. Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are	Subject.	need help for Job interview
the morning and my jacket sleeve is torn. This is the only conservative jacket that I have. I don't want to miss the interview, but I want to look presentable.  Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are	Hi,	
only conservative jacket that I have. I don't want to miss the interview, but I want to look presentable. Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are	I have ar	n interview for a summer job at the library in
miss the interview, but I want to look presentable. Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are	the morn	ning and my jacket sleeve is torn. This is the
Should I buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are	only con	servative jacket that I have. I don't want to
	miss the	interview, but I want to look presentable.
	Should I	buy a new jacket? I'm not sure any stores are
	'	,

Reply Reply to all Forward Delete



Write as many words as you can in the organizer about the picture. Use the words to tell the complaints of one of the men. Write the other man's answers.



Complaint	Answer

Answer:

2. Complaint: \_\_\_\_

Answer:

3. Complaint: \_\_\_\_

Answer:



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Unit 1

#### **K** WRITING

You work for the L.L. Electronics Company. You received a letter from Mr. Bell. He bought one of the items below. It was damaged when he received it in the mail. Write him a letter apologizing for the situation and explain what he should do next. Use the chart to help you take notes and organize your thoughts.

computer mouse cell phone digital camera computer keyboard laptop case memory stick

Reply to a complaint			
Item Mr. Bell bought			
Complaints about the item			
Your explanation about what to do			

Dear Mr. Bell,		
وزارة التعطيم		
Makstry of Education 2022 - 1444		
2022 † 1444		
MG_1.3_WB_TEXT_2022.indd 86	<b>•</b>	5/3/2 <sup>2</sup> 9:39 PM

-	Read th	e conversation and complete the gaps with: <i>already, yet, just</i> .
	Sylvia:	So, Karen, has your nephew left
		(1.)?
	Karen:	Yes, Greg has <b>(2.)</b> gone. At
		long last!
	Sylvia:	How long did he stay?
	Karen:	(3.) three months. He was
		doing a research project here at the university.
		When he arrived, I said, "Make yourself at
		home." And he did just that.
	Sylvia:	But he seemed like such a nice young man.
	Karen:	Oh, he is, and I was happy to help out. The
		trouble is that he took over our house. He used
		our things and never put them back. He never
		cleaned up after himself, and I've never seen anyone eat so much! One day I walked into the
		living room, and there was Greg eating and making a mess, with his feet on the furniture
	Sylvia:	That's a bit much, isn't it?
	Karen:	That's what I thought. And to top it all off, he hasn't called us <b>(4.)</b> to say
		"thank you"! But my sister <b>(5.)</b> has apologized for his behavior
IN	Answer	the questions. Write full sentences.
	1. What	t can't you stand doing?
	2. What	t kind of impolite behavior drives you crazy?
	<b>3.</b> How	does impolite behavior affect other people?







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2022 - 1444



- N Complete the sentences. Use the correct object pronoun: **me, you, him, her, us,** or **them**. Each object pronoun can be used once, more than once or not at all.
  - 1. He wants to complain about the service at the restaurant. He's going to email \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. Her grandparents are upset that Noura hasn't visited. She's going to visit \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3. I don't want to ask my neighbors. I don't know \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **4.** We want to come to your graduation. Don't forget \_\_\_\_\_
  - **5.** I'm going to be at home tonight. Please call \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **6.** Please listen to me when I'm talking to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- O Unscramble the sentences.
  - 1. my/to call/need/l/friends
  - 2. running his car / complains / the cost of / about / Ali / often
  - 3. snacks / to buy / you / Do / need?
  - **4.** like / laptop / He / to share / doesn't / his
  - **5.** don't / an invitation / need / We / to send
  - 6. him / Faris / the elevator door / asked / to / hold / open
    - \_\_\_\_





A Complete the sentences. Use the words in the box.

volcano crater bulls tornado meteorite debris

1. We stayed near an awesome lake on our vacation.

A \_\_\_\_\_ had made a \_\_\_\_ thousands of years ago. Then the huge hole filled with water

and made the lake.

2. Mount St. Helens looks like half of a mountain. Actually it is a \_\_\_\_\_\_. When it erupted in 1980, it destroyed the trees that had grown around it for hundreds of years.

3. I had never been to the state of Texas before I went there with my family. We rented a car and drove across the state. We had been in the car for about thirty minutes when we saw a very strange sign. It was yellow and had the image of a black \_\_\_\_\_\_ on it. We later learned that there are a lot of them in Texas. These powerful windstorms can destroy trees and buildings and leave a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_ to clean up.







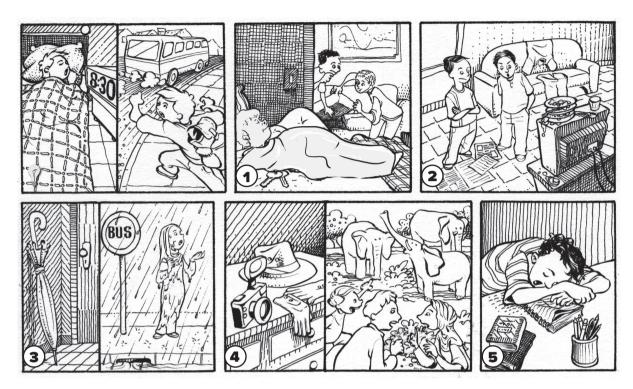


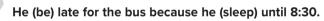




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B Write sentences for each picture. Use the simple past and the past perfect in each sentence.





He was late for the bus because he had slept until 8:30.

- **1.** Carl and John (look) in the living room for the keys, but their little brother (take) them into the bedroom.
- 2. When the football game (come) on TV, they (not clean up) the living room yet.
- 3. It (start) to rain, but Karen (leave) her umbrella at home.
- 4. They (not take) any photos on their vacation because they (forget) their camera.
- **5.** He (fall) asleep while studying because he (stay) up late every night this week.



