Exam: Units from 4 to 6

Vocabulary

Match each word in Column 1 with a definition in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. admire	A. without planning
2. confront	B. concerned with facts only
3. triumph	C. to see an event happen
4. vow	D. fear of something bad happening
5. witness	E. boring
6. anxiety	F. with stylish, expensive tastes
7. literal	G. to respect
8. sophisticated	H. to promise
9. spontaneous	I. to meet something difficult or dangerous
10. tedious	J. to win

[Answers:
1. admire: to respect G
2. confront: to meet something difficult or dangerous I
3. triumph: to win J
4. vow: to promise H
5. witness: to see an event happen C
6. anxiety: fear of something bad happening D
7. literal: concerned with facts only B
8. sophisticated: with stylish, expensive tastes F
9. spontaneous: without planning A
10. tedious: boring E
Grammar
Complete each sentence with the correct paired conjunction:
bothand; not onlybut also; eitheror; or neithernor. Use a
capital letter where necessary.
11 Chicago Boston are cities in the
U.S.[Answer: Both, and
12 Alice Jenny wants to see that film.
They don't like detective films. [Answer: Neither, nor
13. Let's walk ride our bikes to work.
I don't want to drive. [Answer: either, or

Complete each sentence with a word or phrase from the box.

even 11	in case	now that	so that	unless
14. Let's fini	sh our homev	vork now	w	e can go
	ter. [An			
15	we ho	ıve finished ou	ır exams, we c	an relax.
[Answer: No	ow that			
16. You shou	ıld bring a co	at	it gets co	ld.
[Answer: in	case			
	it stop		ay still won't	be a good day to
18. John will hard.[<mark>Answ</mark>		exams	he st	udies very
	ds to write a s in Europe / J		but or and + o	ın auxiliary verb.
[Answer: Fi	rance is in Eu	rope, but Japa	n isn't.	
20. Apples	are a type of	fruit / banana	s	
[Answer: Ap	ples are a ty	pe of fruit, and	d bananas are	e too.
each conver 21. Jane: l'm	sation. I done shoppi	ne <mark>underlined</mark> ng. Let's go ho vant to <u>blow</u> a	ome.	or sentence, in
A. make				
B. waste				
C. lose				
D. find	[Answ	er: B		

22. Henry: That film was awful. Doug: You can say that again. A. Could you repeat that? B. I don't understand. C. I disagree. [Answer: D D. I agree. 23. Ahmed: We're not supposed to be here. Hank: Let's beat it before someone sees us. A. leave quickly B. hide C. call someone [Answer: A D. be very quiet 24. Bob: Do you want to get something to eat at the new dinner? Jim: I can't. I'm broke. A. I don't feel well. B. I'm not hungry. C. I have no money. D. I'm too busy. [Answer: C 25. Jess: These handbags are cute! Let's buy one! Renee: Ugh. Those are a dime a dozen. Let's look in another store. A. very expensive B. very ugly C. very unique [Answer: D D. very common

Are Books on the Way Out?

Books have been around for centuries. Ever since the invention of the printing press, they have been widely accessible to readers. People who love books like the way they look and smell, the noise they make, and are happy to spend hours in a bookstore browsing. However, books require paper and paper is made from felled and pulped trees. And as greater parts of the rainforest disappear, paper becomes more expensive and more exclusive. Recycled paper is now being used in notebooks, diaries, packaging, boxes and other objects, but not so much in books. Another paradox is that a lot of items made of or with recycled paper are more expensive than new stationary! Is it because recycling is trendy? Are recycled goods considered more stylish? The main reason, however, for change in this sector is once again technological advancement and electronic text. Books are bulky and take up space. Obtaining electronic versions of books and storing them on your hard disc is both effective and efficient. Tablets and smart phones are light. They weigh the same regardless of the number of books you might have stored in them. All you need to do is click on a file and there is your book, click again and get the page you need and so on. You must admit, it is very tempting. You can have a complete library that weighs nothing and requires no bookcases. Even adults who are not natives of technology seem to have made the transition and proudly go around with their laptops that contain the equivalent of extensive libraries. Is this a sign that the natives, in other words young people, will soon regard books as relics of a different time?

And yet, nobody seems quite ready to give up completely on hard copies or pen and paper. It might be a matter of habit or instinct. Books do not require electricity to be read. Pen and paper are more affordable than electronic gadgets and more widely available. They are also portable, if heavier and bulkier and sometimes easier to use, especially if there is very little space, as for example, legroom between seats on a plane!

26. People who like books take their time leafing through them in bookstores. [Answer: True Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: supporting detail] 27. Most books are printed on recycled paper. [Answer: False Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: supporting detail] 28. Surprisingly, recycled paper products often cost more. [Answer: True Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: supporting detail] 29. Electronic books can be stored and used more efficiently. **Answer: True Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: inference**] 30. Laptops and tablets do not require a source of energy.

[Answer: False

Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: supporting detail]
31. Books as well as pen and paper have become obsolete. They are no longer necessary. [Answer: False
Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: inference]
Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each question.
37. Maryam is a She reads all day and night.
A. a writer
B. a novel
C. a bookworm
D. a book
[Answer: C
Learning Objective: FMF]
38 you stop buying the latest gadgets, you will not be able to save enough money for a vacation.
A. If
B. If only
C. Unless
D. Until [Answer: C

Unit 6: The Gender Divide

Vocabulary

Match each word in Column 1 with a definition in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. capacity	A. emotionally close
2. convey	B. a widely-held opinion
3. intimate	C. anxious to move or do something
4. repetitive	D. character or personality
5. restless	E. the ability to contain or hold
6. stereotype	F. something that repeats over and over again
7. temperament	G. to show or tell