Complete the story. Use the simple past or the past perfect form of the verbs in parentheses.

Hanan: Last month I (1) (go) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the different art museums in the city.

I (2) (never be) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to many museums before last month.

Amina: You probably (3) (see) \_\_\_\_\_\_ some really famous paintings and

pieces of art.

Hanan: I did! But there (4) (be) \_\_\_\_\_ one piece of art that I

**(5)** (never see) \_\_\_\_\_\_ before.

Amina: (6) (Be) \_\_\_\_\_\_ it in the Nouveau Art Museum?

**Hanan:** Yes! How **(7)** (know) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_?

**Amina:** (8) (Be) \_\_\_\_\_\_ it a tall, silver tree?

Hanan: Well, I think so.

Amina: And the artist (9) (hang) \_\_\_\_\_\_ clothes on all the branches?

**Hanan:** Yes! The artist also **(10)** (place) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a big clock in the

middle of the tree.

Amina: Right. The artist (11) (put) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the tree on a DVD player, too.

Hanan: I think you definitely (12) (see) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the same piece of art.

Can you believe it (13) (be) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a museum?!

**Amina:** Oh, absolutely! The artist has so much talent. I'm a huge fan of his.

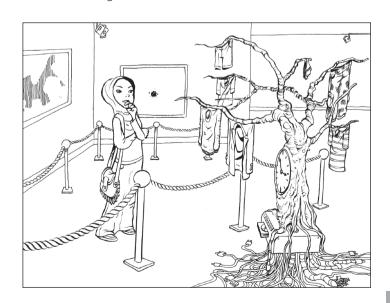
Hanan: Really? I (14) (not like)

it at all. The artist has no talent.

I can't even remember his name,

can you?

Amina: Oh, yes. He's my uncle!





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Complete the sentences. Use can't, must, or might. 1. Jerry has to work all day. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the football game. 2. Linda \_\_\_\_\_\_ be tired. She stayed up all night to study for her big test. 3. I'm not sure, but Greg \_\_\_\_\_\_ be at the library. He has a report due tomorrow. **4.** Lee didn't eat breakfast or lunch. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ be hungry now. **5.** We \_\_\_\_\_ stay long because we have to go to the store before it closes. **6.** I think my mother \_\_\_\_\_ know who the people are in that old photo. Look at the photos. Explain what you think *must have* happened, *might have* happened, and **could have** happened. 3 She must have wanted some coffee. She might have needed to check her email. She could have wanted to read an online article for her research paper.

#### **F** READING

Read the story.

Patricia Polacco can certainly tell a very exciting story. I loved a book she wrote called *Meteor!* So when I saw that she was coming to our local library, I decided to meet her. At the library, she told us something about her life and then read us part of her book.

Patricia was born in Lansing, Michigan, and grew up in Oakland, California. When she was a little girl, she often stayed with her grandparents who lived in Union City, Michigan. One summer day, a meteorite fell from the sky, right into her grandparents' backyard! Before that, her grandparents had lived a very quiet life on their farm. Now things were different. They had so much to do. People came to see the meteorite. The university came to study it and analyze it. Her grandparents had never talked to so many people in their lives! Everything changed.

As you can guess, no one in the town had ever seen a meteor before! They were confused and didn't know what to do. Everyone had a different idea about what to do with it.

Patricia Polacco loves to tell the story about her meteorite and even today, she still carries a piece of the meteorite with her. When I met her, she let all of us touch it.



Answer the questions.

l. I	Before the	meteorite,	how ha	d Patricia	's grand	iparents i	ived?
------	------------	------------	--------	------------	----------	------------	-------

2. What had Patricia's grandparents never done before?

3. What had the people in Union City, Michigan never seen before?

**4.** What does Patricia still carry with her?



2022 - 1444

G	_		gs happen to people all the time. However to the ones you have seen or			ome strange things.
		1.	meteorite		_ 6.	Northern Lights in the sky
		2.	tornado		_ <b>7.</b>	shooting star
		3.	flood		_ 8.	UFOs
		4.	snow in summer		9.	solar eclipse
		5.	strange objects in the night sky		_ 10.	sand storm
H	Read what the person is saying to a friend on the phone. Write answers using can't, must, or might in present or past form.  I can't believe it. I keep on forgetting things all the time. I was at the cash register getting ready to pay, so I opened my bag and my wallet wasn't there. I was so embarrassed!  You might have left it at home.  You must have forgotten to put it in your bag.  My son drove me home and I looked for my wallet all over the place, but I couldn't find it anywhere. And there was quite a lot of money in it. I was devastated!					
	And then my daughter, who was also looking, stopped and said. "Are you sure you didn't leave it at grandma's yesterday? I remember you taking it out and leaving it on the little table next to the door".					
	l don't kı	now	why I keep on doing things like th	at. I don't r	norma	ally forget where I put things.



Study the picture and write words under each heading in the chart. Write sentences about what happened before the picture was taken and what probably happened afterwards.



Before the fire	Now (during the fire)	After the fire

1.	

2.			



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## WRITING

Write a paragraph to describe a strange event you experienced. Use the chart to help you take notes and organize your thoughts.

Strange Things Sometimes Happen			
What happened?			
Who was with you?			
Where did it happen?			
How has it changed you?			
Had you ever seen or done anything like this before?			

	Strange Things Sometimes Happen	
••••		
وزارة التـــ		
Unit 200 1444		

K Combine the sentences with: and, but, or, so, or yet.

1

The elevator broke down. The pizza delivery man was trapped for 10 hours before he was rescued.

The elevator broke down and the pizza delivery man was trapped for 10 hours before he was rescued.

- **1.** The man ate the pizza and drank the soda. He wasn't hungry. He wasn't thirsty.
- **2.** We can study hurricanes. We can study the planetary system.
- ${\bf 3.}\,$  I read the science book. I saw the scientific documentary, too.
- 4. I like hot air balloons. I am scared of heights.
- **5.** It could be a helicopter. It could be a plane.
- **6.** I don't like guessing. I will wait for the facts.
- 7. It might be a weather balloon. It could be a UFO\*.
- **8.** I wanted to get home quickly. I took a shortcut through the park.
- **9.** I don't think the human race can live on another planet. Scientists are investigating the possibility.
- **10.** The remote control can turn off the TV. It can switch channels. The remote control can't switch on my computer.



مراحتا قال به المجالة FO = Unidentified Flying Object Ministry of Education









Look at the picture below and say what you think has happened. Use modals for speculation why the city council have put a sculpture in the park: **could have, may have, might have, must have.** Write your sentences in your notebook.

1

The city council may have decided the park needed a tourist attraction.

The residents of the city want the sculpture removed.

Complete the sentences and give some reasons why.

Use the information given below.

#### **Facts**

- have to pay for the upkeep of the sculpture (e.g., clean it, repair it, maintain it)
- plant trees instead to be greener or environmentally friendly
- take the sculpture away and put a bench for people to sit on
- the sculpture is an eye sore
- people will only visit the park to look at the sculpture
- · people will not appreciate the beauty of nature

#### **Possibilities**

- the park will be greener without the sculpture
- more people will visit the park and stay longer
- the birds will sit on the sculpture and make a mess





1.	The sculpture is expensive to maintain. If the city removes the sculpture and puts a bench in its place,
2.	The sculpture is an eyesore. If it is replaced with trees,
3.	If we leave the sculpture in the park, birds might sit on it and
4.	If this happens, the council will



A Complete the story. Use the words in the box. Put the verbs in their correct form.

oil well	regret	penicillin	heavy
source	advantages	unemployed	drill

My great-grandparents, Charles and Bessie, moved to the state of Oklahoma in the early 1900s. That was a long time ago! Fleming hadn't even discovered (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ yet.

Charles had lost his job. He had been (2) for months. My great-grandparents were looking for a better life in Oklahoma, but life was very hard for them. They had very little money. Bessie often thought they shouldn't have moved to Oklahoma. Charles even (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the move, too. Then one day a man came to town. He talked to Charles about oil. He believed he had found a (4) \_\_\_\_\_ of it—right under the ground on their farm. Bessie thought this stranger was crazy, but Charles listened to him carefully. Oil would bring great (5) to their lives. Fortunately, they owned the land, so they could sell the oil rights and make a good life for themselves. Days later some men arrived at the farm. Bessie stood next to Charles and watched as the men **(6)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ into the ground with their (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ equipment. Charles and Bessie were silent. They waited. They watched. Then, suddenly, there were excited shouts from the men. A moment later, both Charles and Bessie saw their lives change before their eyes—black oil shot up from the hole in the ground. They laughed about it over the years—how crazy Bessie thought Charles was and how worried she was for him. And today that first

\_\_\_\_\_ is still around.







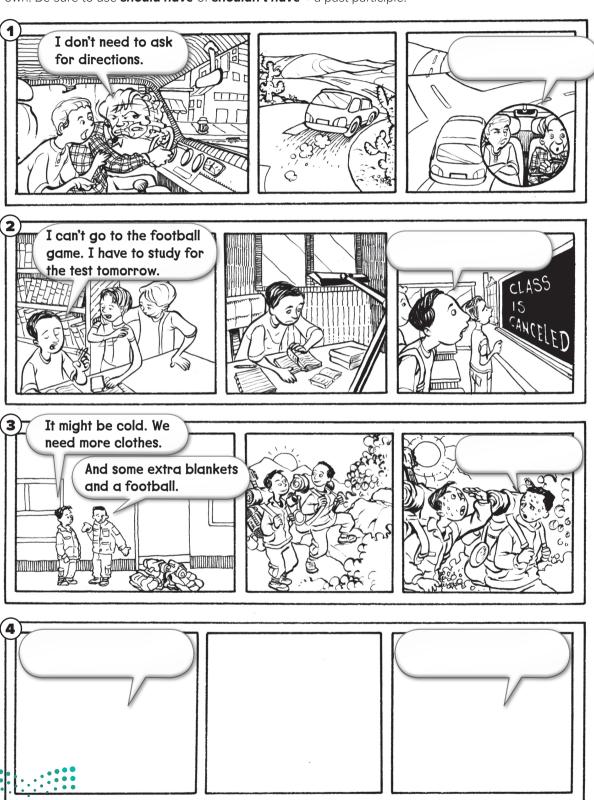


MG\_1.3\_WB\_TEXT\_2022.indd 99

11.1	parenth		<b>'t have</b> + the past participle of the verb
		s visiting his cousins in Saudi Arabia. He and F ver the weekend.	ahad are talking about the time they spent in the
Fa	had:		his weekend. We had such fun! But I'm sorry you in the jeep, with us. It
<b>Q</b> a	ssim:	I know. I'm sorry, too. But I (2) (tell) my leg a few months ago in a bicycle race in and didn't want me to participate.	my uncle that I'd broken the States. He was worried I might get hurt again
Fa	had:	Oh, but the camel races were out of this world balance and ended up hanging from the hum You (3) (stop) as you did.	
<b>Q</b> a	ssim:		efore. Horseback riding is different. I know now her. I (6) (let)e of it!
Fa	had:		that you were one of the that race. Instead, you let Emra
Qa	ıssim:	Oh, come on. Emra is a lot older than us. He i just met. I want to get to know my cousins, yo	s our cousin and I didn't want to upset him. We'd u know, not get them mad at me.
she	ould he	situations in the past where you made a mistak ave or shouldn't have about the situations.	
		have applied for that job at the bookstore.	
1.			
2			
2. 3.			