[Answers: 1. capacity: the ability to contain or hold E

2. convey: to show or tell G

3. intimate: emotionally close A

4. repetitive: something that repeats over and over again F

5. restless: anxious to move or do something C

6. stereotype: a widely-held opinion B

7. temperament: character or personality D

Fill in each blank	with the infini	tive or gerund of the verb in
parentheses.		
8. Asma stopped		Nura when she didn't call her
back. (call)	Answer: calling	
9. Did you remen	nber	your clothes at the dry
cleaner's? (pick u	ip) [Answe	r: to pick up
Learning Objecti	ve: Grammar]	
10. l regret		on the test. I know it was wrong.
(cheat) [Answ	ver: cheating	
Learning Objecti	ve: Grammar]	
11. We're lost. Let	's stop	for directions. (ask)
[Answer: to ask		
Learning Objecti	ve: Grammar]	
12. Sometimes he	forgets	the doors when he
		to lock them. (lock)[Answer: to lock
Choose the best of	ınswer to fill in	each blank:-
13. Sara doesn't li	ke to shop, but	Jane
A. is		
B. does		
C. either		
D. too	[Answer: B	
Learning Objecti	ve: Grammar]	

14. Michael li	kes football, and Peter does
A. is	
B. does	
C. either	
D. too	[Answer: D
Learning Ob	jective: Grammar]
15. He doesn'	t like to cook, and I don't
A. is	
B. does	
C. either	
D. too	ΓΔnswer: C

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/ statement.

For many animals in the wild, it is immediately clear whether the animal is male or female. Dimorphism is the term to describe all the differences between males and females of the same species. The physical differences are the easiest to see. These differences may be in size, color, or body structure. For example, the following are a few species with obvious differences. The fearsome male lion has a thick mane of hair around his head. The female lion does not. The male African elephant has large, threatening tusks of ivory. The female does not. Masculine deer and elk have large antlers, while feminine deer and elk do not. Also, in many species, the male is larger than the female, although there are a few exceptions.

There are many reasons for dimorphism (different appearance) in animals. For example, among birds, males are often more brightly colored and flashy. On the other hand, female birds are often smaller and plainer. This offers protection to the females when they are guarding their nests. They are not noticeable to predators.

Some differences allow different genders to get along with each other and live together harmoniously. For example, the male hummingbird and the female hummingbird have beaks of different lengths. This ensures that they do not have to compete with each other for food. They can only drink from different kinds of flowers. The same is true for some species of larger birds, like eagles. The female eagle has a larger beak, so she can eat larger prey, such as rabbits, or large fish. The male, with his smaller beak, can only eat smaller prey.

So in the animal world, at least, differences serve a very important purpose. They help species to survive and thrive.

16. Gender differences among animals helps species survive.

[Answer: True

17. Dimorphism allows the male and female hummingbird to get along better.

[Answer: True

18. Dimorphism refers only to physical differences between genders.

[Answer: False

Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: vocabulary]

19. Male elephants do not have tusks, but female elephants do.

[Answer: False

Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: grammar]

20. Male deer have antlers, and male elk do too.

[Answer: True

Unit 5: Do You Really Need It?

formula

sophisticated

Vocabulary

[Answer: exclusive

Brand

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

exclusive

consumer	logo	revolutionary	intended
4. A someh	2	and for the more th	
	is u		ampoo tnat is
being advertised	everywhere. [Ans	wer: tormula	
2. A	is a perso	on who buys things	5.
[Answer: consum	er		
3. That restauran	t has a very well-	known	•
People all over th	ne world recognize	the picture and a	ssociate it with
the restaurant.	[Answer: logo		
4. TV commercials are for a wide range of			le range of
	y specialized good		
publications or ex	kclusive campaign	s.	-
[Answer: intende	d		
Learning Objecti	ve: Vocabulary]		
E Our company	h	uimbke to th	sie museluek. Na
5. Our company lother company co		rights to th	is product. No
otner company co	an sell it.		

Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
6. Advertisements for expensive cars and designer goods, target wealthy and consumers.
[Answer: sophisticated
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
7. The personal computer was a product. It changed the lives of millions of people.
[Answer: revolutionary
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
8. This is my favorite of shampoo. I never use a different kind.
[Answer: brand
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]

Question type: Mult	ziple Choice
Choose the best ans	wer to fill in the blank in each question/ sentence.
9. I bought two bot	tles of soap they were on sale.
A. because	
B. because of	
C. in order to	
D. so that	[Answer: A
Learning Objectives	Grammar]
	is sit and watch television there is nothing red to do anything else.
A. so that	
B. since	
C. if	
D. even if	[Answer: D
Learning Objectives	Grammar]

Grammar

11. Please take your cell phone you need it.
A. even if
B. in case
C. unless
D. because of
[Answer: B
Learning Objective: Grammar]
12. You can find a coffee shop you go.
A. in order to
B. in case of
C. wherever
D. where
[Answer: C
Learning Objective: Grammar]
13. He drove slowly the rain.
A. because of
B. because
C. now that
D. everywhere [Answer: A

Learning Objective: Gramn	nar]
14. I brought my computer	I could use the Internet.
A. in order to	
B. now that	
C. so that	
D. because of	[Answer: C
Learning Objective: Gramn	nar]
15. Let's go home we d	are done with the work.
A. unless	
B. now that	
C. so that	
D. in order to	[Answer: B
Learning Objective: Gramn	nar]

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Advertising in a Global Market

These days we live in a global marketplace. Just look inside your refrigerator. You may have bought all of your food from your local grocery store, but in reality, your bananas came from Costa Rica, your chocolate is from Switzerland, your orange juice might be from South Africa, and your meat might be from Argentina. And your

refrigerator may contain the exact same foods as the refrigerator of someone else on the other side of the world. Also, you are probably wearing the same clothing brands as a person on the other side of the world and maybe watching the same TV program. In a global marketplace, consumers all over the world can buy and use the exact same products.

In order to be successful today, companies need to be transnational. They must operate and sell products in many different countries, and their products must compete with products from all over the world. Advertising companies are faced with the challenge of marketing their products to appeal to consumers in many different countries. In some cases, products that are extremely successful in one part of the world do not sell at all in another part of the world. This is often due to failed advertising campaigns. Advertisers must take the time to research each individual country so that they can find out what will be successful in that country and what kind of advertising the people will respond to.