Complete each cartoon. Use **should have** or **shouldn't have** + a past participle. Then draw a cartoon of your own. Be sure to use **should have** or **shouldn't have** + a past participle.



صلحتال قرارة Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444

Unit 3

- Tell what you would have done in each of the situations in exercise **D**.

  Use **would have** + past participle in your sentences.
  - 1. if / I / drive, / I / ask / for directions
  - **2.** if / my friends / ask / me, / I / go / to the library
  - **3.** if / I / pack / for the trip, / I / take / shorts and T-shirts
  - 4.
- Complete the sentences. Write about what **would have** been, what **could have** been, and what **might have** been.





\_\_\_\_\_ might

#### **G** READING

Does the brain ever sleep? Read the article and find out.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

Is dreaming a type of entertainment that the brain creates for itself? Is it a way of processing images and feelings that one has experienced? Is it a mix of experiences and associations? One might suggest that a dream is a series of images, sounds, and feelings that are experienced when one sleeps.



2.

Some researchers suggest that dreaming is a sign of your brain trying to sort out random emotions and memories, very much like processing information and classifying it. Part of the process could be compared to what defragmentation of our hard disk does in our PC. In other words, it's as if the brain classifies and tidies information, as it gets rid of junk and empty space. For example, panicking because you cannot swim in a rough sea might simply be due to the fact that the brain is stimulating the fear center as it calls up the memory of a dark sea with huge waves, which is not necessarily connected to the actual experience of trying to fight the waves. When we enter REM (Rapid Eye Movement) sleep, our body sends signals to different parts of the brain that are associated with memory and emotions. Although no one can tell with certainty what the purpose or origin of dreaming is, scientists suggest that it is the result of random, neuronal firing. Neurons are formed as we develop, and acquire knowledge and experience.

3.

Most people, approximately 90%, report that they dream in color. A small number, approximately 8%, insist that they never dream in color. Then again, quite a few people say that they sometimes dream in color and sometimes not. The fact of the matter, however, is that we all dream even if we cannot remember our dreams when we wake up.

4.

Scientists often monitor the brain's activity during sleep or monitor eye activity during the REM stage in an attempt to find out more about sleep and dreaming. But many questions remain unanswered. What is certain is that sleep is beneficial to our health and a necessity for rest and/or a healing process, even if our brain remains active at all times.

Use the questions as headings for different paragraphs/sections of the article. Then highlight the words or phrases that provide the answers and write them.

What does sleep research involve?

What is dreaming?

• Do we dream in color? What causes dreaming?

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Read the list of common types of regrets. It can give you ideas about a specific regret you've had.

Write down your ideas.

	My ideas:
Being rude to my brother (or sister)	
Telling someone something I shouldn't have	
Not telling someone something I should have	
Not telling the truth about something	
Being mean to a friend	
Not studying harder	
Not practicing more at a sport	
Doing something dangerous	
Not doing something I wanted to do	
Not taking a risk	
Making a mistake at an important point in a game	
Doing something that made me look foolish	

I	Choose three items/regrets from the list in H. Write what the outcome of each action was.
	Then write sentences with If I had / hadn't

1	Not studying harder: I failed the test. / If I had studied harder, I wouldn't have failed the test.
	1
	2
	3.



MG\_1.3\_WB\_TEXT\_2022.indd 104

Look at the picture and write as many words as you can about how people benefit from jobs in the oil industry. Write sentences explaining how things would have been different if oil hadn't been discovered.



How People Benefit From Jobs in the Oil Industry

1.	If oil hadn't been discovered,	

- 2. If oil hadn't been discovered, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. If oil hadn't been discovered,



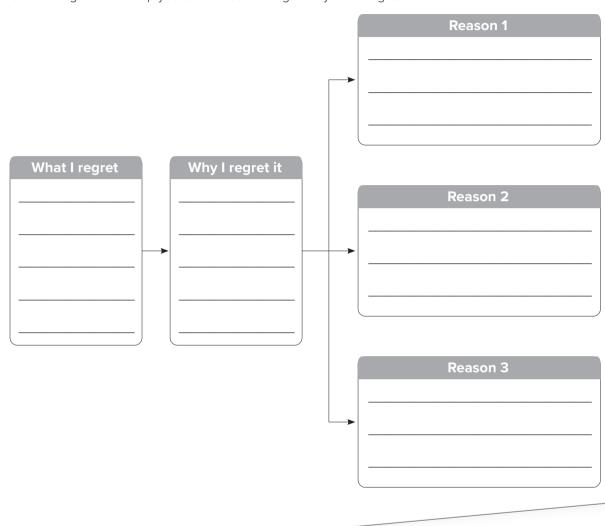
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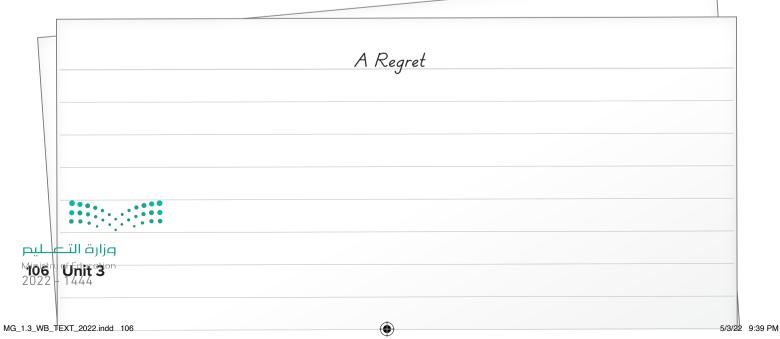
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### 3 If It Hadn't Happened

#### **K** WRITING

Write a paragraph about what you regret and why. End the paragraph with a sentence with **should have** or **shouldn't have** as well as a sentence with **If I had / hadn't...**Use the organizer to help you take notes and organize your thoughts.