16. ln a global n	narket place, people	all over the world
A. can buy the	A. can buy the same products	
B. can work in different countries		
C. can eat local	fruit	
D. can grow the	same foods.	[Answer: A
Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: main idea]		
17. A failed adv	ertising campaign mi	ight cause products
A. to taste bad		
B. to not be deli	vered	
C. to not sell D. to not work [Answer: C		[Answer: C

18. Some	of clothing are sold in the U.S., Europe, and Asia.
A. consumers	
B. brands	
C. logos	
D. formulas	[Answer: B
19. You can bu world.	y many of the same products you go in the
A. since	
B. because	
C. where	
D. wherever	[Answer: D
20 the g	global economy, companies have to work harder to
A. Since	
B. Unless	
C. Because of	
D. In case	[Answer: C
Learning Obje	ective: Reading Comprehension: grammar]
Listening	
Question type	: True/False
Listen to the t	ext and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of

each question/ statement.

[AUDIO: Is handwriting obsolete?, CD2, Track 7, the first 5 paragraphs]

Is handwriting obsolete?

Handwriting involves forming letters with a writing implement. Proper handwriting, i.e. cursive writing, normally requires formal training that is still in place in some schools. Naturally, at initial literacy levels young learners are trained to manipulate a writing implement and develop their eye-hand coordination so they can form letters. As learners get older, however, they are more reluctant to write. One of the reasons mentioned is the fact that most people word-process, making handwriting unnecessary. Even older adults that used to have a distinct handwriting style often claim to have lost the ability to write smoothly and evenly. So is handwriting obsolete? Should we forget about it? Handwriting has been a very distinct identifying feature. It represents the writer in more ways than one. Graphologists analyze handwriting to determine character traits, gender, personality, and emotional state or to authenticate documents. Allowing it to truly become obsolete would remove an identity marker that has been regarded quite highly in historical and personal terms. Handwritten notes of prominent authors are coveted by collectors, who will often pay exorbitant amounts to possess them. On the other hand, most of us will invariably use a computer when we write. It is fast and efficient, and it makes editing so much easier. You can delete, copy, paste, store versions of your work throughout stages of editing for later reference; you can spell-check and search for words or alternative expressions. Compared to all these advantages, handwriting seems so restricting and restricted that most computer literate people limit it to scribbling notes for someone or filling in forms that are not available in electronic form. Tests, you might argue, require handwriting. Some do and some are computerbased; it is true, however, that a substantial number of pen and paper tests require writing by hand within a set time limit. "Rusty" handwriting is likely to affect the final score.

- 21. Cursive writing requires training that is only available in a few schools.. [Answer: True
- 22. As learners get older they become less interested in handwriting.

 [Answer: True]
- 23. Most adults are able to form letters smoothly and evenly.

 [Answer: False
- 24. Handwriting is a distinct identifying feature of individuals, still valued by graphologists. [Answer: True
- 25. Handwritten notes of famous authors and artists are no longer valued by collectors. [Answer: False
- 26. The computer seems really restricted and restricting compared to handwriting. [Answer: False
- 27. Pen and paper tests require good handwriting skills.

[Answer: True

Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each question.

28. Adverts sometimes persuade people to buy things they don't really need. If you are easily persuaded, ______ switch off your TV when the commercials come on.

A. you shouldn't

B. you should

C. don't need to D. you needn't [Answer: B

29. Unless you really	need it, youit.	
A. should buy		
B. will buy		
C. shouldn't buy	D. can't buy	
[Answer: C		

Unit 4: The World of TV

Vocabulary

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

Abrupt	Ally	capture	animated
documentary	untimely	prestigious	idiosyncratic

1. The young actor's	ret	irement, due to a serious
health problem, saddene		
[Answer: untimely		
Learning Objective: Voca	ıbulary]	
2. Good photographers a	re able to	significant
moments on film. [An	swer: capture	-
3. The	end of the film st	artled us. We expected
the story to continue		-

[Answer: abrupt

4. John Nash is a prominent mathematician who won the Nobel Prize after years of struggle to control his
mental state.
[Answer: prestigious
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
5. This is a about the life of dessert lions.
[Answer: documentary
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
6. Many films meant for children and families are
[Answer: animated
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
7. Like most creative geniuses, he is an director whose behavior can be unpredictable.
[Answer: idiosyncratic
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]

8. The superhero in an adventure story usually relies on an for help and support.
[Answer: ally
Learning Objective: Vocabulary]
Grammar
Complete each sentence with the correct paired conjunction.
9. Complete the sentence with the correct paired conjunction. I want to be not only your teacher, your friend.
[Answer: but also
Learning Objective: Grammar]
10. My favorite color is red or blue. I can't decide.
[Answer: either

11. We like this film because it is	funny and
appropriate for the whole family.	
[Answer: both	
Lagraina Objective. Grammari	
Learning Objective: Grammar]	
to labora Til non Dilla Til mond	a Tlana au
12 John's TV nor Bill's TV worl	rs. They are
coming here to watch the game.	
FAmeure Neither	
[Answer: Neither	
Learning Objective: Grammar]	
Complete each sentence with the correct coordinati	ng conjunction.
13. You can tell me what happened,	someone
else will tell me.	
[Answer: or	
Learning Objective: Grammar]	
14. I did write my research paper,	then I spilled
coffee all over it.	
[Answer: but	
L	

Learning Objective: Grammar]

15. It was getting very late, _____ we decided to finish watching the movie the next day.

[Answer: so
Learning Objective: Grammar]

Reading

Question type: Multiple Choice

Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Stunt DoublesOne of the most dangerous jobs in the film industry is the job of a stunt double. A stunt double is a person who replaces an actor while filming dangerous scenes in a film. For example, while filming a James Bond story, the actor who plays James Bond will not actually participate in the car chase, or jump off a hundred-foot cliff into the ocean below. A trained professional, called a stunt double, will do this instead. Stunt doubles take the place of actors when filming scenes that involve such things as gun fights, falls from high places, scenes involving fire, explosions, and car chases and crashes.