Complete the chart with the correct form of the verb.

Present	Simple Past	Past Participle
appear		
	was/were	
become		
build		
cool		
discover		
	did	
		imported
	invented	
keep		
	made	
preserve		
		put
use		

M Complete the paragraph with the verbs in parentheses. Use the present perfect or simple past tense.

conditioners in stores, offices, and homes.

#### Keep Cool



• وزارة التعليم Ministry of Education

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2022 - 1444

## 3 If It Hadn't Happened

N Complete the chart. List some inventions that have been important to you. Tell why each one has been important. Use modals for ability: *can, could, be able to.* 

What inventions have changed my life?	How have they changed my life?
cell phone	always able to talk to my friends

Complete the text with the correct form of *be able to*. Choose from the box below.

weren't able to are able to be able to had been able to have been able t	weren't able to	are able to	<del>be able to</del>	had been able to	have been able to
--	-----------------	-------------	-----------------------	------------------	-------------------

Since the 1700s, people have tried many different ways of traveling over land. They wanted to

1 (1.) be able to r	nove more quickly and more comfor	tably than they <b>(2.)</b>
		erfect design. A hundred years ago, driver
(3.)	to drive in bad weather. Drivers had	to get out of their cars and constantly
wipe the windshields every	few minutes. Since M. Anderson inve	ented the windshield wiper in 1903,
people <b>(4.)</b>	drive on rainy days much m	ore safely and comfortably. Nowadays,
manufacturers have improv	ed cars a great deal. They've added	things that make driving easier such as
GPS. With a GPS system fit	ted in your car, you <b>(5.)</b>	get to your destination withou
even looking at a map. Cars	s have come a long way in one hund	red years!



Read the conversations. Then report what you read. Use the words in the box. Use the correct form of the verbs.

knock down bother raise power improve



My aunt went to the doctor about her blood pressure. This was her second visit. The doctor rechecked my aunt's blood pressure and was happy. The doctor said her blood pressure was better than it was two months ago. The doctor said her blood pressure <u>had improved</u>

- 1. My neighbor has a new car. I asked him why he chose that particular car. He said that he was looking for a car that didn't use a lot of gas. This car isn't very expensive to drive because it uses gas and electricity. He said that the car got its \_\_\_\_\_\_ from gas and electricity.



2. Last night, Ahmed and Jasem were doing their homework at Ahmed's house. But Ahmed's little brother kept talking to them while they were working. He was also taking photos with Ahmed's camera. As a result, Ahmed and Jasem didn't get a lot of homework done. Jasem said that Ahmed's little brother \_\_\_\_\_ them all evening, so they didn't finish their homework.



3. The people in our city voted to make more parks for people to enjoy. Today the city is going to demolish several buildings to make space for a big park near my house. My brother went to watch the demolition. He just came home to tell me about it. My brother reported that they \_\_\_ five buildings.



**4.** Our science teacher Mr. Adams is upset because the city increased the taxes again. He sent an email to the city government about the high taxes. He believes that it is important to tell the government that the taxes aren't fair. Mr. Adams said that the city \_\_\_\_\_\_ the taxes again and that



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they were unfair.

Unit 4

			s. Be sure to change the time expressions.
Mon.:	Ra	dio station: you won the grand	prize—have to pick it up today
Tues.:	Mr.	Harrison: wants to talk about	publishing article; is only in town until tomorrow
Wed.: M		hammed—sorry he wasn't fre	e last week but wants to meet you for dinner
Во	ss:	What a great vacation! Were	there any messages for me?
Assistant:			someone from a radio station called and said
		Monday. A gentleman named said that he (2)	d Mr. Harrison called on Tuesday, and he But he said that Mohammed called on Wednesday.
	Mon.: Tues.: Wed.:	Mon.: Rad Tues.: Mr. Wed.: Mo	Tues.: Mr. Harrison: wants to talk about  Wed.: Mohammed—sorry he wasn't free  Boss: What a great vacation! Were  Assistant: Yes, there were. On Monday, that you'd won the grand prize Monday. A gentleman named said that he (2)

Boss: Wow! Thanks.

Change the sentences to reported speech. Use the reporting verbs in the box.

Be sure to change all necessary words. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

He said that he was sorry that (4)

He was calling because he **(5)** \_\_\_\_\_\_ soon.

agree tell say assure <del>notice</del> expl
--

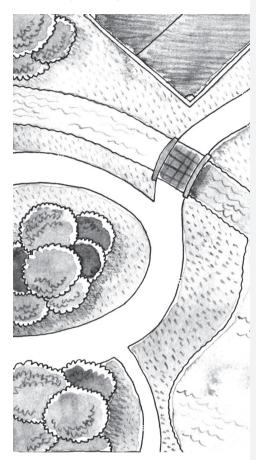
Mr. Wilson: Jason, you may need to spend more time on homework.

Mr. Wilson noticed that he might need to spend more time on homework.

- **1. Jason's mom:** You will do all of the homework for Mr. Wilson's class.
- **2. Jason:** Mr. Wilson can give less homework to the class.
- **3. Jason's mom:** You won't play football.
- **4. Jason:** I'll find the time to finish all the homework.
- **5. Jason's mom:** Mr. Wilson just may be right from time to time!



Complete the news article about a town meeting. Use the notes taken at the meeting to write reported questions.



## Town meeting— discussion about the new park

**Parks Commissioner:** Does anyone have any questions?

**Mr. Kilmer:** Who made the plans for the park? Why

didn't they ask for my ideas?

Mr. Lopez: Did the Parks Department plan an area

for bicycles?

**Mr. Lee:** Forget the bicycles! Is there a path

where people can jog?