Although being a stunt double may sound exciting, filming a scene can be both long and exhausting. Sometimes the stunt double has to spend hours in an uncomfortable situation, such as standing in cold water or on top of an icy mountain. Dangerous stunts may also have

to be performed over and over again to get the right camera angles. Good stunt doubles are professionally trained in many different activities. They need to have basic skills in not only stage (or pretend) fighting, rock climbing, skiing, sky diving, but also scuba diving, martial arts, high-performance driving, and horseback riding. In recent years, more and more stunt scenes are being created on the computer, reducing the need for stunt doubles. But for truly realistic images, stunt doubles will always be in demand.

images, stunt doubles will always be in demand.
16. A stunt double replaces an actor while filming scenes.
A. prestigious
B. dangerous
C. crucial
D. exotic
[Answer: B
Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: vocabulary]
17. Good stunt doubles need to have skills in
A. no special areas
B. one specialized area
C. a few different areas
D. many different areas
[Answer: D
Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: supporting detail]

18. Being a stunt double can be not only difficult,
A. nor exhausting
B. or exhausting
C. and also exhausting
D. but also exhausting
[Answer: D
Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: grammar]
19. Stunt doubles
A. will always be needed for some stunts
B. have been completely replaced by computer images
C. should be able to do computer work as well
D. don't usually have to drive cars
[Answer: A
Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: inference]
20. Many famous actors neither perform dangerous stunts,
A. but film in uncomfortable situations
B. and film in uncomfortable situations
C. nor film in uncomfortable situations
D. or film in uncomfortable situations [Answer: C

Learning Objective: Reading Comprehension: grammar]

Listening

Question type: True/False

Listen to the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/ statement.

[AUDIO: Main Genres of TV Films, CD2, Track 7, paragraphs 4, 5 and 6]

[Main Genres of TV Films

Detective films are developed around stories of criminal actions and include elements of mystery and suspense. Dramas, on the other hand, are serious films, portaying realistic life situations, character development, and interaction. They include a number of subcategories, e.g. melodramas, biographies, or "biopics." Epics are usually costume dramas, historical dramas, or war dramas in extravagant settings and lavish costumes. They are sometimes a more spectacular version of a biopic film, such as *The Last Emperor*.

Horror films are designed and produced to frighten audiences. They are sometimes combined with science fiction when, for example, Earth is invaded by an alien monster. Science fiction films, on the other hand, are often visionary with futuristic technology and extraordinary creatures from outer space. One of the most famous examples of this genre is *E.T.*

War films portray the horror and destruction of war and are often combined with documentary excerpts. They are also paired with other genres depending on the story, e.g. action, adventure, drama, comedy, etc. Finally, Westerns represent one of the oldest genres with easily recognizable plots, elements, and characters, including horses, dusty towns, Indians and cowboys, good and bad guys, a sheriff and deputies, etc. In other words, they follow a common formula which has been modified, developed, expanded, supplemented, and revisited over the years.]

21. Detective films portrait real life situations. [Answer: False

Learning Objective: Listening Comprehension: main idea]

22. Dramas include a number of subcategories such as biographies or "biopics". [Answer: True

Learning Objective: Listening Comprehension: main idea]

23. Science fiction films feature futuristic technology and creatures from outer space. [Answer: True

Learning Objective: Listening Comprehension: main idea]

24. Epics are costume dramas that are not as spectacular as biopic films.

[Answer: False

Learning Objective: Listening Comprehension: supporting detail]

25. War films are often combined with documentary excerpts or other [Answer: True film genres. Learning Objective: Listening Comprehension: main idea] 26. Westerns have complicated plots and many mysterious characters. [Answer: False Learning Objective: Listening Comprehension: supporting detail] Form, Meaning and Function **Question type: Multiple Choice** Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each question. 27. My favorite TV show has a new series out this month. I hope it _____ the last series. A. isn't be as good as B. is as good as C. is better D. is worse [Answer: B

I don't think I want to	bout the TV film, the o see it after all.	excited i become.
A. least		
B. less		
C. more		
D. most		
[Answer: B		

Exam: Units from 1 to 3

Vocabulary

Match each word in Column 1 with a definition in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. chain	A. an animal that catches and eats other animals
2. invaluable	B. profitable
3. lucrative	C. a group of businesses owned by the same company
4. philanthropist	D. a person who does things to help others
5. predator	E. priceless

[Answers:

1. chain: a group of businesses owned by the same company C

2. invaluable: priceless E

3. lucrative: profitable B

4. philanthropist: a person who does things to help others D

5. predator: an animal that catches and eats other animals A

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

impoverished

commonplace

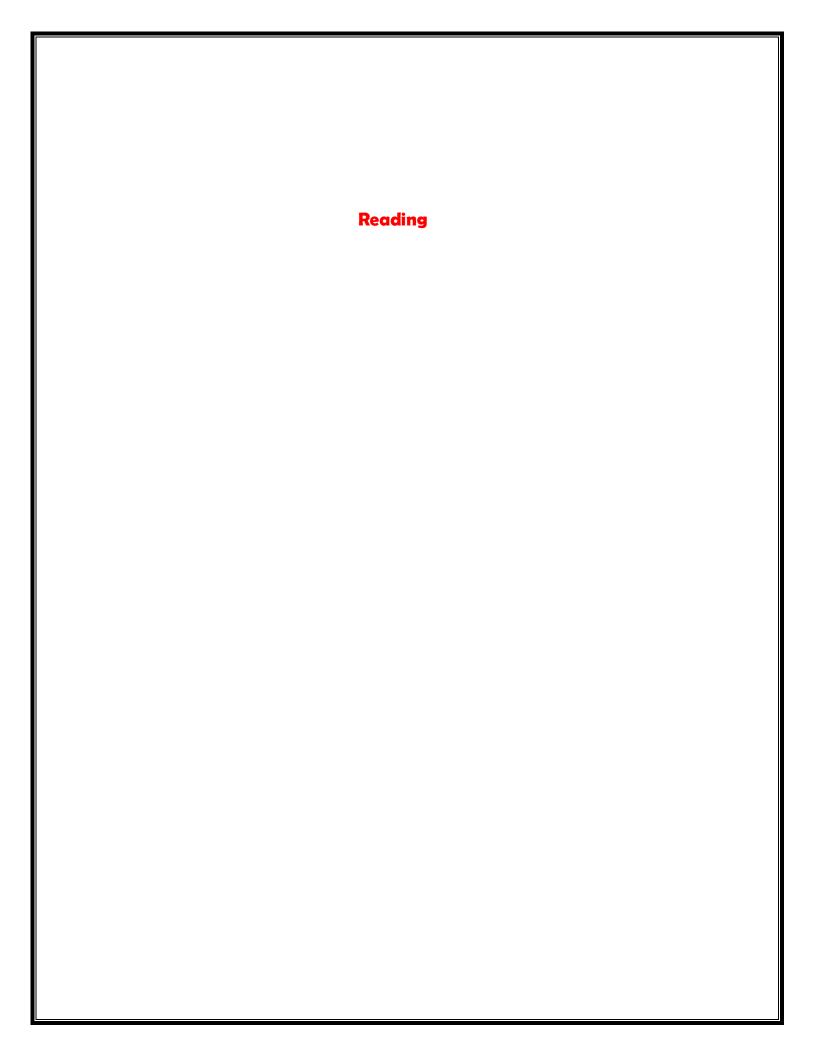
s In the future snace tra	uol mau bosomo
Many people will do it.	vel may become [Answer: commonplace
7. He is so	All he cares about is money and
shopping. [Answer	
8. Brazil	as the fifth largest country in the
world. [Answer: ran	
9. Let's talk over the prob	olem and see if we can find a [Answer: resolution
IO. He was born into an _ billionaire. It's a real rags	to riches story [Answer: impoverished
	Grammar
Complete each sentence w	with <i>used to</i> or a form of <i>be</i> + <i>used to</i> .
II. I have been taking the	
12. We [Answer: used to	have a car, but we don't anymore.
13. They	sleep <mark>ing</mark> during the day because they
	ight. [Answer: are used to

materialistic

ranks

resolution

Complete each sentence with other, others, or another
14. I love my job. I will never get[Answer: another
15. We need to keep the group together. Where are all of the? [Answer: others
Rearrange the words to complete each sentence. 16. have been / for / they / married / 20 years / will By 2020, . [Answer: they will have been married for 20 years
17. have been / we / for / studying / will / three days By Friday, [Answer: we will have been studying for three days
18. will / I / finished / all / classes / have / my / of By the end of August, . [Answer: I will have finished all of my classes.
19. going / was / go / to / I / college / to
, but I think I will get a job instead.[Answer: I was going to go to college
20. be / knew / I / to / was / successful / going / he
as soon as I met him. [Answer: I knew he was going to be successful



Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/ statement.

Predictions



In its December 1900 issue, *The Ladies' Home Journal* magazine featured predictions made by John Elfreth Watkins, Jr. At the beginning of the article, Mr. Watkins wrote that he did a lot of research before making the predictions. He consulted with professors and scientists at colleges and universities to find out what they thought was most likely to happen in the future. The following are just a few of the predictions that Mr. Watkins made.

Prediction: Trains will run two miles a minute, normally. Express trains will run one hundred and fifty miles an hour. To go from New York to San Francisco will take a day and a night by express.

Prediction: Strawberries as large as apples will be eaten by our great-great-grandchildren. Raspberries and blackberries will be as large. One will be enough for each person.

Prediction: Hot or cold air will be turned on from taps to regulate the temperature of a house as we now turn on hot or cold water from taps to regulate the temperature of the bath.

Prediction: Ready-cooked meals will be bought from bakeries. The bakery will purchase materials in large quantities and sell the cooked foods at a price much lower than the cost of individual cooking. Food will be served hot or cold to private houses through tubes or by automobile wagons. When the meal is over, the dirty dishes will be packed and returned to the bakery where they will be washed. Having one's own cook and purchasing one's own food will be too expensive for most people.

Prediction: Fast-flying refrigerators on land and sea will bring delicious fruits from the tropics to us within a few days. The farmers of South America, South Africa, Australia and the South Sea Islands, whose seasons are directly opposite to ours, will supply us in winter with fresh summer foods, which cannot be grown here. Scientists will have discovered how to grow any fruit or vegetable in any climate.

Prediction: There will be no wild animals except in zoos. Rats and mice will have been exterminated. The horse will have become almost extinct. A few will be kept by the rich for racing, hunting, and exercise. The automobile will have replaced the horse. Food animals will be bred only to produce meat, milk, wool, and other by-products.

25. Mr. Watkins came up with all of these predictions by himself. [Answer: False
26. According to a prediction, in the future, there will not be any animals left in the wild. [Answer: True
27. According to a prediction, in the future, people will be able to turn on hot and cold air like they turn on hot and cold water. [Answer: True
28. According to a prediction, in the future, the automobile will have been replaced by the horse. [Answer: False
29. According to a prediction, in the future, most people will have stopped cooking their own meals. [Answer: True
Choose the best answer to each question.
30. According to a prediction, in the future, food will be delivered to homes
A. by horses
B. through tubes
C. through windows
D. by trains [Answer: B
31. The word <i>bred</i> as used in the reading probably means
A. moved
B. ridden
C. eaten
D. raised [Answer: D
32. The word <i>exterminated</i> as used in the reading probably means

A. gotten rid of
B. increased
C. grown larger
D. created [Answer: A
Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each question.
45. If I have to be in the city at 5.30, then I should catch the train whichat 2 p.m.
A. is leaving
B. leaves
C. will leave
D. was leaving [Answer: B
46. Samir: have you ever been to Canada?
Abdul: Yes, I went last year with my uncle.
A. I have
B. I've
C. I haven't
D. you have [Answer: A

Mega Goal Book 5

Unit 3: What Will They Think of Next?