**Mr. Green:** Will there be lots of benches?

Boy: Where will the football field be?

**Another boy**: How many tennis courts will there be?

Mr. Waters: When will the park open?

**Another man:** Do the plans include some

basketball courts?

**Another man:** Why don't they include a place

for family picnics?

Parks Commissioner: How can we do all these things?

April 3—The town meeting to discuss the new park				
was a lively one. The parks commissioner opened the				
meeting by asking \( \begin{aligned} \int \ \ if \ \ \ \ anyone \ had \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
It turned out that lots of people did.				

First, Mr. Kilmer, president of the neighborhood

association, asked (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_.

He also wondered (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Mr. Lopez asked (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Lee wondered (4)

Mr. Green asked (5)

Children also contributed to the discussion. A boy

wanted to know (6) \_\_\_\_\_

Another boy wanted to know

(**7**) \_\_\_\_\_\_. Mr. Waters had a

question. He asked **(8)** \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Another man asked (9)

Finally, another man wanted to know

(10) \_\_\_\_\_\_.

The commissioner held up the plan and asked the

people at the meeting (11) \_\_\_\_\_

Suddenly, the room became very quiet.

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MG\_1.3\_WB\_TEXT\_2022.indd 111

E

Read part of Omar's interview at WWT and report it. Use reported speech.

**K. Clark:** Good morning. This is Ken Clark at WWT. And with us is young Omar, our swimming champion. Omar, welcome to our show.

Omar: Thank you, Mr. Clark.

**K. Clark:** Omar, how old were you when you started swimming?

Omar: Ever since I can remember. My family lived near the sea and we swam all the time.

**K. Clark:** Yes, I remember you mentioning that at the "Sports News" interview. What would you say your main advantage is in freestyle?

Omar: I think speed and pace.

**K. Clark:** Well, that's everything really. Would you like to watch a video with some comments from people who know you?

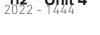
Omar: Uhmm. I'm not sure. Are they good comments?

**K. Clark:** Yes, I think they are. A couple of your friends think you are sometimes too quick to jump to conclusions and misinterpret things, but they also mentioned that you never hold grudges against people. And here is your friend Alan...

Alan: Omar is really cool. He's a good friend and he always helps people, but sometimes I think he tries too hard. I mean, everyone knows he's a good athlete and a good student. He doesn't need prove anything. He has to learn to relax and enjoy his success. That's what I think ...

Ken Clark of WWT introduced his guest	
and welcomed	
He started by asking Omar	
Omar answered that	
Ken Clark said he	
hat at the "Sports News" interview and asked him what	,
When Omar told him that	
Clark agreed with him and asked him if	
Omar asked	
Clark answered that	, and added that
some of his friends	
Alan said	, but he sometimes
He thoughthat	





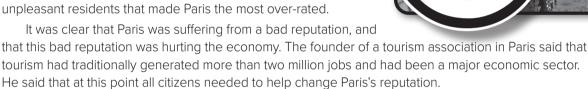
#### **F** READING

Read the article.

#### Smile, Paris!

In 2009, the residents of Paris took a bold but simple action—they decided to smile! There is a good reason for this. The Paris Tourist Board said that they were trying to get more travelers to visit Paris—the City of Light. They hoped that more smiles would help.

It's no secret that Paris has had a reputation among tourists as an unfriendly city. But for years, tourists still came. Paris was a must-see world city. Now that travel is more expensive, some travelers are thinking twice about visiting Paris. And the numbers show this. Seventeen percent fewer travelers visited Paris over the past year. The results of a recent online survey also shocked Paris tourist associations. It showed that participants thought that Paris was not just an unfriendly city, but that Paris was the most overrated city in Europe, too. Many said that it was the high prices and unpleasant residents that made Paris the most over-rated.



And then it happened—the brilliant idea to have residents smile more. It's clear now that the idea is working. Tourists are seeing more smiles. For example, the tourist board has hired smile ambassadors and set up stands where these smiling people welcome tourists. The good will generated by the smile campaign is still growing. Recently, 100 roller-skaters formed a giant smile in the center of Paris in Place Vendome. The head of the tourist board said that there was nothing more inviting than a smile. And it seems to be true. Tourists not only want to visit the City of Lights, they want to visit the City of Smiles, too.

#### Write **T** for **True** or **F** for **False**.

- **1.** Paris is also known as the City of Lights.
- **2.** \_\_\_\_\_ High travel costs had no effect on the number of visitors to Paris.
- **3.** \_\_\_\_\_ Paris had the reputation of the most over-rated city in Europe.
- **4.** \_\_\_\_\_ Tourism isn't very important to the Paris economy.
- **5.** \_\_\_\_\_ No one truly liked the idea of the smile campaign.



<del>صلحتاا قاراح</del> Ministry of Education 2022 - 1444



113

Unit 4

Think of an interesting conversation between two people that you might want to tell someone. This can be a conversation you actually heard or you can imagine one. Use the box and write the conversation as direct speech.

Participants in the conversation:
A:
B:
Topic of the conversation:
A:
B:
A:
B:
A:
B:

- **H** Report what the teacher said on the day of the final examination.
  - **1.** Good morning, everyone. I hope you all have everything you need; pens, pencils, extra paper.
  - **2.** Keep your test booklets closed, please. Just write your name and class on the front page.
  - **3.** The time now is ten minutes past eight, you have to complete your test by ten minutes past ten. You have two hours.
  - **4.** You may open your test booklets and start writing. Please keep your eyes on your paper and do not speak to each other. If you need anything, raise your hand.



Study the picture of the news reporter. Imagine the topics he will present and write them in the chart below. Then write sentences to tell what you think the reporter is saying.