Vocabulary

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

chain	condensed	lucrative	span
	determined	ranks	steep
I. This clothin	ıa shop has been ve	rtu	It has made
	y for the owner.		
	y for the owner.	[Allower in	er a broc
2. It was	tl	nat he is now t	he richest man in the
	[Answer: determine		
3. The cost of	housing in the city	is	Not many
people can a	fford a large apart	ment. [Answe	r: steep
A McDonald	cic a voctavivant		Thoro erro
	s is a restaurant		
restaurants, v	with the same nam	e, all over the	world. [Answer: chain
5. English	:	second as the	most spoken language
	[Answer: ra		
in the world.	[Allowers ru		
6. Personal c	omputers are		now. Many people
have them. [Answer: commonpl	ace	
7. They are b	uilding a new brid	ge to	the river.
[Answer: spa			
[Allswell spu	"		
3. This resear	ch paper is too long	g. It needs to k	e
[Answer: con	ndensed		

Grammar

Fill in each blank with the correct form of the verb in parentheses. 9. Nura is going to stop at the store before she home. [Answer: comes (come) 10. I moved here in January. By July, I here for six months. (live) [Answer: will have lived 11. By the time we _____ breakfast, it will be time to leave [Answer: finish for work. (finish) 12. We got married in 2015. By 2020, we _____ for five [Answer: will have been married years. (be married) 13. He started to wait at 2 o'clock. By 3 o'clock, he _____ for an hour. (wait) [Answer: will have been waiting Choose the best answer to fill in the blank in each auestion/statement. 14. Ibrahim will continue to work at the factory _____ he retires. A. before B. while C. until D. since **[Answer: C** 15. he finishes school, he is going to apply for a job at a computer company. A. Until B. Since C. When D. While [Answer: C

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/ statement.

Predictions

For as long as people have been alive, they have been wondering about the future. The following is a list of predictions that people have made about the future. Read each prediction. Think about whether or not the prediction has come true.

Man will never reach the moon regardless of all future scientific advances.

-Dr. Lee De Forest, American radio pioneer and inventor of the vacuum tube, 1926

There is not the slightest indication that nuclear energy will ever be obtainable. It would mean that the atom would have to be shattered at will.

-Albert Einstein, 1932

Remote shopping, while entirely feasible, will flop because shoppers like to get out of the house, like to handle merchandise, like to be able to change their minds.

- TIME Magazine, referring to online and catalog shopping in 1966

The horse is here to stay, but the automobile is only a novelty, a fad.

-A bank president, advising someone not to invest in the Ford Motor Co. in 1903

Heavier-than-air flying machines are impossible.

-Lord Kelvin, British mathematician and physicist, president of the British Royal Society, 1895

- 16. None of the predictions turned out to be true. [Answer: True
- 17. Einstein did not think it would be possible to obtain and use nuclear energy at will. [Answer: False
- 18. Online shopping today, proves the point made by TIME magazine.

 [Answer: False
- 19. According to Lord Kelvin, something needs to be as light as air in order to fly.

 [Answer: True]
- 20. The word *fad* probably means something that will be permanent.

 [Answer: False

Listening

Listen to the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

[AUDIO: By 2050, the world will have changed for the better in some ways and for the worse in others., CD1, Track 22, first five paragraphs

By 2050, the world will have changed for the better in some ways and for the worse in others. Cities will have expanded beyond conceivable limits and space will be restricted to a minimum.

Land will be used to grow fuel crops rather than food and this will increase food shortage. Industry as we know it will have changed to accommodate new recycling systems that will optimize available materials to an extreme and save natural resources.

Conventional vehicles will have become obsolete. New small vehicles and tele-transportation will have been introduced. Conventional shopping will be restricted to a few large, dome-shaped malls with moving aisles and stairs. Most trade will be carried out electronically. E-commerce will be representing the bulk of trade.

Most homes will have gone off the grid and will be making optimal use of renewable sources of energy. Each home will have been furnished with a hanging vegetable patch to grow fresh food. Buildings will have been fitted with special tanks to collect rain water that will then be processed and filtered to make it safe for use. Gray water from households will be collected, processed, and used to water crops and clean external areas.

Foundations for special biospheres will have been laid. Some will be placed around existing building complexes that satisfy safety and environmental requirements and others located outside the perimeter of towns or neighborhoods marked for demolition. All inhabited areas will have been fitted with a special shield to protect them from harmful radiation.

21. By 2050, cities bey	ond conceivable limits.
A. will extend	
B. will have expanded	
C. will expand	
D. are expanding	[Answer: B
22. Land will be used to grow	v fuel crops and this will
A. decrease food shortage	
B. increase food cultivation	
C. increase food shortage	
D. increase fuel shortage	[Answer: C

23. Industry will have changed to			
A. optimize materials and save natural resources			
B. save materials and optimize production			
C. optimize natural resources			
D. optimize production costs [Answer: A			
24. Most trade			
A. will be carried out conventionally			
B. will be eliminated			
C. will be replaced			
D. will be carried out electronically [Answer: D			
25. Rain water will be			
A. used for crops			
B. collected for industrial use			
C. collected and filtered.			
D. processed and used to build [Answer: C			
26. A special shield			
A. will have been installed to protect residents from radiation.			
B. will have been made to decorate residential areas.			
C. will be carried by people in the street			
D. will be found by those who look for it [Answer: A			

Choose the best answer t	to fill in the blank in each question.
27. When the moon pass	es between the Earth and the sun, it is called
•	
A. an orbit	
B. a space station	
C. the solar system	
D. a solar eclipse	[Answer: D
28. I love reading about grow up I want to be	space and the planetary system. When I
A. an astronaut	
B. a spacecraft	
C. a robot car	
D. a meteor	[Answer: A

Mega Goal Book 5

Unit 2: Rags to Riches

Vocabulary

Match each word in Column 1 with a definition in Column 2.