News	Topics	

1.	Topic 1	
	•	

Reporter is saying: \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** Topic 2 \_\_\_\_\_

Reporter is saying: \_\_\_\_\_

**3.** Topic 3 \_\_\_\_\_

Reporter is saying: \_\_\_\_\_

**4.** Topic 4

Reporter is saying:

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2022 - 1444

Unit 4

#### WRITING

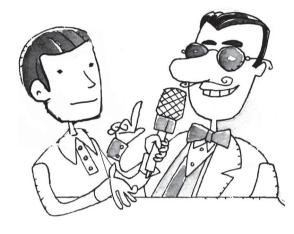
Write a paragraph to report a conversation you had with your friend. Use the chart to help you take notes and organize your thoughts. Start with a sentence that tells who had the conversation.

An Interesting Conversation			
The conversation between you and your friend	Sentences that report your conversation to another friend		

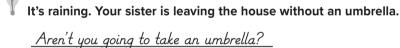
	An Interesting Conversation	
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Read the words. Write the word which does not belong.

1.	global warming	tornado	countryside	earthquake	
2.	damage	city	threaten	destroy	
3.	save	rescue	protect	harm	
4.	witness	reporter	news	victim	
5.	hit	study	research	science	



Write negative questions for the following situations.



**1.** You and your friend planned to do research on the Internet with your friend's computer. Your friend just arrived at your house, but you don't see a computer.



- **2.** Your friend told you to meet at 5:00 p.m. in the museum. You're in the museum. It's now 5:30, and your friend isn't there. You get a call on your cell phone from your friend who is still at home.
- **3.** You and your friends are at a new Japanese restaurant. You order food for everyone. You notice that your friends aren't eating their food. You are not sure they like what you ordered.

4. You and your family are watching the news. The National Weather Service has issued a weather warning. There will be terrible storms. Your brother is on his way out of the door with his car keys.

وزارة التعطيم



M

Read the news story about pandas. Then use the prompts to ask the reporter's questions. Write the answers to the questions.

#### **Pandas**

The lovable, cuddly-looking panda is one of the world's most popular animals. Unfortunately, it's also one of the most vulnerable species. Pandas live only in the dense bamboo areas of the misty, rainy forests of southwestern China. Today only about 1,900 pandas remain in the wild. The Chinese government and various conservation organizations are working to protect pandas in their natural habitat. They want to maintain a "bamboo corridor" through which pandas can move freely. Bamboo shoots and leaves account for 99 percent of a panda's diet. An adult giant panda eats up to 95 pounds (45 kilograms) of bamboo per day over a period of about 16 hours. So it is important to have a protected place with a lot of bamboo available.

1.	Where / live?
1	Q: Where do pandas live?
	A:
2.	How / many?
	Q:
	A:
3.	How / work to protect pandas?
	Q:
	A:
4.	How much / eat?
	Q:
	A:
5.	How long / eat / a day?
	Q:
	A:



<b>1</b> A	won't sall as quickly as a perfect one (demage)		
<ol> <li>A car won't sell as quickly as a perfect one. (damage)</li> <li>The TV has a very clear picture now. (repair)</li> </ol>			
3. Her DVD doesn't play. (scratch)  4. My mother really likes my bedroom. (repaint)			
	apartment is very beautiful. (decorate)		
7. My father's car has a windshield. (crack)			
8. Everyone talked about the	jacket he wore to the wedding. (tear)		
We 're getting the door fixed	or / fix)		
1. What are you doing to the outside of	your house? (house / paint)		
<ol> <li>What are you doing to the outside of</li> <li>I</li> <li>Are you doing anything about the sta</li> </ol>	your house? (house / paint)  nin on the carpet? (carpet / clean)		
<ol> <li>What are you doing to the outside of I</li></ol>	your house? (house / paint)  nin on the carpet? (carpet / clean)  TV / fix)		
<ol> <li>What are you doing to the outside of I</li></ol>	your house? (house / paint)  nin on the carpet? (carpet / clean)  TV / fix)		
<ol> <li>What are you doing to the outside of I</li></ol>	your house? (house / paint)  nin on the carpet? (carpet / clean)  TV / fix)		
<ol> <li>What are you doing to the outside of I</li></ol>	your house? (house / paint)  nin on the carpet? (carpet / clean)  TV / fix)		
<ol> <li>What are you doing to the outside of I</li></ol>	your house? (house / paint)  nin on the carpet? (carpet / clean)  TV / fix)  ? (living room / redecorate)		



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2022 - 1444

C	Со	mplete the sentences. Use the past perfect tense.
	1.	My parents took a vacation to Portugal because my mother a television program
		about Lisbon last year. (watch)
	2.	We arrived in Los Angeles on time although our plane late from
		New York. (leave)
	3.	I to clean my room even before my mother asked me to do it. (decide)
	4.	I studied a lot for this test because I the last one. (fail)
	5.	We bought new cell phones after we an email about the big sale. (receive)
	6.	you any English classes before you went
		to England? (take)
1	<u>I</u> r	alarm clock is working.  night be at school on time.  Greg was at the football match with me.
	2.	Adel has a broken leg.
	3.	Stephanie is studying for a test.
	4.	They were early for the flight.
	5.	My brother just bought a cool new car.
	6.	Daniel wasn't at work today.
• •	7.	I didn't recognize his voice. Who was that on the phone?
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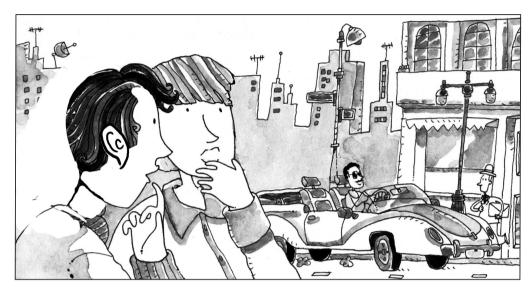
E	Re	ad the situations. Make sentences with <b>should have</b> / <b>shouldn't have</b> .	
	1. The food at the new Italian restaurant is excellent, but I felt sick after our meal		
	2.	I borrowed my sister's cell phone. It broke when I dropped it on the sidewalk.	
	3.	Karen got an A on the test. Hanan, on the other hand, failed the test.	
	4.	Fahad hurt his leg yesterday when he went jogging in the park.	
	5.	I had three cups of coffee at dinner, and I couldn't go to sleep until 3:00 A.M.	
	6.	I had no idea it was going to be so cold in the classroom.	
	7.	I wasted my money on that new book by Patrick Johnston.	
	8.	I burned my finger on the stove.	
Rewrite the sentences as conditionals. Follow the example.  I didn't make a lot of money because I didn't work hard.			
		Mark was tired because he didn't go to bed early.	
	2.	Ibrahim learned to speak French because he lived in Paris for three years.	
	3.	I didn't go on vacation with my friends because I just bought a new computer.	
	4.	I took a nap because it rained all day.	
	5.	Sarah wasn't at school today because she was sick.	