Column 1	Column 2
1. humble	A. an opinion or feeling about something
2. impoverished	B. a person who values money and things you can buy with money
3. materialistic	C. a person who does things to help others
4. myth	D. something or someone that is well-known and respected
5. philanthropist	E. very poor
6. prominent	F. something or someone that is unknown or unimportant
7. resolution	G. the ending of something, or the solution to a problem
8. sentiment	H. an untrue idea that is believed by a lot of people

Answers:
1. humble: something or someone that is unknown or unimportant F
2. impoverished: very poor E
3. materialistic: a person who values money and things you can buy with money B
4. myth: an untrue idea that is believed by a lot of people H
5. philanthropist: a person who does things to help others C
6. prominent: something or someone that is well-known and respected D
7. resolution: the ending of something, or the solution to a problem G
8. sentiment: an opinion or feeling about something A
Grammar
9. I like my new science class in the morning, but I sleeping later.
A. used to
B. am used to
C. use to
D. not used to [Answer: B
10. He work at an auto body shop, so he knows a lot about cars.
A. used to
B. is used to
C. use to

D. didn't use to [Answer: A

11. When he lived in the city, he own a car. So he always took public transportation.
A. use to
B. not use to
C. not used to
D. didn't use to [Answer: D
12. We have been living in the desert for two years now. So we the heat.
A. are use to
B. are used to
C. use to
D. used to [Answer: B
13. When I was a child, I want to be a teacher.
A. am used to
B. used to
C. was going to
D. would [Answer: B
14. When he was a child, he spend every summer at the seaside.
A. is used to
B. would use to
C. would
D. was going to [Answer: C

15. They _____ buy that car, but then they found out that it was not in good condition.

A. would

B. used to be going to

C. were going to

D. was going to [Answer: C

Reading

Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Ingvar Kamprad Worth: \$23 billion

Industry: Retail Furniture Country of Citizenship: Sweden

Ingvar Kamprad grew up on a farm in Sweden. From an early age, it was clear that he was going to be a business entrepreneur. Even as a young boy, he was interested in business and making money. He used to buy large quantities of matches in Stockholm very cheaply. Then he would ride around his small village on his bicycle, selling individual matches to his neighbors for a profit. Then Kamprad started to sell fish, holiday decorations, flower and vegetable seeds, and pens and pencils. Kamprad used to enjoy finding new ways to make money.



Kamprad excelled in school and when he graduated, his father gave him a little money as a reward. He used this money to establish the furniture store IKEA. The name IKEA is an acronym. It is made up of the initials of his name (Ingvar Kamprad), the name of the farm he grew up on, Elmtaryd, and the name of the nearest village, Agunnaryd.

IKEA has since grown into the world's largest furniture retailer. There are over 301 IKEA stores operating in 37 different countries.

16. IKEA stores probably sell		
A. clothing		
B. toys		
C. cars		
D. chairs [Answer: D		
17. When Kamprad was young, he		
A. used to try to make money		
B. was used to try to make money		
C. would use to try to make money		
D. was use to trying to make money [Answer: A		
18. The word <i>worth</i> probably means	•	
A. retail stores		
B. employees		
C. monetary value		
D. businesses [Answer: C		
19. Kamprad is a citizen of		
A. Sweden		
B. Singapore		
C. IKEA		
D. many different countries [Answer: A		

20. The word *profit* probably means _____.

A. money that is in cash

B. money that is earned

C. money that is in credit

D. money that is lost [Answer: B

Listening

Question type: True/False

Listen to the text and answer the questions. Write T or F at the end of each question/ statement.

[AUDIO: Track 16]

Jeffrey P. Bezos was born in 1964, in Albuquerque, New Mexico. He displayed a remarkable mechanical aptitude when he managed to dismantle his crib with a screwdriver as a toddler!

When Jeffrey was a teenager, the family moved to Miami, where he discovered computers. He graduated from high school, a valedictorian of his class. He then completed his studies in computer science and electrical engineering at Princeton University.

After graduation, he worked at some well-known firms on Wall Street. It looked as if Jeff would have a successful career in finance, when he made a discovery that changed his life and changed the course of business forever.

The Internet had been used mainly by the Defense Department, the government, and academic researchers until as late as 1994. One day, Jeff Bezos observed that internet usage was increasing by 2,300% a year. He researched the top 20 mail order businesses and found that books were the only item for which no catalogue existed as it would be far too big to mail. He attended the American Bookseller's Convention the very next day, where he discovered that

major wholesalers had already compiled electronic lists of their inventory. All he needed was a location on the Internet.

The new online company was set up in a two-bedroom house with a garage, in Seattle. On July 16, 1995, the site was opened to the world. By September, it had weekly sales of \$20,000. The business grew faster than anyone could have predicted.

When the online bookselling business expanded to include an endless range of products from clothing to electronic goods to furniture and so on, skeptics thought it was growing too fast to be successful. As it turned out, it was the smartest move anyone could have made that changed the face of commerce forever and turned several members of the Bezos family into billionaires.

21. Jeffrey P. Bezos was born in 1964, in Albuquerque, New Mexico

[Answer: True

- 22. He displayed his outstanding mechanical aptitude at the age of 10. [Answer: False
- 23. Jeff studied computer science and electrical engineering at Princeton University. [Answer: True
- 24. Jeff discovered that internet usage was increasing at a phenomenal rate and decided to start a career in finance.

[Answer: False

25. The new online company was set up in a large building in Seattle.

[Answer: False

26. When the online bookselling business expanded to include all kinds of products, some people thought it would not be successful.