6. My brother didn't learn how to water-ski because he never learned how to swim.

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**EXPANSION Units 1-4** 

**G** Read the conversation. Use reported speech to complete the sentences.



Harris: Did you see that little red sports car?

**Alex:** No, I didn't.

Harris: Well, I think Qassim was driving it, and he was driving fast!

**Alex:** Was he?

Harris: I think so. Now where would Qassim get a car like that?

**Alex:** Who cares? It's probably his father's car.

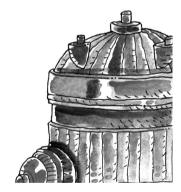
**Harris:** It just seems strange. He's usually so quiet and shy.

**Alex:** Maybe he's changed.

**Harris:** I'm going to call Qassim when I get home.

**Alex:** Why are you going to do that?

**Harris:** I want to find out what's going on.



1.	Harris asked Alex if
2.	Alex said_
3.	Harris wanted to know where
4.	Alex said it
5.	Harris said Qassim
6.	Alex said
7.	Harris said
8.	Harris said  Alex asked Harris why

وزارة التعطيم

**EXPANSION Units 1-4** 

Look at the photo of an accident scene. Imagine you are a reporter. Write four sentences about the accident for your newspaper. Use reported speech.



1.	The first man
2.	The second man
3.	A witness
4.	Another witness

Think of a car accident you know about. You can also think of an accident from a film or a book. List the events that happened before the accident. Write how each event contributed to the accident.

Event	Effect
rain	wet roads , difficult to see
late for school	driving too fast
	rain



وزارة التعطيم

Ministry **EXPANSION Units 4-6** 2022 - 1444

Study the picture of Prophet Mohammed (PBUH) Mosque in Madinah and write as many words as you can under each heading in the chart. Use the words to make sentences to describe the picture.



Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives

1.			

2.			

3.	

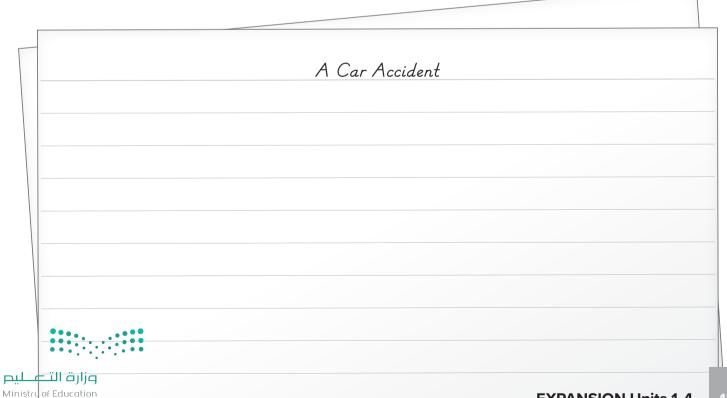


وزارة التعطيم

#### **K** WRITING

Write a paragraph about an accident you saw. Use the chart to help you take notes and organize your thoughts.

A Car Accident					
What happened?	What caused it to happen?	How could it have been avoided? (use <b>should have</b> or <b>shouldn't have</b> )			



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2022 - 1444

**EXPANSION Units 1-4** 

125

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## Writing Checklists

## **1** A letter of apology

I can	Great!	Good!	ok!	Needs work
take useful notes and use them to write a formal letter				
use formal letter conventions, i.e. greeting, opening lines				
organize explanations well				
address a person or department				
present the problem clearly				
be firm without being rude				
edit and correct mistakes				
close correctly				
use appropriate language/style				

## 2 A descriptive paragraph

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
take useful notes and use them to write a description of events				
organize information/notes				
plan the description				
decide on audience/readers				
present facts and events clearly				
use language/grammar correctly				
edit and correct mistakes				
use appropriate language/style				



## Writing Checklists

### **3** A paragraph/personal narrative

I can	Great!	Good!	oki 🚺	Needs work
make notes				
describe personal feelings and views				
organize past events in a clear way				
express my thoughts and opinion				
refer to experiences and related information				
speculate about a different outcome				
edit and correct my mistakes				
close on a positive note				
use appropriate language/style				

### **4** Reporting a conversation

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
take notes from a conversation and use them to report what people said/say				
change forms when appropriate				
use different reporting verbs to express meaning				
refer to and connect quotations as required				
report thoughts correctly and appropriately				
report questions correctly and appropriately				
report statements correctly and appropriately				
organize and write an article or story				
edit and rewrite				



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## Writing Checklists

## EXPANSION Units 1-4

### An account

I can	Great!	Good!	ок!	Needs work
recall an event and make notes				
organize events in a clear way				
give an explanation for the events				
present reasons and causes				
refer to how the event might have had a different account				
edit and correct my mistakes				
close on a positive note				
use appropriate language/style				