[Answer: True

27. Jeff Bezos idea was the worst move anyone could have made.

[Answer: False

Choose the best answer to f	ill in the blank in each question.	
28. My father loves travelling different countries.	ng to new places. So far	_ twelve
A. he had visited		
B. he visits		
C. has visited		
D. he has visited	[Answer: D	
29. Hameed has had the sa	me car since	
A. he was 20		
B. he has been 20		
C. he is 20		
D. 20 years ago	[Answer: A	

Mega Goal Book 5

Unit 1: Two Is Better Than One

Vocabulary

Complete each sentence with a word from the box.

compensate	fled	invaluable	predators
devoted	grieving	legendary	unification

1. Lions are thought to be or on Ear			
2. People who are	the death of a loved one		
	m friends and family. [Answer: grieving		
3. To f	for their poor eyesight, zebras have		
excellent hearing. [Answer:			
4. The American Civil War r	esulted in the of the		
southern and northern state	s.[Answer: unification		
5. Paintings by Monet, the f	amous impessionist are annot be replaced. [Answer: invaluable		
6. The robbers	from the scene of the crime.		
[Answer: fled			
7. The twin sisters are	ers are to each other. They share		
everything and support eac	h other. [Answer: devoted		
8. Ayrton Senna is a	Formula 1 driver who won		
	in the 1980s and 1990s. He was one of the		
most tamous and popular re leaendary	ace drivers in the world. Answer:		

Grammar

otner, otne	<i>rs,</i> or <i>anot</i>	ner.
glass? This	one is brol	een.[Answer:
nd the		_ are chocolate
	_ bowl? Th	is one is too small.
ve. The		are not as
o, does, or a	did for em	phasis.
the summe	r.	
beach in t	he summe	r.
day evenin	g.	
n yesterda	y evening.	•
r.		
his new ca	ır.	
	glass? This nd the ve. The the summer beach in the day evening m yesterday r.	glass? This one is brol and the bowl? Th bowl? The bowl? Th the summer. beach in the summer day evening. m yesterday evening. this new car.

Reading

Question type: Multiple Choice

Read the text and answer the questions. Choose the best answer to each question.

Honeybees and Flowers



Honeybees and flowers are two species that share a symbiotic relationship. The honeybee helps the flower and the flower helps the honeybee. How does this relationship work?

Honeybees eat the nectar (sugary water), and pollen (yellow protein powder) that are made by flowers. Honeybees need the pollen to survive and grow. Since flowers bloom in the springtime, this

is the season that most bees are born. Honeybees use the nectar from flowers to make honey. Honeybees store their honey in their hive, or home. When there is no nectar available, bees eat the stored up honey in their hive.

In turn, flowers need honeybees too. In order to survive, flowers need to spread their pollen. When flower pollen is spread to another flower, the new flower can make seeds, or baby plants. This is called pollination. When honeybees eat the pollen from a flower, they often get pollen on their bodies. Then when they move to the next flower, some of that pollen falls off, and the new flower has been pollinated. Because flowers need honeybees, they come in bright colors and have a sweet smell, which attract the honeybees.

The relationship between honeybees and flowers is a good example of symbiosis. Neither can survive without the other.

16. How do flowers attract bees?

- A. They grow near hives.
- B. They are colorful and have a sweet smell.
- C. They make a special sound.
- D. They shoot pollen into the air.

[Answer: B

17. In symbiosis, one species cannot survive without the
A. other
B. others
C. another
D. an other
[Answer: A
18. Honeybees and flowers share a relationship.
A. symbolism
B. symbolic
C. symbiotic
D. symbiosis
[Answer: C
19. What is <i>nectar</i> ?
A. a food that bees need to survive
B. colorful flower petals
C. a yellow protein powder made by flowers
D. a sugary water made by flowers [Answer: D
20. What is pollination?
A. the making of pollen
B. the spreading of pollen from one flower to another
C. the collecting of pollen by honeybees
D. the making of honey from pollen
[Answer: B

Listening

Question type: Fill in the Blank

Listen to the text and fill in the blank in each question/statement.

[AUDIO: Track 10]

There is a memory that always makes me smile with contentment and admiration, and that is the memory of my maternal grandparents.

My grandfather was a dedicated lawyer whose moral fiber prevented him from taking advantage of circumstances to make a profit! He was highly respected in Turkish courts and had the reputation of the most honest law specialist. He was genuinely interested in people, history, law, and philosophy and was always reading when he was at home. He was the calmest, most serene person I have ever met. He never raised his voice, never lost his temper, and had a special ability to always rationalize things ever so smoothly that the worst calamity seemed like a slight twitch. Nothing could make him lose his sense and aura of peace.

Grandmother, on the other hand, was the exact opposite. She used to get all worked up about things and flustered over minor irregularities. She had to have everything planned just so and still worried about things that could go wrong. She wanted everything to be perfect, sometimes to an extreme. Once, when she had gotten into her cleanliness frenzy, she called someone in and got rid of genuine antique furniture that grandfather had painstakingly collected over a number of years and arranged in this perfect replica of a drawing room. There were fine, elegant chairs with brocade upholstery on the seats and beautiful tables, not to mention some exquisite mirrors. Grandmother had gotten it into her head that it was all useless because it collected too much dust and decided to sell it off to the first bidder for next to nothing.

When grandfather came home, he opened the door to the little drawing room to admire his creation and found an empty shell. He asked grandmother where everything was, and she very naturally informed him that she'd gotten rid of it because it was a dust magnet. All he did was chuckle, and then sat down at the table to have his lunch!

This incident pretty much rounds up the amazing symbiosis between these two wonderful people. In spite of their different characteristics, they obviously complemented each other in a way that only they could fully appreciate!

21. The author's grandfather was o	a highly respected [Answer: lawyer
22. The grandfather was the person. [Answer: calmest	, most serene
23. He never	and never lost his temper.
[Answer: raised his voice	
24. The author's grandmother was compared to the grandfather. [An	
25. The grandmother used to get [Answer: all worked up	about things.
26. There were fine,	
27. Grandmother decided to sell educated	_
28. When grandfather found out t antique furniture, he didn't lose h , and sat at	is temper; he simply
「Answer: chuckled	

29. The incident	up the amazing
	people. [Answer: rounds/ symbiosis
Form, Med	ining and Function
Question type: Multiple Choice	
Choose the best answer to fill in	n the blank in each question.
30. You must visit the new must learned so many new things.	seum. It is interesting. We
A. quite	
B. absolutely	
C. really	
D. a bit [Answer: C	
-	the public university recently bought bey now have the best lab in the
A. interactive	
B. historical	
C. educational	
D. state-of-the-art	
[Answer: D	